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VOL 44. NO. 102

BANGKOK FRIDAY. MAY 10. 1918.

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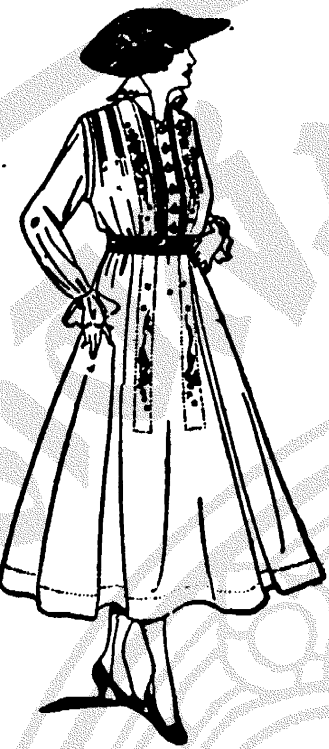
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for sale at the weekly auctions should
do so one day previous to the sale.Sales are held weekly at their Rooms
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2-16

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Will sell at their rooms.

On Saturday 11th. May 1918.

Commencing at 2 p. m.

A typewriter, vases, clothing etc.,
etc. Also will be sold a cash safe,
show cases, saddle, bedstead, al-
mehras, tables, chairs, a set of up-
holstered furniture and lot of mer-
cantile goods.TERMS.—Cash or a deposit of 25 %
on fall of hammer. Goods must be
removed before 24 hours after sale, for
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Revised Tide Tables of Menam Chao

Phya Bar for the year 1918. Price

Tos. 2.

Apply at

THE HARBOUR DEPARTMENT.

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TIDE TABLE.

DEPTH OF WATER ON THE

BANGKOK BAR.

FOR MAY 1918.

May	A.M.			
	H. W.	Ft. & in.	L. W.	(Approx.)
1	5 30	13 3	...	...
2	6 00	13 3	...	...
3	6 30	13 0	...	...
4	6 30	12 6	...	...
5	1 00	13 3	...	...
6	1 00	13 6	...	...
7	2 00	13 8	...	...
8	3 00	13 10	...	...
9	3 00	13 10	10 11	8 0
10	4 00	13 10	12 0	8 0
11	4 00	13 6	11 12	7 8
12	5 00	13 1	12 0	7 0
13	5 00	13 0	...	...
14	5 00	12 9	...	...
15	5 30	12 8	...	...
16	6 00	12 8	...	...
17	6 30	12 6	...	...
18	7 00	12 0	...	...
19	...	...	...	...
20	1 00	13 6	...	...
21	1 00	13 10	...	...
22	1 30	14 0	...	...
23	2 00	13 8	9 10	8 0
24	3 00	13 8	10 11	8 0
25	3 00	13 6	11 12	7 0
26	4 00	15 4	12 0	7 0
27	5 00	13 3	...	...
28	5 00	12 8	...	...
29	5 30	12 8	...	...
30	6 00	12 6	...	...
31	6 30	12 5	...	...

May	P.M.			
	H. W.	Ft. & in.	L. W.	(Approx.)
1	8 00	15 0	2 3	7 0
2	9 00	14 6	2 3	7 0
3	10 30	14 2	3 4	7 0
4	11 10	13 6	3 4	7 0
5	...	...	4 5	8 0
6	...	...	5 6	8 0
7	...	...	7 8	8 0
8	3 00	12 4	9 0	8 0
9	4 00	13 0	10 0	8 0
10	5 00	13 10	...	...
11	6 00	14 8	...	...
12	6 30	15 1	...	...
13	7 00	15 0	1 0	7 0
14	8 00	15 0	1 2	7 0
15	8 30	14 10	2 3	7 0
16	9 30	14 7	2 3	7 0
17	10 00	14 1	3 4	7 0
18	11 00	14 1	4 5	7 0
19	11 30	13 6	4 5	7 0
20	...	...	6 5	7 0
21	1 00	13 10	6 7	7 0
22	2 00	12 6	...	...
23	3 00	13 2	...	...
24	4 00	14 0	...	...
25	5 00	14 6	...	...
26	6 00	15 0	...	...
27	7 00	15 2	1 0	7 0
28	7 30	15 0	1 2	7 0
29	8 00	15 0	2 3	7 0
30	9 30	15 0	3 4	8 0
31	10 30	14 8	4 5	8 0

PHASES OF THE MOON.

May 4th (Last Quarter 5 h 8 m a.m.
10th New Moon 7 h 43 m p.m.
18th First Quarter 2 h 56 m a.m.
26th Full Moon 5 h 14 m a.m.

Affairs in China.

A Typical Specimen.

A few days ago we announced the
dismissal from office of General Feng
Yushiang, who, with his mixed bri-
gade, was sent southwards to assist in
the recovery of several Yangtze Valley
cities for the northern cause. It will
be remembered that Feng Yu-hsiang
some time ago defied the Government,
and at the time we suggested that he
was not acting on his own behalf
but on behalf of others,
that probably the voice was the
voice of Jacob Feng Yu-hsiang,
but the hand was probably that of
Sun Li-shen. When we said this we
had at the back of our mind General
Feng Yu-hsiang's record, upon which
we did not enlarge on that occasion;
but it may be of interest to recall
what General Feng's career has been,
for he is fairly typical of a certain
kind of military officer very popular in
certain quarters just at present.All along General Feng Yu-hsiang
has been the good boy in the Sunday
School. We can hardly say he has
been the good little boy for he is a
burly giant, extremely hirsute, and
when he gets angry, which he fre-
quently does, his head presents the
appearance of a "broom in a fright,"
to use an expression common in the
West of England. But like many
giants Feng Yu-hsiang has a sentimental
side. It is to his credit that he is a
Christian and that when the order went
forth that all military men should take
the oath before the God of War he was
one of those who refused, and was ulti-
mately excommunicated. Feng shows the senti-
mental side of his character by his
treatment of all sorts of "reform" pro-
paganda in his camp. Not only the
missionaries, legitimately so called, but
every sort of crank and faddist is al-
lowed to hold meetings in General
Feng's camp, and Feng himself
is a frequent attendant to those
meetings. Dickens would have de-
lighted to meet General Feng, and
would have made him a sort of mili-
tary Mr. Chadband. Bunyan knew him
well, and gave him the name of Mr.
Facing-both-ways, because of his doings
in Szechwan in 1916.It is these doings in 1916 that shed
the most suggestive light on General
Feng's character. He was sent to
Szechwan in order to take part in the
pacification of that province after the
upheaval caused by the Revolution.
He was at that time, of course, in the
service of Peking, and drew his pay
from Peking. He frequently professed
pacific sentiments, by which he en-
deared himself to the hearts of the
Quaker missionaries who are strong in
Szechwan, and who subsequently would
hear nothing against him. It is to be
admitted in his favour that under
vigorous superiors he did good work
as a pacification agent. He was at that
time working with Chen Yi, Governor
of Szechwan.In 1915 began Yuan Shih-k'ai's
monarchical movement. In 1916 the
Yunnan troops invaded Szechwan, un-
der Tsai Ao and Tang Chi-yao. Chen
Yi sent Feng Yu-hsiang to stop the
invasion, and he was assisted with
the notorious Liu Tsien-hou, who
defected pretty speedily. Liu Tsien-
hou's defection compelled Feng Yu-
hsiang to fall back, and he went to
Chentu, as he said, to protect the
Governor. Having arrived at Chentu,
he declared his aversion to fighting,
and doubled his credit thereby in the
eyes of the Friends, who would do
almost anything for him. His decla-
ration of pacific intentions, for which
of course as a military man he was re-
ceiving his salary from the Govern-
ment, made Chen Yi's position in
Chentu no longer tenable, and Chen
Yi was, against his will, obliged to
declare the independence of the pro-
vince.At this juncture Chou Chun, the
Defence Commissioner, was offered
the Governorship of the province, on
condition of course that he could wrest
it from Chen Yi, and marching to-
wards Chentu, from Chungking, re-
ached Lungchuan, fifty li from Chentu.
As he had come so near the capital it
became necessary for the Governor and
the people of Chentu to decide what
they should do, whether they would
fight or adopt a pacifist attitude.
Chen Yi was more or less obliged to
take the same attitude as General Feng,
and the latter was sent to disperse the
whole situation with the Provincial
Assembly. At the meeting with this
body, Feng was all for fighting, and he
staked his own head that he would
defend Chentu to the last against
Chou Chun, who was regarded as
the minion of Yuan Shih-k'ai and
a traitor to his country. On the
strength of this assurance Chen
Yi sent his northern troops to fight
Chou Chun, Feng Yu-hsiang being
placed in command. Once outside the
city, however, General Feng declared
that his troops were not going to fight,
but were going to the north, and he
sent word to Chen Yi that if he desired
to be escorted out of the Chentu dis-
trict he, Feng, would provide him with
an escort. This offer, Chen Yi, as he
had no troops left in Chentu but his
own body-guard, was perforce obliged
to accept. It is noteworthy that,
though Feng Yu-hsiang was pacifist,
as was Chen Yi, when Feng left the
city, he asked the treasurers of the mi-
nion stationed in Chentu, the very
next day, if they would sell him drafts
on Shanghai for \$200,000; and it was
generally assumed that this was hisprice from Chou Chun for evacuating
the city without fighting.Hardly had Feng Yu-hsiang declar-
ed his intention to move north than
he put it into effect, and the towns
along his route knew it too. At Siniu,
Hanchow and Tsyang he levied
enormous contributions on the people,
and when he reached Mienyang
(formerly Mienchow) he attempted to
seize the funds of the Salt Gabelle.
From Mienyang he made his way to
Manchungfu and thence down the
Han to Hankow. This sort of com-
mandeering seems to be as typical of
Feng Yu-hsiang's character as his de-
fection from one cause to another
when adequate recompense offers.Unfortunately Feng Yu-hsiang is
not alone in these two matters. There
are many more like him, and it is be-
cause, as we have said, he is typical
of a class that is apparently very popular
in certain quarters that we have taken
the trouble to sketch his career. The
somewhat superfluous abundance of
such men explains at least half of Chi-
nese history during the past six years.
—P.D.N.

Mr. H. Louvrier

(1st prize for Obœ from the
Conservatory of Paris.)Has established himself here and is
prepared to repair and tune Pianos or
any other instruments at moderate
charges.

Address: HOTEL EUROPE.

8-8 J.

Auction Sale.

ON THE INSTRUCTIONS OF

"THE CUSTODIAN AND THE
LIQUIDATOR OF ENEMY
PROPERTY."17 Motor Launches, 17
Steam Launches,
and other Boats,

including a Luxuriously fitted

Motor Launch "Ma Singtop"

Will be sold

On Saturday, 11th May,

at 2.30 p.m.

At the Customs Station landing,
West Bank, Menam, opposite Wat Phya
Krai. Immediate delivery against
cash. NOW ON VIEW.Benjamin A. Pereira,
Auctioneer.

Testimonial.

Dear Sir,

I have taken out a money order for
(Ticals 5) Tics. 5 in your favour. Please
send me as soon as possible as many
boxes of Atank Nigrah Pills as
that money would buy. I tried those
Pills, my memory has increased four-
fold.

Air-Raids Outside War Zone.

The reply of the spokesman of the German Government in the Reichstag, to a question by a Socialist member, regarding the abandonment of aerial raiding outside the war zone, was to the effect that if the Allies are anxious to secure a stoppage, representations to this end would be examined. This reveals a changed attitude of mind in Germany, and with the knowledge of German psychology which this war has brought to Allied peoples, we can only assume that the reprisals on German towns, which have been much more effective and more severe than the raids on Britain and France for a long time past, have taught the Hun the lesson he so badly needed. He is also, no doubt beginning to dread possibilities which the vastly increasing strength of our air forces holds out for him in the near future. It was quite another matter when the Allies were unable to afford to despatch big squadrons of aeroplanes to Germany on extensive bombing expeditions and public opinion in Britain and France had not been roused to the pitch later induced by the constant repetitions of outrages, perpetrated without the excuse that they had a military object. The present development in Germany shows once again that as soon as their foes are able to give the Germans not only a taste of their own medicine by way of aeroplane raids, but stronger doses than they have concocted for the Allies they are desperately anxious for a cessation.

Then there was the case of the captured officers Scholte and Woolley, who were to be treated as spies for doing what has been done by German airmen before the German armies entered Brussels, and frequently since. It was only the threat by Britain to adopt more drastic measures with regard to German officers that caused the enemy to change his original intention. Certainly a policy of considerate treatment and of refraining from imitating the harshness and brutality of the enemy appears to have had an effect quite different from what may have been expected by some; and a modification of the Germans' methods is only brought about by the knowledge that retaliation can eventually be made unbearable for them.

The true character of the German is illustrated in countless ways. For instance, many of those who persisted in regarding Captain Muller of the Baden as a sort of knightly figure in the war, have had reason to change their opinion even of him. He also is among those for whom consideration is another name for foolish weakness, which demonstrates once more that the German nature is such as to necessitate sterner methods. It does indeed come as a surprise to find Muller making false accusations as to the treatment he received after capture, for he

was shown very special favour indeed. Past kindnesses however, would not have been a restraining influence with Germans in the case of the British officers in similar plight to Scholte and Woolley. Chivalry and generosity are poor weapons to fight the Hun with, and the latter at least has been discarded for something more effective. So far as raiding is concerned, to go one better than the enemy is the only policy that has had the slightest result. It remains to be seen whether the statement in the Reichstag will evoke any response in Britain, now that the country has endured the worst that the enemy can encompass, and the Home defences against raids are, on the authority of one of the foremost British experts, far and away more adequate than they have ever been.—(“Financ Gazette.”)

Irish Kaleidoscope.

London, May 2.—Sir E. Carson has written to the secretary of the Irish southern Unionists' committee declaring it is little short of insanity to reopen the question of Home Rule amidst the gravest European crisis.

The Daily News lobbyist says the Government is in serious difficulties over Irish policy. Several peers have refused the Vice-royalty. The committee drafting the Home Rule bill has settled nothing except the preamble proclaiming the federal principle. There is little hope the bill will be introduced in the Commons next week. The Conservative opposition to the Home Rule bill has stiffened. A meeting of the Commons yesterday presided over by Mr. Buschensch (?), appointed a deputation to urge on Mr. Walter Long that in the Home Rule bill the ports, harbours, post, office, railways be reserved to the Imperial parliament. It is not improbable the Government will for the time being abandon both Home Rule and conscription.

The Daily Chronicle correspondent at Dublin says there is an almost incredible improvement in feeling in Ireland in consequence of the appointment of Mr. Shortt, who is not merely a Home Ruler but voted with the Nationalists conscription.

GROUP.

This disease is so dangerous and so rapid in its development that every mother of young children should be prepared for it. It is very risky to wait until the attack of croup appears and then send for medicine and let the child suffer until it can be obtained. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is prompt and effectual and has never been known to fail in any case. Always have a bottle in the home. For sale by the British Dispensary.

The Reliability of
BEAR BRAND MILK
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IN BANGKOK
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of 10 years.



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Hundreds of
satisfied
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NATURAL SWISS MILK.

Hygienic products of the greatest merit.

Free from germs. Absolutely safe.

Rich in cream and highly nutritious.
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SPECIALITY.**

THE Only Printers in Siam to do
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SEND YOUR PLATES.
WE DO THE REST

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DYNAMO LIGHTING SETS

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DASHCLOCKS
TOOLS &c.

ALSO

Motor Cycle Lamps, Generators, Belts.

Siam Motor Works Ltd.

Just Unpacked. Just Unpacked
New Consignment.

Why delay, buy a bottle of the
King of Perfumes

OTTO-MOHINI.

The best perfume of the age. Any
body proving that the perfume is not
lasting, will be awarded Tcs. 100. Various
other kinds of oils and perfumes
worth trial.

Prices: 4 Ozs. Glass bott. Tcs. 2.25
1 Dr. bott. with fancy case Tcs. 1.
Sample bottle Sigs. 12.

Perfum. d post Carls Tcs. 1 per doz.
Can be had at:—

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Notice.

I, the undersigned beg
to notify all customers
and clients that my
business is now located
at the new building at
the corner of Klong
Poh Yome and Bang-
rak

Ah Seang, Tailor.

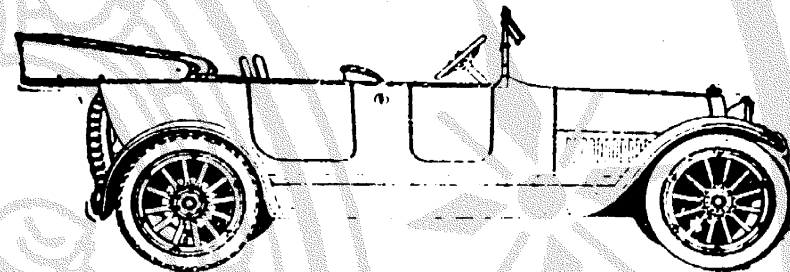
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various kinds of best Chinese Silks
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NEW MODEL 1917.

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“JONG-KEENA”

REGISTERED LABEL.

THE WONDERFUL BLOOD PURIFIER.

Mixture for Internal and External Use.

CURES

Headache, drunkenness, Stomachache, Earache, Rupture, Cholera, Beri-beri, Ner-
vous diseases, Chest complaints, Heart-disease, Malaria, Dengue, Common Fever, Lumb-
ago, Chronic Rheumatism, Cough and Coughing blood, Cold, Sorethroat, Bronchitis,
Chronic Neuralgia, Diarrhoea, Weakness, Kidney trouble, Dysentery, Eczema (all sorts
of skin diseases), Worms, Female diseases of all sorts, Swelling of the groin, Inflammation
of the gums, Toothache, Gout, Wounds and wounds caused by rusty nails or cuts, etc., etc.
DIRECTIONS:—Take 1½ table-spoonfuls three a day one hour before meals. TAKE
PURE WITHOUT WATER. Under 14 years one table-spoonful, under 7 years ½ table-spoonful,
and for babies up to one year old 1 tea-spoonful. When the pain is severe, double the dose.
Can be taken by women en-suite.

For Inflammation of the gums, apply with cotton wool on the swollen gum changing
every 3 minutes 3 times and relief is certain within a quarter of an hour.

For children, apply with cotton wool on the cheek and relief is certain within half an
hour. For cough and Sorethroat, sip the mixture slowly. For Eczema, apply externally
and take internally as directed. For Beri-beri, take full dose thrice a day. For cholera,
take one table-spoonful every ½ an hour.

For Toothache, clean the cavity of the tooth first and then saturate a piece of cotton-
wool in Jong-Keena and fill cavity with same, changing five or six times every 3 minutes
and relief is certain. For loose teeth caused by the swelling of the gum, take internally as
directed for a week and the teeth will be firm again.

For Earache, clean the ear first with cotton wool, put 5 or 6 drops in ear and stuff
the hole with cotton wool—relief is certain within a few minutes.

For Gout, Wounds and wounds caused by rusty nails, cuts or burns, apply the mix-
ture, cover with cotton wool and bandage, change dressing every three hours, and take inter-
nally, as directed until relieved or healed.

For Sore eyes take internally as directed, for a few days.
After taking this mixture, a little plain white sugar may be taken to remove the
bitter taste but not in the case of coughs or sore throat.

For Snake, Dog or Cat bites, poisonous fish stings, etc., when applied externally
with cotton wool a few minutes after the occurrence, instant relief will be obtained. Take
also internally 1½ table-spoonfuls thrice a day. But when treat a snake bite, a few hours
after the occurrence, besides using the application, take mixture internally for a fortnight.
Can be given also to animals and birds for any sort of disease.

Price per bottle of 2 oz. 80 Stangs, 3 oz. Tcs. 1.40, 4 oz. Tcs. 1.80,
6 oz. Tcs. 2.50, 8 oz. Tcs. 2.85, 16 oz. Tcs. 4.25. Postage extra.

Prepared only by Mr. Y. TAN of SINGAPORE.
If any lady or gentleman is suffering from any of the above named ailments or disease
will call and see Mr. Y. Tan or his sole agents at their offices, they will be very pleased to
give them a free trial of his wonderful remedy, when they will be relieved within five
minutes up to one hour.

Obtainable at MERCANTILE DISPENSARY, PHAYA SATCHAKAN, UNION DISPENSARY,
and FOOK LOON DISPENSARY.

SPECIAL OFFER

Persons following any of the above directions and failing to ob-
tain relief of any of the above diseases, Mr. Y. Tan or his Agents will
refund them the purchase money paid by them for the JONG-KEENA.

BANGKOK TRAVELLING AGENCY,

Opposite Chartered Bank Lane, New Road.

SOLE AGENTS.

The Patriotic League of Britons Overseas.

Bangkok Branch.

To Members and Subscribers,
NOTICE is hereby given that the Third Annual General Meeting of this Branch of the League will be held, by kind permission of H. E. The British Minister, at the British Court House on Tuesday, 21st May 1918 at 6 o'clock in the afternoon.

Business.

- To adopt the accounts for 1917.
 - To consider a proposal for closing this Branch of the League.
- Dated this 10th day of May 1918.
ANDREW CARSON,
Hon. Secretary.

Notice of Meeting.

A MEETING of the British Community will be held by kind permission of H. E. The British Minister, at the British Court House on Tuesday, 21st May 1918 at 6.30 o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of considering the formation of a Siam Association for the furtherance of all projects connected with the War.

Henderson's Advice to Germany.

London, May 2.—Mr. Arthur Henderson specifically informed the Evening Standard that no conference with German social democrats was now possible, until they accepted the position of no annexations, no punitive indemnities and right of self-determination, and until they are ready to press their Government to apply these principles honestly and unreservedly, and also every question of political or territorial re-adjustment, with which any official peace Congress would have to deal. Mr. Henderson expressed himself most decidedly against doing anything likely to embarrass the Government and hinder the war.

Japan's Policy.

Tokio, May 1.—Baron Goto, the new Foreign Minister, in an interview with Reuter declared that the suggestion was baseless that the policy of the Japanese Government had changed or its loyalty to all its engagements lessened owing to the change of personnel. It was solely due to the illness of the former Foreign Minister, Baron Motono. Baron Goto added: Japan sought the friendship, co operation and assistance of China. Japan must encourage and assist the reorganisation of Russia. She would maintain peace in the Far East and help her neighbours and friends to the limit of her capacity.

Russia's Troubles.

London, April 26.—Reuter is informed that a delegation of Finnish Socialists of the Republic has protested to the Allies as follows: The leaders of Anti-Revolutionary White Guard in Finland have publicly declared themselves unable to crush the workers and the Government without the aid of German militarists, in return for which they have sold the country to Germany who has begun a military occupation and the destruction of the whole labour movement and has permitted the systematic murder of war-prisoners and wounded in hospitals and non-combatant leaders.

London, April 26.—Wireless Russian Official: A notice addressed to the Council of Deputies in the corn provinces says that the food situation in Petrograd is again critical. Only one day's supplies are available. The notice urgently asks for help.

Paris, April 26.—Le Temps writes, on the danger of the domination of Germany spreading to the Far East: All Germany's conquest eastwards must be reconsidered. The only way of obtaining this result is through Japan intervening in Siberia.

It is announced that ex-Tsar, his consort, and their family, together with their entourage, are now obliged to conform with the food rationing regulations imposed on Russian citizens, and that food cards have been issued to all the Romanoff menage. This step has been taken by the municipal food committee at Tobolsk, acting on the express instructions of the local Bolshevik commissary. That these restrictions are intended as an insult is shown by the fact that the members of the Soviets are above the regulations. The Tsar's monthly rations are now thirty pounds of cereals, a pound and a half of sugar, and a pound of butter.

FOR A LAME BACK.

When you have pains or lameness in the back bathe the parts with Chamberlain's Pain Balm twice a day, massaging with the palm of the hand for five minutes at each application. Then dampen a piece of flannel slightly with this liniment and bind it on over the seat of pain. For sale by the Dispensary.

THE Great War.

The Great Battle.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

London, May 8.

Field Marshal Haig reports that the French took a number of prisoners during local night-fighting in the neighbourhood of Locre. To-day there is artillery and local encounters in different points.

(Havas Telegram.)

Paris, May 7.

There is activity of artillery north and south of the Aisne. The Anglo-French forces succeeded in bringing off *coup de main* and in taking prisoners.

Irish Appointments.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

London, May 8.

Press Bureau:—Viscount French has been appointed Lord Lieutenant of Ireland: Mr. Short becomes Chief Secretary while the Lt. Hon. H. E. Duke receives the appointment of Lord Justice of Appeal.

Spanish Vessel Torpedoed.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

London, May 8.

Barcelona:—The survivors of the torpedoed Spanish steamer *Luzia* have arrived. They state they were attacked while following armed Allied vessels. The vessel sank in three minutes. Three stokers were killed. British patrolboats picked up the survivors.

The Austrian Crisis.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

London, May 8.

Telegrams from Vienna show that the crisis is acute. Great unrest continues owing to the adjournment of Parliament.

The Slav members of the Cabinet have resigned.

It is doubtful whether Premier von Seidler will be able to restore order in the Slav districts in the south where a modified state of siege prevails.

Palestine.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

London, May 8.

Turkish communiqué:—Heavy fighting continues east of the Jordan.

Later.

Palestine Official: Our advanced troops holding Es-Salt have been withdrawn. Subsequently the bulk of the troops were withdrawn over the Jordan, strong detachments remaining on the eastern bank securing crossings.

The Black-Sea Fleet.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

London, May 8.

The Germans occupying Sebastopol found the greater part of the Russian Black-Sea Fleet as well as merchant men in harbour.

Several Turkish warships including the Goeben have arrived at Sebastopol.

Japanese Arrested in Siberia.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

London, May 8.

Tokio:—The Russian authorities at Irkutsk have arrested the Japanese Vice-Consul and the president of the Japanese Association.

[Irkutsk is the most important town in Siberia. It stands on the Angara tributary of the Yenisei.]

Mesopotamia.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

London, May 8.

On the Irak front the British advanced south of Kerkuk.

[Note:—Kerkuk is an important town on the Adhem River, a tributary of the Tigris.]

French Ambassador to Japan.

(Havas Telegram.)

Paris, May 7.

M. Delanney, Prefect of the Somme, has been appointed Ambassador at Tokio, replacing M. Bagnault who has been put on the unattached list.

Tobacco Cards.

(Havas Telegram.)

Paris, May 7.

M. Klotz, Minister of Finance, has submitted for the approval of the Cabinet measures having as their aim the improvement of the distribution and price of tobacco in the shops in view of the forthcoming introduction of tobacco cards.

Britain's Business Policy.

The first report of Lord Balfour of Burleigh's Committee on commercial and industrial policy after the war says:—"In view of a shortage of world tonnage, any policy tending to check the use of ports by foreign shipping is inexpedient, although it may be desirable to impose restrictions on enemy shipping temporarily. The committee does not think any attempt to make the Empire self-sufficient in respect of all raw materials is practicable or economically sound, but a selective policy is necessary with due regard to probable military needs.

The Committee would deem it unwise to aim at the exclusion of foreign (other than present enemy) capital from sharing in the development of the Empire, and recommends legislation compelling the disclosure of foreign interests in particular cases, and that mineral and other properties be not secured by foreign concerns, in order to prevent their development and to check competition in their supply, and that the Dominion and Colonial Governments should have a measure of control over the working of properties where commodities of great Imperial importance are concerned.

The Committee recommends the adoption of a uniform policy by the Governments concerned, and does not recommend special restrictions on participation of aliens commercially and industrially, but pilots and patent agents should be British born and the registration of foreign commercial travellers should be considered. Alien enemies should temporarily be subject to police regulations after the war. The Committee disavours the establishment of an Imperial bank of industry, but suggests Government action to safeguard the development of pivotal industries.

Future British economic policy should include a serious attempt to meet the declared wishes of the Dominions and Colonies and India for re-adjustment and development of their economic relation with the United Kingdom, and also an effort to develop trade between the Empire and our Allies. Subject to our Allies agreeing, present enemy countries shall not, at least temporarily, be allowed to trade with the Empire as unrestrictedly as before the war, or on equal terms with Allied and Neutral countries.

The Committee recommends action similar to the Canadian against dumping goods action. Preferential treatment should be accorded to the Overseas Empire in respect of customs duties now or hereafter to be imposed in the United Kingdom. Other forms of Imperial preference should be considered. Protection should be afforded to a certain number of industries on recommendations of a strong independent board. The Committee opposes metric and decimal coinage system and recommends the prohibition of importation of enemy goods for at least one year after the war.

The Seamen's Resolve.

London, May 2.—Mr. Havelock Wilson President of the British Seamen and Firemen's Union, in a statement as regards the sacrifices of the mercantile marine, said that 15,000 British seamen had been murdered by the German pirates during the war. Sea murders were growing, despite the decline in the number of ships attacked. The sailors were in deadly earnest in their determination to apply a punitive boycott of Germany after the war. Masters, officers and seamen were in hearty unanimity in their determination after the war not to handle stuff in anyway connected with Germany. A year ago the limit for the boycott was two years. Now, owing to increased crimes it had been extended to 54 years.

Mr. Wilson emphasised most strongly that the boycott would be enforced to the uttermost. He had proofs that the commercial folk of Germany were very uneasy about it, because they knew that British sailors possessed the power and influence to make good their threat, and because opinion was hardening daily.

Mr. Wilson added that the Seamen's League was growing daily. Already they had 100,000 members. Candidates for Parliament at the next elections not favouring the League's policy would have a poor chance. Branches of the league were organising in every constituency and would run candidates against those not satisfying their objects.

Havas Wires from Singapore.

French Ambassador to Japan.

Paris, May 7.

M. Tractatus Delanney, formerly Prefect of Seine (the department containing Paris), has just been appointed French Ambassador to Tokyo.

He was born at Le Mans on the 23rd April, 1863, and has had a long and glorious career in the administration. In 1883 he entered as a clerk in the central administration of the Ministry of the Interior. After occupying several posts, he was appointed Secretary General to the Government of Algeria on the 9th March 1899. Soon after he was called home as Prefect of the department of Arige in 1900, and he was successively Prefect of Sarthe in 1902, Corsica in 1904, and Haute-Vienne in 1905. He later occupied different important posts such as Director of Customs, and Councillor of State in 1907, when he was called to be Prefect of Seine, where he has remained ever since.


M. Delanney was also a member of different committees, and is a Grand Officer of the Legion of Honour.

"Absolute Confidence."

M. Clemenceau spent the entire day on Sunday and a large part of Monday on the Pearly front. Everywhere he received the impression of absolute confidence.

The German Wounded.

Amsterdam:—Word from the frontier reaches the *Telegraph* to the effect that, the many hospitals in Flanders not proving sufficient, they have had to close their schools at Solzate, St. Velde, Termonde and other localities.



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H. M. THE KING and H. M. THE QUEEN MOTHER

JUST UNPACKED. AN ASSORTED SHIPMENTS OF Exceptional Large Wall Clocks



SUPERIOR MAKE.

Most suitable for large buildings such as, Offices, Theatres, Wats, Schools, Workshops, Go-downs, Railway Stations, Hospitals, Barracks, etc.

Various Shapes and sizes, one quality: **The Best.**

Inspection invited.

N.B.—All these clocks sold with a 5 years guarantee certificate.

Sciatica's Searching Pains

Sciatica is nothing more than neuralgia of the Sciatic nerve, caused by nerve starvation. Hot applications and liniments may relieve the pain, and temporary relief is the best you can expect from them anyway. Instead of wasting time and money on liniments, get right at the root of the trouble by building up the blood.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills

FOR PALE PEOPLE.

Give to the blood just the elements the starved nerves need, and in this way completely cure Sciatica. They contain no narcotics and are not pain killers. They remove the cause of the pain.

Write to-day for this "THE NERVES"

free treatise on

All chemists sell Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, at 2/6 per bottle, or six bottles for 12/6 or from The British Dispensary, Bangkok, sole wholesale agents for Siam.
Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Dept. C-84, Singapore.

in East Flanders, and transform them into hospitals. Many of the wounded are being transported in boats on the Lys.

The Crops in France.

The Ministry of Agriculture publishes the following about the agricultural situation on May 1st, 1918:—The autumn grain continues on the whole to present a fine appearance, even very fine in some localities. The sowing of spring grain is being continued, and the first shoots seem to have a satisfactory appearance. The surplus land devoted this year to wheat particularly is found to be very superior to last year's in some departments.

BARGAINS

Visit our Mart and secure at moderate prices:—Piano, (Robinson Piano Co.) 2 Cylinder N. S. U. Motor Bicycle (in good condition) Kick starter 31 ft. P.; 2 Water tanks (zinc 400 gals); One water tank 3,500 Gallons capacity. Cash sales (various sizes) British make, Typewriters; Plunge baths; Mosquito houses; Iron beds (complete); Straw-hats; Stencil plates A to Z, 1 to 0; Stationery; Address labels (various sizes); Imitation billiard games; and all classes of furniture. **Motor Cars**; Ponies and Carriages always on hand.

Inspection invited.
The Bangkok Auctioneering Society.

T. S. APCAR,
Valuator, Auctioneer, and
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BANGKOK MAILS CLOSE.

CHANDABURI s.s. Krat
Saturday 10th 10 a.m.
MONDHO PATANI s.s. Prachatiapok
Saturday 10th 10 a.m.
SINGAPORE s.s. Katong
Saturday 10th 10 a.m.
(European Mail.)

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LARGE STOCK

Just arrived

OF

Grey Asbestos Slates

16 ins. square

for roofs

AND

Grey Asbestos Sheets

4 ft. square

for walls and ceilings

ALSO

Italian Asbestos-Cement Tiles

16 ins. square

for bathrooms, &c.,

Siam Import Co., Ltd.

FINEST

American Linen Writing Paper in
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FOOLSCAP SIZE for Official Correspondence

OCTAVO SIZE for Mercantile Work.

CARBON PAPERS IN TWO SIZES

A STOCK OF

Exercise Books and Index Books

Just Unpacked

Stationery of all Description

At Very Moderate Prices.

"SIAM OBSERVER"
Stationery Store.

The Long-Range Gun.

Discussed by Experts.

London, March 27.—The bombardment of Paris by the German long-range gun was resumed on Monday morning. One report states that the bomb was interrupted after the second shot had been fired. The explosive effect of the shell is less than that of air bombs of similar size, and the damage done is slight.

Experts discredit the report that the shells are dropped from aeroplanes, or that the projectile bursts after travelling a certain distance, the effect being to propel an internal projectile. It is believed the shell weighs 350 lb. and muzzle velocity is 4,000 feet at most. It has an inaccurate direction. The gun, it is thought will be very short lived, and is intended mainly for its psychological effect. Artillerists profess to understand its secret. There is no suggestion of a new explosive being invented.

The Paris Bourse will not close during the enemy's raids and bombardments, but will conduct its business in the basement.

American Interest.

Tremendous interest is being taken in America in the great offensive, especially concerning the mysterious report of the shelling of Paris by long-range guns. Officials and military ordnance experts are sceptical regarding the possibility of a gun with a range of 62 miles. They speculate as to whether aerial torpedoes are used or mortars mounted on aircraft.

Colonel Rugg of the Ordnance Department states that a range of 60 miles is not theoretically impossible, but it is impracticable as the gun would be unwieldy.

London, March 28.—The firing of the long-range gun into Paris continues. Experts are generally agreed that no new principle is involved in the gun. The explanation probably consists of a very high trajectory and a heavy projectile in order to counteract the air resistance. It is pointed out that shell fragments show that the metal is three inches thick. French airmen are endeavouring to locate the gun.

A Copenhagen report states that the announcement that a German gun is bombarding Paris has surprised the people of Germany.

The "New York Sun" has interviewed, Mr. Hudson Maxim, who states it should be possible to fire a projectile 60 miles by using a small shell with a large base. The latter would automatically detach itself as the projectile leaves the gun. The shell would reach such an altitude that it would traverse rarefied air, and thus increase its range.

The Super Gun Located.

London, March 26.—The long range German gun re-commenced its bombardment of Paris at 7 a.m. on Sunday, the shells being fired, as before, at intervals of 15 minutes. Its range is over 128 kilometres (75 miles). There have been a few casualties.

An official message from Paris states the mysterious long range gun has been located twelve miles inside the German lines on the French front. Experts declare that the extreme range is feasible, but that the life of the gun is limited, as it is only able to fire a few shells.

Reports received in Canada state that the German super-gun has been located in St. Gobain forest, which is 75 miles north-east of Paris.

Experts suggest that the shell and the cannon may both be fired, thus enormously increasing the speed of the projectile. Another theory is that the gun is 250 ft. long.

Four Guns.

London, April 2.—The Germans now have four long range guns trained on Paris. Two guns are used on alternate days. The exact position of the guns in the forest of Gobain is still a secret from French aviators, despite the most strenuous efforts to locate the guns.

The Pope has telegraphed to the Archbishop of Paris a message expressing his indignation at the bombardment of a church in Paris on the most sacred day of the Christian faith. He has also telegraphed to Berlin, energetically protesting against the outrage.

Semi-official Berlin comment on the bombardment of the Paris church says:—"This is deplorable, but every church within an attacked fortress is subject to incidental hits. The responsibility for the security of the inhabitants rests with the French Government."

The Paris correspondent of the New York "Tribune" has inspected the church which was struck by the long range gun. He says: "The gruesome story of the horrible deaths of 77 innocents should be known throughout the world. It would produce a feeling of horror like the Lusitania crime. I saw piles of crushed furs, hats of children, bonnets and trinkets littered on the bloodstained floor. The sight will live unforgettable in my memory."

A GOOD RULE FOR THE HOME.

Make it a rule of your home to always keep on hand a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy as a safeguard against bowel complaints. It always cures promptly and no household is safe without it. For sale by the British Dispensary.

JUST UNPACKED

A NEW SHIPMENT OF 1st QUALITY

PINEAPPLE HAMS
CHIANTI WINE

RED AND WHITE

AND ALSO ITALY'S RENOWNED

MOSCATO SPUMANTE

Remember that all our Goods are sold with a guarantee as to Superiority of quality.

THE INTERNATIONAL STORE.

Telephone No. 570.

Corner New Road and Custom House Lane

The Signature.

To distinguish the original and genuine Worcestershire Sauce from the many imitations, see that the signature of LEA & PERRINS appears in White across the Red label on every bottle.

No other sauce has such an exquisitely delicate flavour, or such a reputation among discriminating people in every part of the world.

Lea & Perrins

Late Dutch Wires.

Food Difficulties.

Amsterdam, March 28.—The meat ration of soldiers is also decreased in consequence of general meat distribution. The Government is considering prohibition of the preparation of tinned vegetables because the poor are unable to get same.

Amsterdam, April 4.—In several places including Deventer and Maastricht there have been riots and processions of discontent with the food distribution. The Queen paid a visit to public kitchens in Amsterdam. In consequence of the extension of period of bread cards in many small places bakers have introduced breadless days.

Amsterdam, April 4.—Supplies of small quantities of rice in order to meet the shortness of bread and horse meat have been distributed.

Amsterdam, April 4.—The news agency Vaz Dias has published a statement from a prominent American source on the shipping question and wheat supply. America is willing to give absolute guarantees to ships entirely sailing with food supplies for Holland and is also willing to make arrangements as in the case of Belgian relief, in case of Germany not allowing ships to leave Holland. The supply of raw material may be the subject of discussions. The question of replacing enemy destroyed ships is unequivocally answered. American resources leave no doubt that she is capable of putting Holland again in possession of her former merchant fleet.

Amsterdam, April 5.—The Amsterdam aid committee has received a private gift of 100,000 guilders for shoes and clothes for poor children. Further measures of rationing coal must be taken if there is not made shortly a satisfactory arrangement with Germany.

Amsterdam, April 5.—At Amsterdam the crowd plundered many bakers' shops. The mob growing menacing, a conference of civil police and military authorities decided to maintain order by force. Shops and cars are protected by police and military and cavalry will patrol the town.

Amsterdam, April 6.—The Burgomaster, in a proclamation, warns people against plundering the bakers' shops. The town is calm to-day, military patrols being everywhere.

The Government has proposed a credit of fifteen million providing for the critical house shortage.

In the debate on the additional bill meeting the house shortage, the Government opined that although the best thing would be to stimulate the building of ordinary houses, the want of materials and the present house needs are so urgent that it is necessary to build provisionally, houses only of a temporary character. The Government pays the communities ninety per cent of the costs.

Many communities have decided to plant foodstuffs in public grounds. Despite the decree prohibiting private butchering, many farmers are butchering and selling at high prices, so the Government will control all butchering. There has been further meat rationing for the whole country. All meat is distributed in the form of so called eenheidsworst.

Amsterdam, April 9.—The Algemeene Staatspartij has requested the Queen to take immediate measures to obtain the promised wheat from America.

The Holland-America line has started land cultivation of a thousand hectares for the employment of idle workmen.

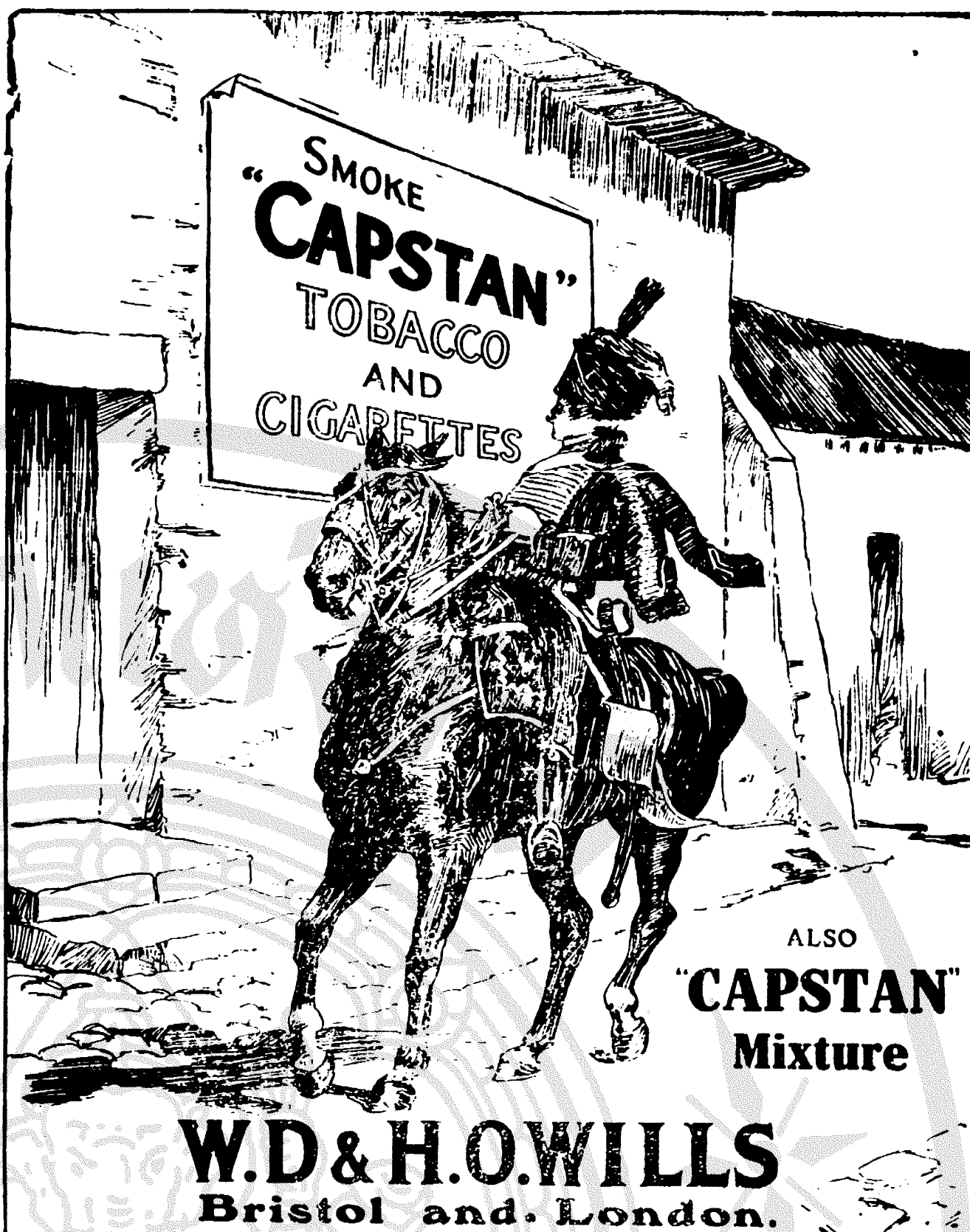
Amsterdam, April 12.—A number of trawlers has asked permission for coast-fishing. This will probably be consented to as the fish will be used for our consumption.

Amsterdam, April 12.—Poultry dealers are unable to export fresh poultry.

Amsterdam, April 11.—Heer Posthuma has been appointed on the committee for reducing the rapidly rising distribution costs.

Amsterdam, April 12.—Riots and irregularities were spreading all over Holland on Thursday evening. The Hague regards the situation as serious. After the meeting of the revolutionary socialists the crowd began to smash with stones and plunder the shops and policemen were knocked down. Later on it developed into a real fight. The police and troops were often forced to fire and many were wounded. The populace even bombarded an ambulance. The Haaren troops were also ordered out as the public were very rebellious. One old man was killed. In Rotterdam the crowd bombarded the police with pantries. Amsterdam is now quiet.

Amsterdam, April 12.—The War Minister stated in the First Chamber that the food-stocks stored in the Amsterdam fortresses against war possibilities were not so considerable as was believed. There was only sufficient for some weeks for the whole



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Paknam Railway Company Limited.

TIME TABLE.

PAKNAM—BANGKOK.					BANGKOK—PAKNAM.				
Stations.	Train No.				Stations.	Train No.			
	1	2	3	4		1	2	3	4
	a.m.	a.m.	p.m.	p.m.		a.m.	a.m.	p.m.	p.m.
Paknam Dep.	6.30	9.30	12.45	3.45	Bangkok Dep.	7.45	10.45	2.00	5.00
*Maha Wong "	6.35	9.35	12.50	3.50	Sala Deng "	7.52	10.52	2.07	5.07
*Ban Nang Greng "	6.40	9.40	12.55	3.55	Klong Toi "	8.00	11.00	2.15	5.15
Chorakhe "	6.45	9.45	1.00	4.00	*Ban Kluei "	8.05	11.05	2.20	5.20
*Samrong "	6.50	9.50	1.05	4.05	Prakonong "	8.10	11.10	2.25	5.25
Bangna "	6.55	9.55	1.10	4.10	Bangdjak "	8.15	11.15	2.30	5.30
Bangdjak "	7.00	10.0	1.15	4.15	*Bangna "	8.20	11.20	2.35	5.35
Prakonong "	7.05	10.05	1.20	4.20	Samrong "	8.25	11.25	2.40	5.40
*Ban Kluei "	7.10	10.10	1.25	4.25	Chorakhe "	8.30	11.30	2.45	5.45
Klong Toi "	7.15	10.15	1.30	4.30	*Ban Nang Greng "	8.35	11.35	2.50	5.50
Sala Deng "	7.23	10.23	1.38	4.38	*Maha Wong "	8.40	11.40	2.55	5.50
Bangkok Arr.	7.30	10.30	1.45	4.45	Paknam Arr.	8.45	11.45	3.00	5.55

*Trains stop only at the request of passengers.
Trains may leave intermediate stations 5 minutes before the stated time.

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Notice

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country. If however it is evident that the ordinary stocks will be exhausted before the crop of 1918 is ready the wheat stock of Amsterdam will be used.

April 13.—In connection with the many requests in favour of additional bread cards the minister has communicated that the small stocks do not allow of such concession.

Amsterdam, April 13.—In connection with the Washington despatch America is allowing the immediate transport of wheat to Holland. The Telegraf learns that this is to be an exchange tonnage. Holland should send on behalf of her promise 100,000 tons of corn. The unreasonable distrust against America is disapproved.

Amsterdam, April 15.—The export of all foodstuffs is prohibited.

Amsterdam, April 14.—The export of fish is to be stopped entirely.

Amsterdam, April 14.—The shipping concerns have taken the initiative in procuring work for idle labourers in Amsterdam.

Amsterdam, April 10.—Heer Postuma has established a women's committee in the Hague for collecting practical information and giving advice as to food distribution.

The Telegraf learns that the price of fuels will probably be decreased. A bill was brought in asking for three millions death allowances.

Amsterdam, April 10.—It is now officially announced with regard to the alcohol industry that there is only a few weeks corn supply, then Schiedam will be closed. Measures have been taken in favour of the idle workmen.

Amsterdam, April 10.—The biggest equipment factory of the Werkspoor has been temporarily closed because part of workmen are threatening in connection with the bread scarcity. On the occasion of a meeting of syndicalists urging demobilization and better food-supply the police had again to disperse the crowd. There are also riots in Rotterdam.

Amsterdam, April 10.—The Bourgo-master at Amsterdam proclaims at the request of the Government that he is unable to supply more bread so long as the foreign wheat supply is not certain. He advises that there should be calmness because the riots will be suppressed by force. A standard sausage ration has been supplied. The Government has communicated that it is doing all that is possible for a better food supply. It also advises the population to be calm.

Amsterdam, April 13.—The official circles are of opinion that the government should act now with regard to the food situation which is highly alarming, the riots everywhere in the country causing deep reflection.

Amsterdam, April 13.—Coal supplies for gasworks have been decreased by ten per cent.

The Hague, April 13.—In the rioting volleys were fired. Two are dead and several wounded.

Shipping Matters.

Amsterdam, March 28.—The armoured Hertzog Hendrik arrived at Nieuwediep. The Nieuw Amsterdam has 1,837 passengers of which 58 are captains, 534 mates and engineers and 1,047 crews of chartered ships.

Amsterdam, April 4.—The Zeeland has arrived at Nieuwediep.

Amsterdam, April 8.—In shipping circles it is still unknown definitely the exact conditions on which the Entente has requisitioned our ships particularly as to value of tonnage if destroyed. The Nieuws Courant draws attention to the Dutch Lloyd boats Hollandia and Kennemerland lying at Buenos Aires and St. Vincent and urges they should be used for wheat transport to Holland.

To-day there were again riots in Amsterdam and the police were obliged to charge.

Amsterdam, April 8.—The Belgian relief ship Minister Desmet Denayer ran into a mine on April 6 in the mine free channel north of the lightship on the South Dogger Bank. Twelve lives were lost.

Amsterdam, April 11.—The Nieuw Amsterdam ran aground near Maasvluis. The passengers were landed by the aid of another ship. The cargo of the Nieuw Amsterdam was 7,700 tons of rice.

Amsterdam, April 11.—The passengers of the Nieuw Amsterdam when they left the ship were welcomed by large crowds singing the national anthem and cheering.

Amsterdam, April 11.—The sailing vessel Catrina journeying from Rotterdam to Norway was torpedoed off the Norwegian coast.

The Hague, April 11.—We learn that the Government intends stopping the transmission of Belgian relief cargo.

Amsterdam, April 12.—The Captain of the torpedoed schooner Catharina has been perished. A Dutch fishing lugger ran into a mine and two were killed.

Amsterdam, April 12.—In consequence of the great number of mines in the free zone of the North Sea the fishing fleet is partly temporarily laid up.

April 12.—The Nieuw Amsterdam is now afloat. There was great joy in the families of repatriated sailors some of them having been abroad for years. None have been willing to take service in America at high pay.

From the reports of the passengers it is evident that public feeling in

America is that Holland's smuggling enabled Germany to go on with the war while the pinching hunger and need of the Dutch population is unknown.

Amsterdam, April 13.—The tugboat Theense has brought to Rotterdam the complete crew of the lost relief ship Flanders.

Amsterdam, April 14.—The Nieuw Amsterdam did not carry coffee.

Amsterdam, April 14.—The crews of three ships bound for Sweden refused to sail. They demand higher wages.

Amsterdam, April 14.—It is officially announced from Washington that in the taken Dutch ships the cargo is not included nor costs of unloading. America is willing to take over the cargo so far as owners like to be rid of it. She will pay damages for perishable cargoes within a certain time. A note to Dr. London from Washington says that indemnifications for hire of the taken ships will be paid on the date of requisition. All alterations will be at the risk of England and America.

Lost ships will be replaced as soon after the war as possible, meantime they will pay 6 per cent of the value yearly. They will pay board etc. of the crews and take care of them during the homeward voyage. The note of the American legation aims to improve the situation between Holland and America.

The steamer Hollandia can sail from Buenos Aires and the steamers Java and Juno from Gulf Harbour loaded with wheat as soon as Dutch ships sail to America with the same tonnage.

Nivelle's Views on America.

Paris, April 26.—A collaborator of Echo de Paris asked General Nivelle, who is now in command of the North African troops, what his impressions are on returning from his first tour of inspection in Algeria and Tunisia. "I travelled," said the general "on the south Tunisian front. This region is the only one where the Tarco-Germans can attack us in north Africa. It gave me an impression of absolute security. The front has been consolidated by the creation of fortified points. We are well protected against attempts which the Senousites might venture, who are supplied with food, arms and munitions by German submarines. There is calm as regards our internal security. We can tranquilly recruit the troops needed by the home country and the effort which we shall make will exceed that demanded of us."

Siam Observer

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MENAM MOTOR BOAT CO., LTD. TIME TABLE.

LINE 1—BANGKABUE TO BANG QUANG & MUANG NAWN.

Boats leave Bangkok to Bang Quang, Muang Nawn & Pakret.
a.m. 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00, 12.00.
p.m. 1, 1.30, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.40, 5.30, daily.

Bangkabue to Bangkok ... 2.30 p.m. daily.

" " Kai Koh Yai ... 1.00 ...

LINE 2—TANON TOK TO PAKLAT in connection with Paklat Tram Cars Thabin

Boats leave Tanon Tok every full and half hour from 6.30 a.m. to 7.30 p.m.

After 7.30 when sufficient passengers.

LINE 3—KLONG SAMRONG LOOK TO BANG HIA.

Boats leave the Look in connection with the Paknam Railway train 10.45 a.m. from Bangkok.

Meklong Railway Co., Ltd.

TIME TABLE.

IN FORCE FROM 1st JANUARY, 1917 TO JULY, 1917.

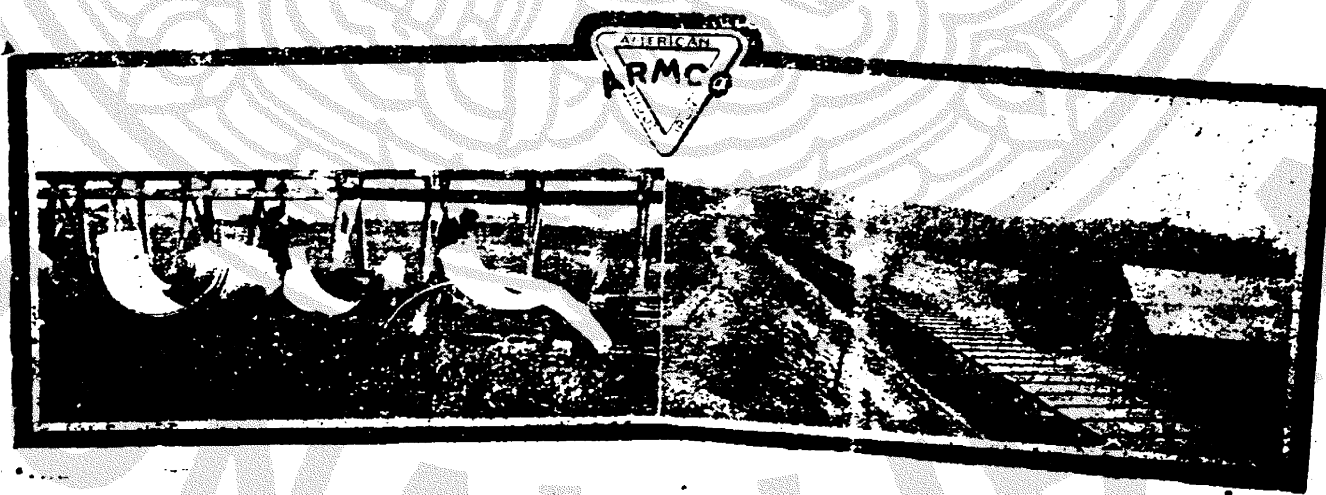
BANGKOK-MEKLONG.					MEKLONG-BANGKOK.					
Distance from Bangkok.	STATIONS.		Train No.			Distance from Meklong.	STATIONS.		Train No.	
			I.	III.	V.				VI.	VI.
	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.					
Km.	Bangkok	Dep.	8.30	12.30	4.30	Km.	Meklong	Dep.	8.35	12.35
33.1	Mahachai						B. Hlame			
	Terminus	Arr.	9.50	1.50	5.50	33.8	Terminus	Arr.	9.55	1.55

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BANGKOK-MEKLONG.				MEKLONG-BANGKOK.				
Distance from B. Hlame.	STATIONS.	Train No.		Distance from Mahachai.	STATIONS.	Train No.		
		I.	III.			II.	IV.	VI.
		A.M.	P.M.			A.M.	A.M.	P.M.
Km.	B. Hlame Terminus Dep	10.20	2.20	Km.	Mahachai Terminus Dep	6.45	10.45	2.45
33.8	Meklong Arr.	11.40	3.40	33.1	Bangkok Arr.	8.05	12.05	4.05

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