

I speak English



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BOOK 4



ของ
อุดม ตรีพระวัด-ประจิม กมลศิลป์
ราคาเล่มละ ๔.๕๐ บาท

ของ
จำลอง สว่างวงศ์
ราคาเล่มละ ๓.๕๐ บาท



8539

I SPEAK ENGLISH

Book 4

Practical English Reader

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และ

คณะอาจารย์ โรงเรียนโชติรวี นครสวรรค์



พิมพ์ครั้งที่สี่

พ.ศ. ๒๕๐๓

ราคาเล่มละ ๕.๕๐ บาท

พิมพ์จำหน่ายที่ ห้างหุ้นส่วนสามัญนิติบุคคล

ไทยวัฒนาพานิช

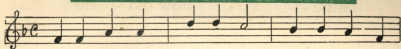
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สรวนลิขิตาธิ์

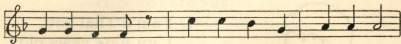


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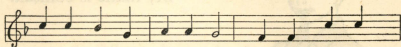
TWINKLE - TWINKLE



Twinkle, twinkle, little star, How I won-der



what you a-re. Up a-bove the world so high



Like a di'mond in the sky, Twinkle, twinkle



little star, How I wonder what you are.



Thai = ไทย
live = อาศัย
nine = ๙

Bangkok = กรุงเทพมหานคร
standard = ชั้น
how old = อายุเท่าไร



1. I am a Thai boy.
I am nine years old.
My name is Somsak.

2. I live in Bangkok.
I go to school.
I am in standard four.

3. Here is my little sister.
She is six years old.
Her name is Tim.

4. She goes to school too.
She is in standard one.
She can read and write.



This is Tim.
She is my sister.

1.-What is your name, little boy?
+My name is Somsak.

2.-How old are you?
+I am nine years old.

3.-Where do you live?
+I live in Bangkok.

4.-How many sisters have you?
+I have one sister.

6. Fill in the blanks: Tim, four, one, boy, old, lives.

The 's name is Somsak.	The girl's name is
He in Bangkok.	She is six years
He is in standard	She is in standard

7. Answer these questions:

What is the boy's name?	What is the girl's name?
How old is he?	How old is she?
Where does he live? (He lives)	Does she go to school?
In what standard is he?	In what standard is she?

have to = ต้อง
seven = 7

did = ได้
get up = ตื่นขึ้น

well = ดี
dear = ที่รัก



1. Somsak is in his room.
He is in bed.
He is sleeping.

2. Mother comes into the room.
Get up Somsak.
It is seven o'clock.
You have to go to school.



3. Good morning mother.
'Morning, dear.
-Did you sleep well?
+ Yes, I did, mother.

wash = ถู
comb = หวี

face = หน้า

1. Get up, dear.
Wash your face
and your hands,
and comb your hair.

2. Somsak is up.
He is washing his hands.



- 3.—When do you get up, Somsak?
+I get up at seven in the morning.

4. Fill in the blanks:
get up, bed, mother, school, will.
..... comes into Somsak's room.
Somsak is in
Somsak, you have to
Somsak get up.
At eight, he will go to

5. Fill in the blanks:
combs, room, face, washes, gets up.
Father at six o'clock.
He his hands,
and he his hair.
I wash my in the morning.
Somsak's bed is in this

6. Answer these questions:
Where is Somsak sleeping?
Who comes into the room?
When do you get up, Somsak?
Do you like to wash your face?
Who opened the door?

tap = 

soap = 

clean = สะอาด

turn on = เปิด

hot = ร้อน

turned on = ได้เปิด

get = ได้

turning on = กำลังเปิด



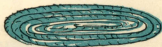
1. Somsak is turning on the tap.

2.-Why do you turn on the tap?

+I turn on the tap to get water.

3.-Do you see the water?

+It is coming out of the tap.



4.-Somsak, with what do you wash your face?

+I wash my face with soap and water.

5.-Do you wash your face with hot water?

+No, I don't.

6. Somsak is a clean boy.

He washes his face with soap and water.

1.—Are you a clean boy? +Yes, I am.

2.—Do you wash your face in the morning?
+Yes, I do.

3.—With what do you wash it?
+I wash it with soap and water.

4.—Where do you get the water from?
+I get it from the tap in my room.

5. Fill in the blanks:

clean, turning, soap, washes, picture.

I see Somsak in this

He is on the tap.

He washes his face with

He his little hands too.

He is a nice and boy.

6. Fill in the blanks:

get, clean, not, pupil, have.

I do wash my hands.

I am not a clean

At home we four taps.

We water from them.

Your face is not very

7. Answer these questions:

What is Somsak doing?

With what does he wash his face?

Why does he turn on the tap? (He turns)

Is Somsak's water hot?

Is Somsak a clean boy?

shirt



put on = ใส่, สวม
putting on = กำลังใส่

1. This is a mirror.

2.-Do you see Somsak
in this mirror?

+Yes, I see him.

3.-What is he doing?

+He is combing his hair.

4. He combs his hair with a comb.

5.-Have you a comb at home?

+No, I haven't.

6.-With what do you comb your hair?

+I comb it with father's comb.



7. Sam is in his bed-room.

He is putting on his shirt.

This is his shirt.

-Is it nice?

+Yes, it is.

white = สีขาว

colour = สี

1. At home, I do not put my shirt on.
2. I have to put on my shirt to go to school.
3. -Is Sam's shirt clean?
+ Yes, it is.
4. -What colour is his shirt?
+ It is white.

5. Fill in the blanks:

hair, eight, comb, mirror, face.

The boy is at the

He is years old.

He has a in his hand.

His is not long.

He sees his in the mirror.

6. Fill in the blanks:

white, comb, wash, morning, clean.

At home, I have no

I wash my face in the

Sam has a shirt.

Nipat's shirt is not

His mother will it.

7. Answer these questions:

What is Somsak doing?

What is Sam doing?

Where is he?

Do you put on your shirt at home?

What colour is your shirt?

black = $\frac{1}{2}$ 1

shoes =



trousers =



1.-Do you see Tom?

+Yes, I see him.

+He is putting on his shoes.



2.-Tom, why do you put on your shoes?

+I put on my shoes to go to school.

3.-Do you put on your shoes at home?

+No, I don't put on my shoes at home.

4.-What colour are your shoes?

+My shoes are black.

5. See Ot's trousers.

Ot's trousers are short.



Ot's trousers

6. A boy puts on short trousers.

A man puts on long trousers.

7.-Ot, are your trousers white?

+No, they are not.

1.—Are your father's trousers long?

+Yes, they are.

2. Father is a man.

A man puts on long trousers.

3.—What colour are your father's trousers?

+They are black.

4. Fill in the blanks:

home, puts on, your, trousers, long.

He shoes at school.

A man puts on trousers.

. . . . shirt is white.

My shoes are at

My mother will wash your

5. Fill in the blanks:

man, boy, chair, trousers, shirt.

Tom is sitting on a

Sam will put on his

A 's trousers are long.

A puts on short trousers.

My father has long



father's trousers

6. Answer these questions:

Are your trousers black?

Do you put on your shirt at home?

Why do you put on your shoes?

What trousers does a man put on?

Where is Tom sitting?

One, two, three, four, five
I caught a fish alive.
Why did you let it go?
Because it bit my finger so.



time = เวลา
well = ดี

bed-room = ห้องนอน
take breakfast = จิบประทานอาหารเช้า



1. Tim is in her bed-room.
She is combing her long hair.

2. Come down, Tim.

- 3.-What time is it, father?

+It is eight o'clock.

+Come and take your breakfast.

+You have to go to school.

4. I am coming, father.



Tim is
coming down.



5. Good morning, father.
Good morning, Tim.

- 6.-Did you sleep well, father?

+Yes, I did, dear.

+Sit down and take your breakfast.

+It is time to go to school.

there is = 有
what is there = 有什么

table
plate
glass



1. Tim is sitting at the table.

Tim is taking
her breakfast.



2.—Do you see her plate
and her glass?
+ Yes, I see them.

3.—Where are they?
+ They are on the table.

She is sitting
at the table.

4.—What is there in the plate?
+ There is some rice
and a fish in the plate.

5.—What is there in the glass?
+ There is some water in the glass.

6.—Does Tim like fish?
+ Yes, she does.

7.—What does she drink at breakfast?
+ She drinks water at breakfast.

1. Fill in the blanks:

girl, father, combs, breakfast, hair.

The is in her bed-room.

She has long

She her nice hair.

She takes her at 8 o'clock.

She speaks with her

2. Rearrange these wrong sentences.

The girl is in room her.

She long hair has.

She will go school to.

her breakfast She takes.

She loves father her.

3. Answer these questions:

Where is Tim?

What is she doing?

Is her hair short?

With whom is she speaking?

Where will she go?

4. Fill in the blanks:

fish, eight, breakfast, water, sits.

At Tim goes down.

She takes her

She at the table.

She has a in her plate.

She has in her glass.

5. Answer these questions:

Where is Tim sitting?

What is there in her plate?

What is there in her glass?

What do you drink, Tim?

Where is the plate?

6. Fill in the blanks:

table, drinks, chair, rice, glass.

At breakfast, Tim . . . water.

She eats some and fish.

Her plate is on the

The is on the table too.

The girl is sitting on a

play = เล่น

late = ช้า

studying = กำลังเรียน

half = ครึ่ง

past = ล่วง, เกิน

lesson = บทเรียน



half past 8

1. This morning Somsak did not wash his face and comb his hair.

2. See, he is playing with his cat.

3. Do not play with the cat, dear.
You are late.
It is half past eight.



4. Study your lesson, and go to school.



5. Somsak is studying his lesson.

- 6.-Do you see the book on his desk?
+Yes, I see it.

- 7.-Has he a pencil on his desk?
+No, he has not.



1. Somsak is going to school.

-Is he walking to school?

+No, he is not.

+He is running.



2. Somsak is late for school.

He has to run.

He is late.

He has to run.

3. Fill in the blanks:

comb, did, playing, reads, half.

Somsak is with the cat.

Did he his hair?

No, he not.

He in his book.

He goes to school at past 8.

4. Fill in the blanks:

study, run, half, breakfast, late.

It is past eight.

Somsak did not take his

He did not his lesson.

He is for school.

He has to

5. Answer

With what is Somsak playing?

Where is his book?

Has he a pencil on his desk?

Did he comb his hair this morning?

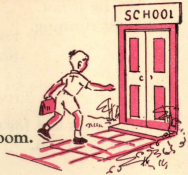
What time is it?

knock = เคาะประตู
played = เล่น

have to = ต้อง
do not = อย่า

1. This is Somsak's school.
-Is it nice? + Yes, it is.

2. Somsak is late.
The door is shut.
The boys are in the class-room.



3. He knocks at the door.
... knock ... knock ...



4. Come in.
Good morning, Sir.

5. Good morning Somsak.
-Why are you late?

6. I played with the cat, Sir,
and I had to study my lesson.

7. Well, you do not have to play
with the cat, and come to
school late.

- 1.—Did you comb your hair, Somsak?
+No, I did not, Sir.

2. Your shirt is dirty.
Your mother has to wash it.
Do not come to school with a dirty shirt.

3. Fill in the blanks:

nine, dirty, shut, is, pupils.

It is o'clock.

Somsak going to school.

The door of the class-room is

The are reading.

He puts on a shirt.

4. Rearrange these wrong sentences:

Somsak's is nice school.

with the cat, Sir, I played.

Do not to school come late.

The knocks at door boy the.

had I to study lessons my.

5. Answer these questions:

Who is late for school?

Is the door of the class-room open?

Where are the boys?

With what did Somsak play?

Did he comb his hair?

good = ดี

to-day = วันนี้

1. Your shirt is dirty.

Your mother has to wash it.

Do not come to school with a dirty shirt.



2.-Where are your shoes?

+My shoes are at home.

+They are very dirty.

3.-Why did you not clean them?

+I had no time, Sir.

To-day Somsak is late at school.

He did not comb his hair.

He did not put on his shoes.

His shirt is dirty too.

Somsak is not a good pupil to-day.

1. Fill in the blanks:

cat, hair, did, hands, pupil, wash, with, time.

Somsak is a dirty to-day.
He did not his face and this morning.
Did he comb his ? No, he not.
He played his black
He had no to take his breakfast.

2. Fill in the blanks:

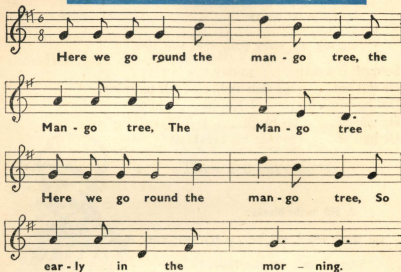
put, shoes, school, will, time, to-day, shirt, dirty, clean.

. Somsak did not put his on.
His are at home. they are
He had no to them.
His mother wash his dirty
We have to a clean shirt on to come to

3. Fill in the blanks with a word picked out of the story.

. will wash the shirt.	I will clean my
. is late for school.	I will study my
The is black.	Mother will wash my
The is dirty.	I will not play with the
The is on the desk.	I will comb my

HERE WE GO ROUND THE MANGO TREE



2



This is the way we wash our clothes.

We wash our clothes,

we wash our clothes.

This is the way we wash our clothes.

So early in the morning.



This is the way

we mend our clothes.
We mend our clothes,
we mend our clothes.

This is the way

we mend our clothes.
So early in the morning.

This is the way

we iron our clothes.
We iron our clothes,
we iron our clothes.

This is the way

we iron our clothes.
So early in the morning.



This is the way.

We scrub the floor.

We scrub the floor.

We scrub the floor.

This is the way.

We scrub the floor.

So early in the morning.



This is the way.

We sweep the house.

We sweep the house,
we sweep the house.

This is the way.

We sweep the house.
So early in the morning.



Mrs. = นางสาว (นางสาว)
Mister = นาย

Pranom
Satit

twenty = 20
work = ทำงาน

1. I am Mrs. Pranom.
I am a Thai woman.
I am twenty seven years old.



2. I am the mother of Tim
and Somsak.
I work at home.





5. Here is Mr. Satit.
He is twenty nine years old.
He lives in Bangkok.

6. He is the father of Tim
and Somsak.
He loves them very much.
He does not work at home.

market = ตลาด
basket = ตะกร้า

hold = ถือ
buy = ซื้อ

egg = 
banana = 

1. Somsak is at school.
Tim is at school too.
2. Mr. Satit is not in the house,
but Mrs. Pranom is.
3. She has to go to market.
She takes her bag and basket.



- 4.—Do you see Mrs. Pranom walking?
+Yes, I see her. She has no hat.
+She is holding her bag and basket.
- 5.—Where is she going?
+She is going to the market.

6. She will buy some rice, fish,
eggs and bananas at the market.
7. Somsak likes fish.
Tim likes bananas.

หอยมุดแห่งชาติ

1.—Where are you going, Mrs. Pranom?

+I am going to the market.

2.—What will you buy at the market?

+I will buy some rice and fish,
eggs and bananas at the market.

Fill in the blanks:

Father's name is

Mother's name is

Mister Satit is years old.

Mrs. Pranom is years old.

They are living in

The boy is at

His mother is at

She will go to

She will buy

She did not put on her

Answer these questions:

How old is father?

How old is mother?

What is her name?

What is father's name?

Does he work at home?

Where is Tim?

Where is mother?

Where will she go?

What will she buy?

What does Somsak like?

shop = ร้าน
twelve = 12

Dang
How much = เท่าไร

What can I do for you?
= ท่านต้องการอะไร

1. Mother is at the market.

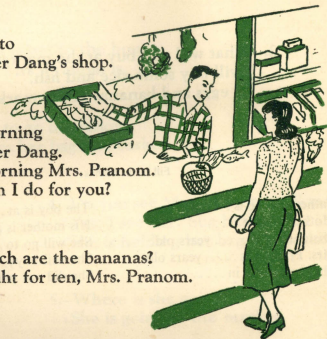
2. She goes to
Mister Dang's shop.

3. -Good morning
Mister Dang.
+Good morning Mrs. Pranom.
-What can I do for you?

4. -How much are the bananas?
+Three baht for ten, Mrs. Pranom.

5. +I will take twenty.
-How much is this fish?
+Five baht.

6. +I will take that too. -How much are the eggs?
+Nine baht for twelve.



- 1.—How much is all this, Mister Dang?
+It is twenty baht, Mrs. Pranom.
—Have you a basket to put the eggs?
+Yes, I have a big one, here it is.

2. Mother is buying ten eggs, one fish
and twenty bananas at the market.

3. Fill in the blanks:

buying, five, market, eggs, rice.
We buy eggs at the
This fish is baht.
Mother is 20 bananas.
She did not buy
Father will eat two

4. Fill in the blanks:

basket, bananas, shop, fish, twenty.
Mother buys the
in Mister Dang's
She puts the eggs in the
She puts the in the bag.
She gives baht to the man.

5. Answer: What is the name of the man?
Where is mother?
What does she buy?
What colour are the eggs?
Where does she put the eggs? (She puts)

back = กลับ
cook = ปรุงอาหาร

there are = มี
kitchen = ห้องครัว

don't = do not
can't = cannot



1. Mrs. Pranom is coming back
from the market.
She is going into her house.
She is opening the door.

2. -Do you see her big bag?
+Yes, I see it.
+There are bananas in it.

3. -Do you see her basket?
+No, I don't.

4. She is in the kitchen.
-Can you see her in the kitchen?
+No, I can't.



the pot of rice

5. -What is she doing in the kitchen?
+She is cooking rice.



6. -What are you doing, Mrs. Pranom?
+I am making a cake.

1.—Do you put eggs in the cake?

+Yes, I do.

2.—Do you put rice too?

+No, I don't. We do not put rice in a cake.

3. Mother is making a cake.

Father likes cake.

Tim and Somsak like cake too.

4. Fill in the blanks:

opens, market, cooks, bananas, kitchen.

Mother comes back from the.....

She..... the door of her house.

She has..... in her bag.

She goes to the.....

and..... rice for father.

5. Fill in the blanks:

cake, eggs, market, kitchen.

The eggs come from the.....

Mother will make a.....

She cooks rice in the.....

She puts some..... in her cake.

6. Answer these questions:

Where is mother coming back from?

What is she opening?

What is there in her bag?

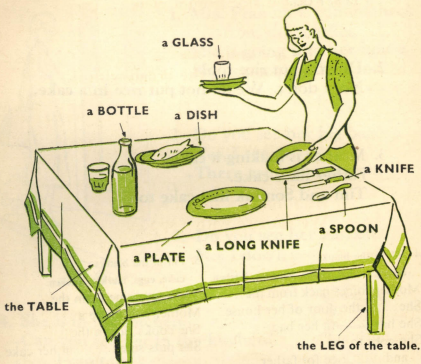
What is she doing in the kitchen?

Do we put rice in a cake?

knife 
bottle 

spoon 
bread 


cut = ตัด





1. Mother is putting the plates on the table.
She is holding two plates
and a glass in her hand.

2. She puts four plates on the table,
one for mother, one for father,
and two for Somsak and Tim.

1. Mother will put rice in the plates.
We eat rice from a plate.

2. This is a knife. 
Father will cut the bread with it.

3. This is a bottle. 
There is water in this bottle.

4. And that is a spoon. 
We eat rice with a spoon.

5. Replace this picture with a word.

The rice is in the



The spoon is in the



The fish is in the



The bottle is on the



The glass is on the



6. Fill in the blanks:

water, rice, knife, fish, table.

Mother puts the plates on the.....

We eat from a plate.

The is in the dish.

Father's is long.

There is in the bottle.

7. Answer the following questions:

What is mother holding ?

What is there in the dish ?

How many plates are there on the table ?

Who is putting the plates on the table ?

What is there in the bottle ?

want = ต้องการ

hungry = หิวข้าว

noon



1. It is noon.

Somsak comes back from school.
He is coming back home.

2. Somsak did not eat this morning.
He is hungry.
He wants to eat.

3. Do you see him running to his house?

4. Mother, I am hungry.

I want to eat.

-Did you cook a fish?

+Yes, I did, dear.



5.-Did you buy bananas, mother?

+I did, dear.

+They are on the table.

6-What time is it, dear? -It is noon, mother.

made = ๙๙๙๙

1.-Do you like cake, Somsak?

+Yes, mother, I do.

2.-See, what is this, dear?

+O! a cake, mother.

A nice cake, mother.

Thank you, mother.



3. The cake is on the t.....

M..... made the cake.

Somsak is h.....

He wants to e.....

He did not e..... this m.....

4. Somsak comes back from s.....

He comes back at n.....

At noon, he is h.....

This m..... he did not eat

He runs to his h ...

5. Answer these questions:

Did Somsak take his breakfast this morning?

What does he want?

Where does he come back from?

Where is he running?

Who made the cake?

lunch = อาหารกลางวัน

1. It is noon.
Come, Somsak.
Come, Tim.
Come, father too.

2. Sit down
and take
your lunch.

3. They are sitting at the table.
They are taking their lunch.

4. Mother is not sitting.
She is standing.

5. She is holding a big dish in her hands.
This dish is hot.
There is hot rice in that dish.

6. The cat is hungry, she wants to eat too.



1. See, father's spoon is big,
but Tim's spoon is small.

2. Mother's knife is long,
but Somsak's knife is short.

3. Father is drinking
Somsak is showing the hot dish to father.

4. Fill in the blanks:
dish, standing, fish, hungry, rice.

Mother is

She is holding a

Somsak is pointing to the hot

The cat wants a

Somsak is at noon.

5. Complete these sentences:

The long knife is for

Mother is not

Somsak is showing the

The is hungry too.

They take their lunch at

6. Answer: What is mother holding?
What is there in that dish?
Where are Tim and Somsak sitting?
How many plates do you see?
Is mother's knife long?

full of = เต็มด้วย

nice = สวย, ดี

1. There are four plates, four spoons,
one bottle full of water, one hot dish,
and one long knife on the table.

2. The long knife is for mother.
The small knife is for Somsak.

3.-Somsak, is the fish good?

+Yes mother, I like it.

+That is a nice fish.



4.-And you, Tim, do you like it?

+Yes mother, I do, I am hungry.

5. I made a cake for you, Tim.

Oh ! A cake ! Mother !

Good, good ! I like cakes.

Show me the cake, mother.

6. No Tim, you have to eat your rice.

Thank you, mother, I am not hungry.

whom = ۱۸۱

1. Well, well, Tim, you are not hungry.
You will have no cake.

2. Mother, I will eat my rice.
See mother, I am eating my rice.

3. Here is the cake, Tim.
O! What a nice cake, mother.
Thank you, mother, for the cake.

4. Fill in the blanks:
cake, dish, full, nice, bread.

The bottle is of water.
The is full of rice.
There is no on the table.
Tim wants to see the
Mother's cake is very

5. Rearrange these sentences:
(Only the corrected sentences should be
read aloud.)

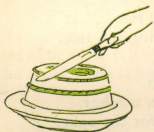
hungry Tim is.
The is full of water bottle.
I not see the bread do.
Thank you cake for the.
fish This is a nice.

6. Answer: Who made the cake?
How many plates are there on the table?
What is the bottle full of?
For whom is the long knife?
For whom is the short knife?

piece = ^๕๑๖
pieces = ๑๑๐๑๐๑๖

cold = ^๕๑๖

1. Father is cutting the cake.
He cuts the cake with a long knife.



Father is cutting
mother's cake.

2. He cuts big pieces of cake,
and small pieces.

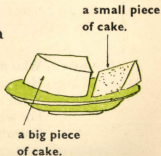
- 3.-Is the cake hot?
+No, it is not. It is cold.

- 4.-Where is the cake?
+It is on a dish.

- 5.-Somsak, did you study well
at school?
+Yes, I did, father.

- 6.-You did not put your shoes on
this morning, did you?
+No, I did not, father.

- 7.-Did you comb your hair?
+No, I did not, father.



1. Well, I'll give you
a small piece of cake.
2. Somsak has a small piece of cake
but Tim has a big piece.
3. Mother does not take
a piece of cake.
She eats a banana and a mango.
4. Mother made the big cake
but she does not like cakes.



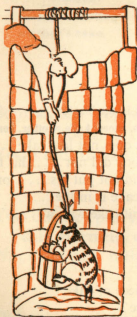
5. Fill in the blanks:
mother, small, long, hot, cake.
Father's knife is
Father cuts the
Father's cake is not
Somsak has a piece.
.....made the cake.

6. Fill in the blanks:
dish, shoes, knife, mother, comb.
..... does not like cake.
The boy did not his hair.
He did not put his on.
The cake is in the
We cut cake with a

7. Answer: Is the cake hot?
Who has a small piece of cake?
Who has a big piece?
Who is cutting the cake?
What does mother eat?



DING, DONG, DELL



Ding, dong, dell,
Pussy's in the well;

Who put her in?
Little Johnny Green.

Who pulled her out?
Little Johnny Stout.

Oh ! what a naughty
boy was that.

To try and drown
poor pussy cat.

now = เดี๋ยวนี้
over = เสร็จ

drawing = วาดเขียน
handwriting = การเขียน

1. Lunch is over.
It is one o'clock.



It is one o'clock.

2. The boy and the girl have to go back to school.



- 3.—Somsak, you put a dirty shirt on
this morning, did you not?
+ Yes, I did, father.

4. Now, put on a clean shirt,
and comb your hair too.
Yes, father, I'll do it.

5. Somsak is going back to school
with his little sister.



- 6.—What will they do at school?
+ They will do handwriting and
drawing.

They go back to school.

man = ผู้ชายคนเดียว
men = ผู้ชายหลายคน

after = หลังจาก
office = สำนักงาน

1. When lunch is over,
father goes to his office.

2. His office is in a big house.
This is the door of his office.

3. There are ten men
and one woman
in father's office.



4.—When do you go back to the office, father?
+I go back to the office after lunch.

5.—What do you do in the office?
+I work in the office.



6. Mother is at home
after lunch.

7. She has to wash the plates,
the glasses, the spoons,
the knife and the dish.

how = อย่างไร

afternoon = (หลังเที่ยง) = เวลารับ

1.-How do you wash the plates, mother?

+I wash them with soap and hot water.

2.-Why do you not wash them in cold water?

**+Cold water does not clean the plates,
the spoons and the glasses very well.**

3. Fill in the blanks:

(a) office, men, work, one o'clock, put on.

Lunch is over at

Somsak has to his shoes.

Father goes to his after lunch.

There are ten in his office.

Father does not at home in the afternoon.

(b) home, afternoon, hot, drawing, works.

Mother washes the plates in the

She has to wash them with water.

Father is not at in the afternoon.

He in his office.

This afternoon, Somsak will have

4. Answer these questions:

Where is father's office?

How many men are there in this office?

Where is mother after lunch?

What has she to do?

Does she wash the glasses in cold water?

road
tree



can = สามารถ
by = โดย

high = สูง
low = ต่ำ

It is 4 o'clock.

1. It is four
o'clock.

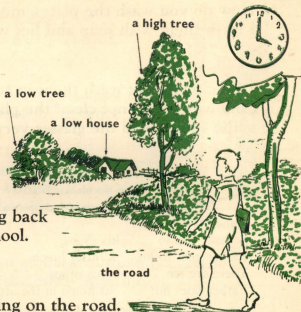
2. School
is over.

3. Somsak
is coming back
from school.

4. He is walking on the road.
-Is this road dirty?
+No, it is nice and clean.

5.-Can you see the trees by the road?
+Yes, I can see them.

6.-How many trees do you see?
+I see eight trees.



214
372-65
94612

3539

1. The trees are high
but the house is not high.
It is a low house.



2. Fill in the blanks:

walks, four o'clock, high, school, trees.

School is over at

Somsak comes back from . .

He on the road.

There are by the road.

The house is not

3. Fill in the blanks.

high, clean, low.

The trees are

The house is

The chair is

The table is

The road is

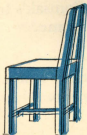
4. Answer: How many trees do you see?

Is the house high?

Are the trees high?

When is school over?

Where is Somsak walking?



This chair is high.



This table is low.

football = ฟุตบอล
thirsty = กระหายน้ำ

either = ทั่วย
friend = เพื่อน

play = เล่น

1. Somsak plays after school.
He plays with his friend.
They play football.



2. -Do you see them
playing football?
+ Yes, I do.

3. They like to play football
when school is over.

This is Somsak's friend.

4. It is not hot after school,
it is not cold either.



Niran is thirsty.

5. -Do you see Somsak's friend?
+ Niran is his name.

6. Niran is hungry when he plays.
He is thirsty too.

7. See, he is drinking
two glasses of cold water.

1.-What do you do after school, Somsak?
+I play football.

2.-With whom do you play football?
+I play football with my friend, Niran.

3.-What do you drink when you are thirsty?
+I drink cold water.

4. Fill in the blanks:
school, football, friend, thirsty, ball.
Somsak has a big
They play with it.
His is Niran.
They play after
We are when we play.

5. Fill in the blanks:
hot, water, Niran, like, drink.
Somsak's friend is
We when we are thirsty.
I do not like to drink
I to drink milk.
After school it is not

6. Answer: When does Somsak play?
With whom does he play?
What do they play?
Is it hot after school?
What is Niran drinking?

half past 5



body = ร่างกาย

bath = อาบน้ำ

1. At half past five,
Somsak takes a bath.

2. See, he is taking his bath.
He is in the water.

3.-Do you see his foot, his arms
and his head?

+Yes, I see them.



He is taking a bath.

4.-Is the water of the bath hot?

+No, it is not, it is cold.

5.-Do you wash your body with soap
when you take a bath?

+Yes, I do.

6.-Do you take a bath after you play?

+Yes, I do, when I am hot.

bath-room = ห้องน้ำ

1. Somsak is a clean boy.
He is taking a bath.

2. He is washing his body
with hot water and soap.

3. -Do you see him washing his foot?
+ Yes, I see his foot,
but I do not see his toes.

4. Fill in the blanks:
soap, turned on, cold,
half past five, neck.

Somsak takes a bath at
He takes a bath with water.
He washes his body with
I do not see his
The tap is

5. Fill in the blanks:
bath-room, where, lessons,
half past six, take.

When do you your bath?
I take my bath at
..... do you take your bath?
I take my bath in the
After my bath, I study my

6. Answer: At what time does Somsak take his bath?
Where does he take his bath? (He takes)
With what does he wash his body? (He washes)
Is the water of the bath hot?
Do you see Somsak's neck?

Sunday = วันอาทิตย์

swim = ว่ายน้ำ

river

swimming

sand



1. To-day is Sunday.
Somsak and Tim do not go
to school on Sunday.

2.-And you, do you go
to school on Sunday?
+No, I don't.

3. They are going to the river.
They will swim in the river.

4. Somsak can swim.
Tim cannot swim.

5.-Do you see them
in the picture?

6. Tim is playing
with the sand.
Somsak is not.



7. He is swimming in the cold water in the river.

1.-Is Tim swimming in the river?

+No, she is not. She cannot swim.

2.-How many trees do you see by the river?

+I see four trees.

3.-Are they high?

+Yes, they are very high.

4. Complete these sentences:

Somsak does not study on

He does not go to

He goes to the

He will in the river.

Tim will play with the

5. Complete these sentences:

They go to the

Tim not swim.

She is with the sand.

The water is

The trees are

6. Answer: Where are Tim and Somsak going?

Who is playing with the sand?

Who is swimming in the river?

How many trees do you see?

Do you go to school on Sunday?

fish = ปลา, ปลา
fishes

1. There are fish
in the river.

2. There are big fish
and small fish.



3.-How many fish can you see in this picture?
+I can see four fish.

4.-What are they doing?
+They are swimming.

5.-Do they swim well?
+Yes, they swim very well.

6.-Where do fish live?
+They live in the river.

7.-Do you go to fish on Sunday?
+No, I don't.

1.—At what time do you get up?
+I get up at six in the morning.

2.—At what time do you take your breakfast?
+I take my breakfast at half past seven.

3.—At what time do you go to school?
+I go to school at half past eight.

4.—At what time have you lunch?
+I have lunch at noon.

5.—At what time do you come back from school?
+I come back from school at half past three
in the afternoon.

6.—At what time do you take your bath?
+I take my bath at five o'clock.

7.—At what time do you go to bed?
+I go to bed at half past eight in the evening.

me = ฉัน
car = รถยนต์

new = ใหม่
wood = ไม้

- 1.-What day is it to-day, Somsak?
+To-day is Sunday, father.

- 2.-What did you do this morning?
+I played with my sister in the river.

3. He played
with Tim
this morning.



4. He will go
to the wood
this afternoon.

5. Come with me this afternoon.
We'll go into the wood.

- 6.-Will we have to walk
to go into the wood?

7. No dear, we'll go with the car.
We will not have to walk.



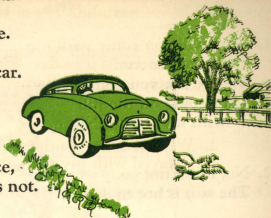
1. This is father's car.

-Is it nice?

+No, it is not nice.

+It is an old car.

+It is not a new car.



2. A new car is nice,
an old one is not.

3. Complete these sentences:

Somsak played in the.....this.....

He will go into the.....this.....

He will go with his.....

They will not have to.....

They will go with a.....

4. Fill in the blanks:

old, afternoon, river nice, trees.

Father's car is.....

An old car is not.....

There are.....in the wood.

This.....he did not swim.

He did not go to the.....

6. Answer these questions:

What day is it to-day?

What did Somsak do this morning?

Where will he go this afternoon?

How will he go into the wood?

Is father's car new?

hill



bird



nest



sun

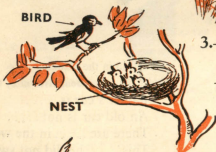


1.—Tim, will you come with me
this afternoon?

—Where are you going?

+ I am going on the hill
with my friend, Niran.

2. No, I will not go.
The sun is hot to-day.



3.—Do you see the boys
walking on the road?
+ They are going up
the hill.

4.—Niran, do you see this black bird?
+ Where is it? I do not see it.



5. It is in the high tree.
It is by the nest.

6. I see the nest, but I do not
see the black bird.

1. There is a nest in the high tree
Niran can see it,
but he cannot see the black bird.

2. There are three small birds in the nest.
They are hungry, they want some food.
Mother bird will give them some food to eat.

3. Fill in the blanks:

up, hot, sun, road, where.

Is the sun to-day?

..... are you going, Tim?

I do not like to walk in the

I will not go the hill.

They are walking on the

4. Fill in the blanks:

black, nest, small, walking.

Two boys are up the hill.

Their names are

Niran, do you see this ?

It is by the bird.

There are 3 birds in it.

5. Answer: Where are the boys going?
Where are they walking?
How many birds are there in the nest?
Who gives food to them?
What colour is the big bird?

rain

grass

wet = เปื้อน

sky

1. Niran and Somsak
are up the hill.

2. They are hot.
They sit down on a tree.

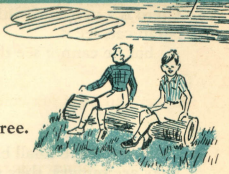
3. Somsak ! look, the sky is black.
It will rain.
We have to go back home.

4. They are coming down
the big hill.

5. They are running.
They don't run on the road.
They run on the grass.

6. It is raining.
The grass is wet.

7. -Are the birds wet
when it is raining?
+No, they are not.



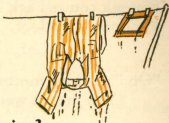
1.-Are you wet, Somsak?

+Yes, my shirt is wet,
my trousers are wet too.

The old shirt is wet.

2.-Are you cold?

+I am wet, but I am not cold.



3.-Do you like it, when it is raining?

4.+No, I don't.

5. Fill in the blanks:

black, hot, wet, hill, tree.

The two boys are

They sit on a

The sky is

They run down the

They are

6. Fill in the blanks:

wet, grass, rain, home, birds.

They run on the

They run back

The grass is

The are not wet.

I do not like the

7. Answer: Where are the two boys?
Where are they sitting?
What colour is the sky?
Where do the boys run?
Is Somsak cold?

all = ทั้งหมด
tea = ชา

stop = หยุด
under = ใต้

dry = แห้ง

1. Somsak comes back home.
He opens the door.

The new shirt is dry.

2. "Oh !" said his mother,
"You are all wet, Somsak."

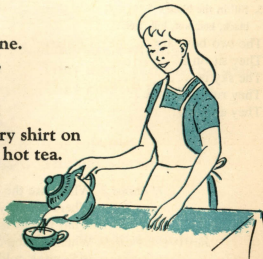


3. —Why did you not stop under a tree?
+ We had no time, mother.

4. Drink this tea, it is hot,
and put this dry shirt on.

5. Give me the old one.
It is wet and dirty,
I will wash it.

6. Somsak puts the dry shirt on
and drinks the hot tea.

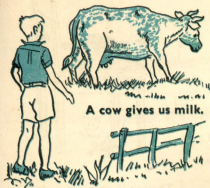


cow

field = ทุ่งนา

cock = ไก่ตัวผู้

box = กล่อง



A cow gives us milk.

1.—Somsak, what is this?

+It is a cow.

2. The cow is in the field.
It is eating grass.

3.—Do you like cows?

+Yes, I do.

+Cows give us milk,
and I like milk.

4.—What are the hens eating?

+They are eating
rice and grass.

5.—Is the cock eating?

+No, it is not.

+It is standing on a box.

6. Hens give us eggs.

Cocks do not give us eggs.



1. This is a cat.
It is on the chair.

2. The rat is small.
It is under the chair.



3. The cat wants to eat the rat,
but she cannot see it.

The rat is under the chair.

4. Fill in the blanks:
The cow is eating . . .
Cows give us . . .
Hens give us . . .
Cats like to eat . . .
Cocks like to eat . . .

5. Fill in the blanks:
The . . . is under the chair.
The . . . is in the field.
The . . . is on the box.
The . . . is on the chair.
The . . . gives us milk.

6. Answer: Where is the cock?
Where is the rat?
What is the cow eating?
What do hens give us?
What do cows give us?

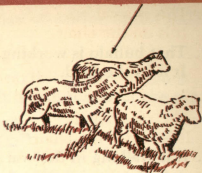
horse = ม้า

fast = เร็ว

sheep

- 1.-Where are the sheep?
+They are in the field.

- 2.-What are they doing?
+They are eating grass.



- 3.-How many sheep do you see?
+I see three sheep.

4. They are Somsak's sheep.

1. This is a horse.
A horse can run fast.

2. There is a woman
sitting on this horse.



3. She has a hat on her head.
Her horse is running
very fast.

work = ทำงาน

buffalo

1. That buffalo is working.
It is in the field.



2. It is walking in the water.
A buffalo cannot run fast.

3. Fill in the blanks:

nice, horse, woman, fast, work.

I see 3 in the picture.

The is running.

The is working.

The has a hat.

The are eating.

4. Fill in the blanks:

nice, horse, woman, fast, work.

The horse can run

The buffalo can

The sheep are very

The is on the horse.

A does not eat rice.

5. Answer:

What are the sheep eating?

Where is the buffalo working?

What has the woman on her head?

Can a horse run fast?

Who is sitting on the horse?

goat =



jump
over

monkey = 
mangosteen

A thin goat.



A fat pig.

1. See, this goat is jumping.
It is jumping over the pig.

2. The goat can jump.
The pig cannot jump.

3. The goat gives us milk.
The pig does not.

4. The pig is fat.
The goat is not.

1. This monkey is in the tree.
A monkey can stand up.

2. It can run fast.
It can jump high.

3. A monkey eats bananas, mangoes,
mangosteens, rice and fish.



1.—Where do monkeys live?

+They live in the trees.

2.—What do they eat?

**+They eat mangoes, mangosteens, bananas,
fish and rice.**

3.—Have you a monkey at home?

+Yes, I have a small one.

Complete these sentences:

The can jump.

The goat jumps over the

The cannot jump.

Monkeys live in the

The stand up.

They can high.

The gives us milk.

They can fast.

The can eat bananas.

The pig is very

5. Answer: What is the goat jumping over?

Can the pig jump?

Is the goat fat?

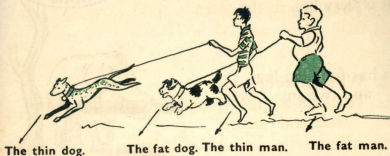
What does a monkey eat?

Do you like to drink milk?

fat = փայ

thin = հոյ

elephant = փի



- 1.-Do you see the two dogs
and the two men?
2. The fat man has a fat dog.
The thin man has a thin dog.
3. The fat dog cannot run fast.
It cannot jump high.
4. The small dog is not fat.
It is thin.
It can jump high.
It can run fast.



1. The elephant lives in the wood.
It is very big.

2. It has four big legs
and two small eyes.

3. The elephant eats grass,
but it likes bananas too.



an elephant

4. Complete these sentences:

- a. The fat man has a
- b. The has a tin dog.
- c. The fat dog run fast.
- d. The thin dog can high.
- e. There are dogs in the picture.

5. Complete these sentences:

- a. The elephant grass.
- b. The elephant is very
- c. It has two small
- d. and big legs.
- e. It is taking a

6. Answer these questions:

How many dogs do you see in the picture?

Can the fat dog run fast?

Can the thin dog jump high?

What is the elephant doing?

แบบเรียนชั้นประถมปีที่ 3

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นักเรียนคนใดสนใจ โปรดส่งเงินล่วงหน้าได้

ไทยวัฒนาพานิช 599 ถนนไมตรีจิต พระนคร

กรุณาเขียนชื่อและที่อยู่ให้ชัดเจน



ของ
ดร. คุณัน วชิโรบล
ราคาเล่มละ ๓.๘๐ บาท

พิมพ์ที่โรงพิมพ์ส่วนงานวิทยุกระจายเสียง โทรทัศน์วิทยุ โทรทัศน์ ๐ พระนคร
นางบุญพริ่ง ต. สุวรรณ ผู้พิมพ์และผู้โฆษณา ก.ศ. ๒๕๐๗