

"Siam Observer"
Oldest Established
Daily Newspaper
in Siam.
Has the Largest
Circulation.
Subscriptions
English Edition
For 10 per annum.
Siam Edition
For 25 per annum.

The Siam Observer.

"Siam Observer"
STATIONERY STORE
STOCKS
Account Books,
Office Requisites
and
Stationery of
Every Description.

FIRST DAILY TO BE PUBLISHED IN SIAM.

VOL. 42. NO. 131

BANGKOK, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 14, 1916.

PRICE 25 SATANGS

STEAMER SAILINGS.

K. P. M.

JAVA-SIAM LINE

OF THE
Royal Packet S. N. Co.
(KONINKLYK PAERTVAART
MAATSCHAPPIJ.)

DIRECT SERVICE

between Bangkok and Java.

Through Bills of Lading are issued
for all Netherlands Indian and Aus-
tralian Ports.

For rates of freight and passage
please apply to:

DIETHELM & Co., LTD.,

Agents

BURNS-PHILP-LINE

SINGAPORE-JAVA-AUSTRALIA

(MONTHLY SERVICE)

CALLING AT

Batavia, Samarang, Sourabaya
Port Darwin, Thursday Island
Brisbane and Sydney via
Torres Straits.

Through booking to all Ports in
Australia and New Zealand.

For freight, passage, full particulars
and Guide Books, etc., apply to

THE ARRACAN COMPANY, LTD.

AGENTS

HARP HENG LONG

We beg to inform the Public that
we have just opened our shop in
Jawarat Road, Nos. 104-109. We
have received a large stock of Iron
and Brassware, Paint and Oils, &c., &c.

House and Boat Builders and Con-
tractors are invited to pay us a visit.

Our prices are very moderate and
we allow a discount of 5 per cent on
cash purchases.

KWONG ON CHEONG

HIGH CLASS TAILOR.

Opposite Oriental Avenue on the
NEW ROAD.

Executes all kinds of Tailoring in
the latest fashions.

Send Post Card, and he will wait on
you personally.

Notice.

I, the undersigned beg
to notify all customers
and clients that my
business is now located
at the new building at
the corner of Klong
Poh Yome and Bang-
rak

Ah Seang, Tailor.

Notice.

* Advertisers are kindly request-
ed to send in changes of adver-
tisements before 11 a.m. of the
day they intend the advertise-
ment to appear. Should any
advertisement arrive after that
hour the same will be held over
for the next day.

ENGLISH Eau-de-Cologne

"GOLDEN STILL" Brand



When next you are in need
of Eau-de-Cologne kindly
give this brand a trial.

PRICES.

Small size Tcs. 0-60 per bottle

Medium ,, ,, 0-85 ..

Large ,, ,, 1-65 ..

English Eau-de-Cologne is very refresh-
ing and of a delicate odour.

NEW STOCK HAS JUST ARRIVED.

WHITEAWAY LAIDLAW & CO., LTD.

Peninsular and Oriental

Steam Navigation Company.

N.B. All Sailings are subject to alteration if and as necessary.

HOMeward

1916

MAIL LINE SAILINGS.

Leaves Singapore	Connecting at	Due London
a.m. Friday	Colonbo with	
s.s. "Nauru" May 12	s.s. "Kashgar"	June 12
" " " " 26	" " "Karnata"	" 26
" " " " 9	" " "Morea"	July 10
" " " " 23	" " "Khyber"	" 24
" " " " 6	" " "Medina"	Aug. 7
" " " " 20	" " "Mongolia"	" 21
" " " " 3	" " "Malwa"	Sept. 4

Intermediate Direct Sailings.

				1916
s/s "Nyanza"	leaves Singapore about	July 10	due	London Aug 18
" " "Novara"	do do	Aug. 21	do	Sept. 29

OUTWARD—1916.

For China.

Due Singapore	Connection with	Leaving London
s/s "Novara" April 30	s/s "Morea"	April 1
" " " " May 14	" " "Khyber"	" 15
" " " " " 28	" " "Medina"	" 29
" " " " " 11	" " "Mongolia"	May 13
" " " " " 25	" " "Malwa"	" 27
" " " " " 30	" " "Kaiser-i-hind"	" 27
" " " " " 9	" " "Mooltan"	June 10
" " " " " 23	" " "Kashgar"	" 24
" " " " " 6	" " "Karnata"	July 8
" " " " " 20	" " "Arabia"	" 22
" " " " " 3	" " "Khyber"	Aug. 5
" " " " " 17	" " " " "	" 19

Wireless Telegraphy Fitted on all Steamers.

All passengers holding through tickets will be met on arrival at Singapore by
the Company's launch which will take over heavy baggage for shipment to the
oncarrying vessel.

ROUND THE WORLD

Circular tickets are issued which allow of passengers proceeding to London
via Suez, returning via America, or vice versa.

Full particulars can be obtained on application.

THE BORNEO COMPANY, LTD. Agents.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

Japanese Mail Steamship Company.

N.B.—All Sailings are approximate & are subject to alteration if and as necessary.

Steamers are due to leave SINGAPORE for EUROPE as follows:

1916	1916
s.s. Kamo Maru June 11	s.s. Asaka Maru Aug. 16
" " " " 25	" " "Hitachi Maru " 30
s.s. Kachina Maru July 6	s.s. Iyo Maru " 13
s.s. Mishima Maru " 19	s.s. Miyazaki Maru " 27
s.s. Suwa Maru Aug. 2	s.s. Kitano Maru Oct. 11

FOR HONGKONG AND JAPAN.

1916	1916
s.s. Mishima Maru June 7	s.s. Miyazaki Maru July 30
s.s. Suwa Maru " 14	s.s. Kitano Maru Aug. 13
s.s. Asaka Maru " 28	s.s. Fushimi Maru " 27
s.s. Hitachi Maru July 2	s.s. Hirano Maru Sept. 10
s.s. Iyo Maru " 16	s.s. Kaga Maru " 24

JAPAN-AMERICA LINE.

Steamers will leave HONGKONG for SEATTLE as follows:

1916	1916
s.s. Sado Maru June 27	s.s. Yokohama Maru Aug. 30
s.s. Shidzuoka Maru July 19	s.s. Sado Maru Sept. 19
s.s. Kanakura Maru Aug. 8	s.s. Shidzuoka Maru Oct. 11

JAPAN-AUSTRALIAN LINE.

Steamers will leave HONGKONG for MELBOURNE as follows:

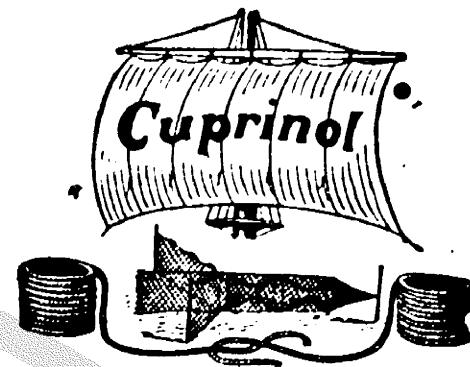
1916	1916
s.s. Nikko Maru July 14	s.s. Tanaka Maru Sept. 12
s.s. Aki Maru Aug. 15	s.s. Nikko Maru Oct. 16

Round the World Tickets issued in either direction.

For Passage, Freight and all information apply to

THE BORNEO COMPANY, LIMITED.

Agents.



The best medium for impreg-
nation of Canvas, Sunblinds,
Tents, Tarpaulins, Ropes
and Lines.

Nothing as good as "Cuprinol" for
impregnation of Wood, such as
Railway-Sleepers, Telegraph-
posts, etc.

The best medium against White
Ants and also against Decay,
Fungus and Dry Rot.

**Cuprinol awarded Gold Medal
at The Scandinavian Fishery
Exhibition at Copenhagen 1912.**

For further particulars apply



Oriental Store.

Sole Importers.

THE EAST ASIATIC CO., LTD.

Bangkok-Europe Line

m/s "Chumpon" ... Arr. about middle of July 1916

THE SIAM STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LTD.

(Incorporated by Royal Charter.)

West coast Mail Service.

For Koh Lak, Chumpon, Tako, Langsuen, Bandon, Koh Samui, Laco-
Singora, Patani, Panarai, Telupin, Bangnara, Takbai, Kelantan, Becho
Semarak, Biant, Tringgannu, Kretay and Singapore.

List of Departures from Bangkok for June, 1916.

s.s. "Boribat"	...	...	3rd	June	1916.
" " "Prachati-pok"	...	...	10th	"	"
" " "Mahidol"	...	...	13th	"	"
" " "Aedang"	...	...	17th	"	"
" " "Yugala"	...	...	20th	"	"
" " "Boribat"	...	...	24th	"	"

East Coast Mail Service

For Sriracha, Kohsichang, Koh Pui, Koh Pra, Rayong, Koh Samit,
Chantaboon, Ban Yao, Krat and Koh Kong.

s.s. "Chutadutch" leaving every Wednesday at noon; not calling at Koh Pui
s.s. "Krat" " " Saturday " " Kohsichang

All the steamers are fitted throughout with Electric light and have excel-
lent accommodation for First Class passengers.

For Freight, Passage and Particulars apply to

THE EAST ASIATIC Co., Ltd.

Managing Agents.

BANKING COMPANIES

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI
BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID UP CAPITAL ... \$15,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS.
STERLING £1,500,000 @ 2/- \$15,000,000
SILVER 18,000,000
33,000,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS
\$15,000,000

HEAD OFFICE.
HONGKONG.
CHIEF MANAGER.
N. J. STABB.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES

Amoy Ipoh Peking
Bangkok Johore Penang
Batavia Kobe Hongkong
Bombay Kuala Lumpur Saigon
Calcutta London San Francisco
Canton Lyons Shanghai
Colon Malacca Singapore
Cochin Manila Surabaya
Hankow Nagasaki Yokohama
Hankow New York Yokohama
(Shanghai)

BANKING AGENCY

INTEREST Allowed on current accounts at the rate of 1 per cent per annum on the daily balances.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received on terms which can be ascertained on application.

Letters of credit issued available in the Principal Cities of the world.

Drafts granted. Bills negotiated or sent for collection and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Office Hours - 9 a.m. to 3 p.m.
Saturdays - 9 a.m. to 12 noon
E. W. TOWNEND,
Acting Agent.

Chartered Bank
OF
INDIA AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

PAID-UP CAPITAL ... £1,200,000
RESERVE FUND ... £1,800,000
FURTHER LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS ... £1,200,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS.

Sir Montagu Cornish Turner, (Chairman)
Sir Henry S. Cunningham, K. C. I. E.
Thomas Guthrie, Esq.
Sir Alfred Dent, K. C. M. G.
William Henry Neville Goshen, Esq.
The Rt. Hon. Lord George Hamilton, G. C. S. I.

W. Foot Mitchell, Esq.
Lewis Alexander Wallace, Esq.
Current Accounts are opened and interest allowed at 1 per cent. per annum on the daily balances.

Deposits are received for fixed periods at rates which can be ascertained on application.

G. E. ALLEN,
Agent.

Bangkok, July 1, 1909.

BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE

Societe Anonyme au Capital
de 48.000.000 de Francs.

COURT OF DIRECTORS.

M. Baron Hely d'Oisel, Chairman.
M. A. de Monpland, Deputy Chairman.

M. Rethenod M. Stanislas Simon
M. L. Messon M. Edgard Stern
M. A. Rostaud R. de Tregomain
M. L. Dorion M. E. Ullmann
M. E. Roume M. Comte A. de Germiny

Managing Director—M. Stanislas Simon
Government Supervisor—M. Demartini

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at the rate 1 p.c. per annum on the daily balances.

The rates of interest allowed on fixed Deposit Accounts can be ascertained on application to the Director.

Office Hours—9 a.m. to 3 p.m.
Saturdays—9 a.m. to 12 noon

Branches and Agencies.

Bangkok Hanoi Saigon
Batambong Hongkong Shanghai
Canton Nanning Singapore
Djibouti Pekin Tahiti
Haiphong Phnom-Penh Tientsin
Hankow Pondicherry Tourane

OAMILLE HENRI,
Manager.

HARP YOUR LONG & CO.

Facing Sampeng Old Market, Jawara
Road, No. 184 to 189.

We have just unpacked a large shipment of our well-known High Class Paints, Varnishes, Linseed, Oils, Brasses, Iron-ware, and Carpenter's, Blacksmith's, Silver-smith's Tools, and various kinds of best Chinese Silks always in stock.

INSPECTION INVITED. PRICES MODERATE.
Tel. No. 535.

BANKING COMPANIES

The Siam Commercial Bank Ltd.

(Incorporated by Royal Charter.)

PAID UP CAPITAL
TICALS 3,300,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

E. Florio, (Chairman), Phra Boribun
Phya Boribun Raja Kosakorn
Phya Jaiyos Sombat Luang Kit
W. Hrehmer, Esq. Narongron,
A. Willeke, Esq.

London Bankers—Direction der Disconto Gesellschaft, Swiss Bankverein.
The Institution buys, sells, and collects Bills of Exchange on Europe, India, and China and transacts every description of Exchange and Banking business.

Current Account Deposits at 1% on daily balances.

Rates of Interest allowed on the fixed deposits may be ascertained on application.

Safe Deposit Lockers let to the public at monthly rental.

Apply for particulars.

Office hours ... 9 a.m. to 3 p.m.
Saturdays ... 9 a.m. to 12 noon.

A. WILLEKE,
Actg. Manager,

Bangkok, March 27, 1909.

BANGKOK LIBRARY.

Suriwongse Road

(Near the Lawn Tennis Club.)

Open daily, Sundays excepted.
Sept. 1st to Feb. 28th—4 to 6.30 p.m.
March 1st to Aug. 31st—4.30 to 7 p.m.

Annual Subscription Tcs. 20

Half yearly Subscription Tcs. 12.

Quarterly do " 8.

Monthly subscription Tcs. 3 for visitors only, who will be required to deposit Tcs. 5.

Subscriptions, payable in advance, date from day of payment, and may be handed in at the Library any time in the year or sent to

MRS. G. I. T. IN

Hon. Secretary and Treasurer.

THE

Siam Observer.

THE OLDEST AND LEADING DAILY
NEWSPAPER IN SIAM.

Eight-Page English

Edition.

Subscriptions Ticals 50

per annum or Ticals 5

per mensem for

English Edition.

Ticals 25 per annum for

Siamese Edition.

"Weekly Mail"

(WEEKLY EDITION IN ENGLISH)

Ticals 20 per annum.

"Siam Maitri"

(WEEKLY EDITION IN SIAMESE)

Ticals 12 per annum

Advertising Rates.

PER INCH.
One insertion ... Tcs. 2.00
Two insertions ... 3.25
Three " ... 4.50
Four " ... 5.25
Five " ... 6.00
Six " (one week) ... 6.75
Two weeks ... 9.15
Three " ... 11.55
Four " (1st month) ... 13.00

Contract rates can be obtained on application to the manager.

Alterations and additions to advertisements on pages 2, 3, 6 and 7, must be sent to the Office not later than 10 a.m. NEW ADVERTISEMENTS must be sent before noon.

TIDE TABLE.

DEPTH OF WATER ON THE
BANGKOK BAR.

FOR JUNE, 1916.

June A.M.

H. W. Ft. in. L. W. (Approx.)

1 3.30 12.1 11.12 6.0

2 4.00 12.0 11.12 6.0

3 4.30 12.0

4 5.00 12.0

5 5.30 12.0

6 6.00 11.11

7 7.00 11.8

8 8.30 10.10

9 10.30 9.11

10 11.30 8.2

11 1.00 13.4 8 7.0

12 1.30 13.1 8.9 7.0

13 2.00 12.7 9.10 6.7

14 2.30 12.7 10.11 5.6

15 3.00 12.6 11.12 5.0

16 3.30 12.5 11.12 5.0

17 4.00 12.4 12 5.0

18 5.00 12.3

19 6.00 12.1

20 7.00 11.6

21 7.30 11.4

22 8.30 10.8

23 10.30 10.1

24 12.00 9.9

25 8.9 6.7

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27 1.00 12.6 9.10 6.7

28 1.30 11.10 9.10 6.7

29 2.00 11.10 11.12 5.6

30 3.00 11.00 11.12 5.6

June P.M.

H. W. Ft. in. L. W. (Approx.)

1 7.00 14.9

2 8.00 15.1 1.0 6.0

3 8.30 14.10 1.2 6.0

4 9.30 14.3 2.3 6.0

5 10.00 14.3 2.3 6.0

6 10.30 14.3 3.0 6.0

7 11.00 14.0 3.4 6.0

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26 5.30 12.9

27 5.30 13.5

28 6.00 14.3

29 6.30 14.5

30 7.00 14.8

PHASES OF THE MOON.

June 1st New Moon 2.19 a.m.

" 9th First Quarter 6.41 a.m.

" 16th Full Moon 4.24 a.m.

" 22nd Last Quarter 7.58 p.m.

" 30th New Moon 5.25 p.m.

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Sea Fight Echoes.

The Blockade Strengthened.

London, June 7.—Mr. Balfour, replying to the criticisms of the Admiralty's first communique, said that Admiral Jellicoe's message of June 2 was obviously incomplete, but the Admiralty decided to take the public into its confidence and therefore issued it. The public recovered very quickly from its unnecessary alarm, but he regretted that the fleet, well knowing that they had inflicted a very severe blow on their opponents, were disappointed by the rather tragic tone of the papers.

An Honest Admiralty.

If, however, confidence in the Admiralty's honesty was increased, there would be nothing to regret. It was undoubted that the German losses were bigger than ours, but it was useless arguing about losses in face of the Germans' rush to port as soon as the British battle fleet appeared. The results of the battle had been to strengthen our blockade, dissipate the German dream of the invasion of Britain, and confirm our command of the sea.

What the Victory Means.

London, June 7.—Mr. Balfour, in his speech at the Imperial Council of Commerce luncheon, referring to the sea fight, declared that the source of the German reports was tainted. We told the whole truth. We gained, as a result of the battle, substantial fruits. The German position was worse than before, our blockade was more effective than previously, and the country was justified in having greater confidence in and hope of triumph than ten days ago.

London, June 8.—Mr. Sazonoff (the Russian Foreign Minister) has telegraphed to Sir Edward Grey expressing the lively admiration of the Russian Government at the valour of the British fleet in the North Sea battle, deploring the losses and congratulating Britain on a victory which demonstrated a fresh naval superiority of Great Britain, as the German fleet was obliged to lie, not daring to engage the main British force.

Sir Edward Grey replied warmly thanking Mr. Sazonoff for his congratulations on the victory of our gallant sailors, and adding: "The British lives were not lost in vain. We knew how greatly the enemy fleet—whose losses were deliberately concealed in Germany—suffered, and rejoice to think that the action has contributed to the success of the common cause of the Allies."

A Hit at Twenty Miles.

London, June 7.—Details continue to be published of the battle of Jutland. They include the statement that a new British battleship scored a hit at twenty miles range, and fired eighty-two salvoes from her fifteen-inch guns in two hours—altogether seven hundred tons of shell. She was hit by a torpedo forward and shook violently, but the damage was not serious.

Germany's Grievous Losses.

Narratives of survivors are insistent in declaring that the Hindenburg was sunk.

A telegram from Copenhagen says the first official estimate at Kiel of the German losses

Fort Vaux.**Verdun not Endangered.**

Paris, June 8.—Semi-official: Fort Vaux is in ruins and is merely an observation post. Its capture has cost the enemy fearful losses and does not bring him nearer the taking of Verdun.

London, June 8.—The honour conferred on the defender of Fort Vaux is a distinction usually reserved for divisional generals. It is the first time in the war that the name of the officer responsible for the defence of a particular position has been published in France. This shows that the stand made at Vaux is one of the most remarkable episodes of the war.

The German communiqué claims that the fort was really captured after hard fighting on June 2, but the announcement was deferred as the remnants of the garrison held out in inaccessible underground rooms till Tuesday evening, when they surrendered. It says that the Kaiser has decorated the commander of the capture with the order Pour Merite. It admits that the French are fiercely counter-attacking.

Terrible Fighting near Ypres.

Amsterdam, June 8.—Reports from the Belgian frontier are that the fighting in the Ypres region is very fierce. The sky near above Beaulieu and Zillebeke is visible at Courtrai nightly, glowing from the heavy firing, which is incessant day and night. German wounded are numerous, including many severely hurt. They report that losses on both sides are large.

London, June 9.—General Haig, in a communiqué, says: The principal activity during the last twenty-four hours has been between Vimy ridge and the La Bassée canal. Six mines were exploded, with results generally in our favour.

The explosion of a British mine near Hohenzollern damaged the enemy trenches. Our snipers shot nine of the garrison. There was considerable trench mortar and artillery activity near Souchez.

A successful British raid was made south of La Bassée canal last night. The Germans fled, leaving their dead. The situation at Hooge is unchanged. There have been no infantry actions to-day.

London, June 8.—Official: A commander of the Japanese Navy was lost on the Queen Mary.

London, June 8.—Mr. Bonar Law has telegraphed to the Governor of New Zealand and the High Commissioner for Malaysia respectively stating that the battle-cruisers New Zealand and Malaysia (Malaya) were in the thick of the battle on May 31, and again recording the gratitude of the Motherland for the generosity shown in contributing such valuable units.

Tiger v. Man.**A Remarkable Fight.**

The following anecdote was told by a gentleman who had lived for many years in the East Indies (says "Hamplyn's Menagerie Magazine"). He was sauntering along the bank of a stream in that part of the globe. On the opposite bank he observed a man engaged in washing clothes. This was a usual sight in that district and attracted no attention at first on his part. He continued his walk, when suddenly he was somewhat astonished to see that the washerman had stopped work, and had become motionless, crouching over the edge of the stream holding the garment he was washing as if he were carved in stone.

Our friend thought the man was taken ill. He moved towards him with accelerated pace. The man did not appear to notice his approach. As he drew nearer he happened to glance at the long grass which covered the great part of the plain on the opposite bank of the brook. To his surprise he beheld the body and head of a tiger crouching towards the man. The animal was but a few yards away from his contemplated prey, and the man he was stalking seemed quite unaware of the peril he was in. Our friend was unarmed. He carried only a walking-stick. However, he shouted a warning to the washerman. The man remained unmoved; and the lithe body of the tiger, which had now approached to within fifteen feet of him, came flying through the air with a spring towards the stream, intent upon his meal.

Like a flash of lightning the man dropped his piece of linen, drew the sharp, heavy knife which hung suspended from his body, and leapt on one side. The beast came down on all fours on the spot where the man had been a second or two previously. The man simultaneously sprang into the air, and came down upon the tiger. He drove his keen blade into the creature's back just behind the head, severing its spine, and killing it instantly.

Our friend stood wrapped in admiration and wonder at the nerve and agility of the man. He approached the victor who was standing beside his slain foe. Conversation followed, and our friend learnt that his informant had heard the tiger coming; that he knew it was stalking him; that he waited motionless in order that he might gain time till he heard the beast lash his tail through the grass, which would be the signal for this spring. When the tiger sprang the man sprang also, with the result above stated. His pluck and readiness had thus easily outmatched the brute force of his antagonist.

MOTOR CAR TYRES.**LOW PRICES AND ONLY BEST MAKES.****Goodrich****Moseley****United States***(Plain, chain, nobby)***Dunlop****Michelin***All**Stocked by***Siam Motor Works Ltd.****HAND MASSAGE.**

An ingeniously made massage ready for use at any moment. Come and see it at our shop.

Prices.**Tcs. 7 First quality****" 5 Second "****S. IKESAKI, Tapan Mon.****THE RAINFALL.**

Rainfall for the 1st week in June 2488

Locality.	Rainfall recorded during the week.	Rainfall of corresponding week of last year.	Total rainfall for present year to date.	Total rainfall for last year to corresponding date.	Remarks.
	Millimetres.	Millimetres.	Millimetres.	Millimetres.	
Ministry of Agriculture	3.0	18.6	136.1	236.0	
Dhanyaburi	12.6	50.1	100.2	277.7	
Samudprakar	No report	50.1	—	274.2	
Krung Kao	26.4	61.7	154.4	195.0	
Angtong	16.4	117.8	315.5	388.9	
Lobbur	26.4	26.0	224.7	265.0	
Jainart	No report	87.9	—	296.8	
Udaidhani	12.5	64.3	182.2	353.3	
Blenuoke	47.1	21.1	403.4	184.5	
Xhaxerengao	7.5	3.9	317.9	162.2	
Prachin	32.0	19.0	229.1	180.4	
Nagor Pathom	28.9	43.4	289.9	367.5	
Rajburi	14.5	62.5	164.3	260.8	
Bejaraburi	39.8	16.0	170.6	212.8	
Xiangmai	71.4	14.0	374.0	185.7	
Singora	41.3	9.7	208.8	126.8	

Meklong Railway Co., Ltd.**TIME TABLE.**

BANGKOK-MEKLONG.				MEKLONG-BANGKOK.			
Distance from Bangkok.	STATIONS.	Train No.		Distance from Meklong.	STATIONS.	Train No.	
	I. III. V. VII.				VI. VIII		
	A.M. A.M. P.M. P.M.				A.M. P.M.		
Km. Bangkok Dep.	7.00 9.00 2.00 4.00			Km. Meklong Dep.	9.00 2.00		
33.1 Mahachulalongkornrajavidyalaya	Arr. 8.20 10.20 3.20 5.20			33.8 Terminus Arr.	10.20 3.20		

The Company's Steam Launches will meet Trains to carry through passengers across the Tachin River at a fixed rate.

BANGKOK-MEKLONG.				MEKLONG-BANGKOK.			
Distance from Bangkok.	STATIONS.	Train No.		Distance from Meklong.	STATIONS.	Train No.	
	III. VII.				II. IV. VI. VIII		
	A.M. P.M.				A.M. A.M. P.M. P.M.		
Km. B. Hlane Terminus Dep	10.50 3.50			Km. Mahachulalongkornrajavidyalaya Dep	7.00 11.00 2.00 4.00		
33.8 Meklong Arr.	12.10 5.10			33.1 Bangkok Arr.	8.20 12.20 3.20 5.20		

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until you are worse before starting a campaign against disease. No matter how slight may be your indisposition your duty to yourself demands that immediate steps be taken to disperse it. Of course, you expect to get better and not worse, but where health is in question you are never justified in leaving anything to chance, and, as is well known, indisposition, instead of disappearing of its own sweet will, frequently develops serious disorders if neglected. Your safest course is to

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which are the World's finest household remedy for the correction of derangements of the stomach, liver, or kidneys. Slight headaches, loss of appetite, a nasty taste in the mouth and other little symptoms of that sort are indications of digestive disorder, and may be regarded as Nature's warning of worse troubles to follow if the cause of the present ailment be not speedily removed. Don't wait until to-morrow but take Beecham's Pills

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Telegraph Lines.

The Post and Telegraph Department reports that Chienkung line is imperfectly working beyond Paknam, Krat line is in order as far as Chanda-buri, Suada Songram line is imperfectly working, Malay Peninsular main line is in good working order as far as Chumpoon, Tavoy line is in good working order as far as Kanchana-buri. Lines to these are in order.

Bangkok Mails Close.

CHIENTUNG LINE.
Thursday 4th 10 a.m. s.s. Yugala
HONGKONG via SWATOW.
Wednesday 14th 12 noon. s.s. Hupeh
SINGAPORE.
Friday 16th 2 p.m. s.s. Katong

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Codroe Caviare
Haddock
Filleted Fish
Kippers

Pheasants
Boiled Ham on cut
Raw Ham on cut
French Ham on cut
Breakfast Bacon

CHEESE
Roquefort
Gruyere
Savoie
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Acid Sulphuric,

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etc, etc., etc.

Prices on application.

THE

Great War.**The Russian Offensive.**

(HAYAS TELEGRAM.)

Paris, June 12.

Petrograd.—We occupied Loutzk and Doubno and attacked the bridgehead at Zaiestebiky. We approached the suburbs of Czernowitz where the enemy made numerous explosions. The result of the victory shows that at present the number of prisoners captured is 106,000 of whom 1,549 are officers. Besides, 124 cannon, 180 machine guns and 58 grenades were taken.

The French Front.

(HAYAS TELEGRAM.)

Paris, June 12.

Yesterday there was an artillery duel on the Verdun—Champagne front.

To-day we destroyed works west of Soissons and repulsed attacks west of fort Vaux.

Salonika.

(HAYAS TELEGRAM.)

Paris, June 12.

Salonika.—French aeroplanes bombed the Bulgarian positions and fort Rapel.

Russians Sink Greek Vessels.

(HAYAS TELEGRAM.)

Paris, June 12.

Russian torpedo destroyers have sunk thirteen Greek vessels off the coast of Anatoli.

The Italian Campaign.

(HAYAS TELEGRAM.)

Paris, June 12.

Rome.—We repulsed dense masses south-west of Asiago. We counter-attacked inflicting severe losses and took 506 prisoners.

The Late Lord Kitchener.

(S. O.) SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.

Singapore, June 13.

A memorial service for the late Lord Kitchener was held at St. Andrew's Cathedral this morning. Naval men including Japanese and military men including the volunteers, and H.E. the Governor were present. The Rev. Frank Swindell conducted the service.

Tin and Rubber.

(S. O.) SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.

Singapore, June 13.

Tin is quoted at \$96.50 per picul. Rubber London prices are 2/5d to 2/6d.

A Substitute for the Huey Lottery.

The stream of Siamese money having been diverted from going into China by the stopping of the Huey lottery, other means are now being tried by the go-ahead Chinese to keep the flow uninterrupted. The latest "stunt" was expounded in the Borispah Court the other day when two Chinese were charged with an offence against the gambling laws. The charge against them was that they were selling a kind of lottery tickets. The prices of the tickets were 15, 30, and 60 satangs and the prizes to the lucky holders were given out as Tcs. 10,000, 20,000 and 30,000 respectively. The prizes were to be drawn for in China and the winning numbers published here by the agents. According to evidence a large number of these tickets had been sold in all parts of Bangkok since April. It would seem that under the Penal Code the carrying on of a lottery is not punishable unless, of course, it amounts to a fraud—a difficult matter to prove in a case of this kind—and evidently the promoters of the venture took advantage of this fact. But fortunately for Siam and unfortunately for the promoters, a lottery is an offence under a still existing old law of about 25 years ago.

The Borispah Court having found a prima facie case against the two accused Chinese, the case was sent up for trial to the High Court.

**Court Circular.**

DUSIT PARK,
Tuesday, June 13.

The performance of religious rites in connection with the obsequies of Her late Royal Highness Princess Barnaraya took place to-day at the residence of His Royal Highness Prince Narara.

At 3 p.m. His Majesty the King drove in a motor car to attend the ceremony. A memorial Sermon was preached by the Right Reverend Phra Vijra Kavi of Jetubon Monastery. After the Sermon His Majesty alaid down robes and clothes for the "Satapakarana" rites, after which The King took his departure.

London Bar Examinations.

Nai Plaud Vichien, of the Inner Temple, a brother of Phra Chinda Pirom, has passed his barrister's final examination held at the end of the Easter Term.

The pass list also contains the names of Nai Chom (Gray's Inn) who passed the examination for Constitutional Law and Legal History, and Nai Cheune Polpai (Gray's Inn) who passed in Real Property and Conveyancing.

LOCAL AND GENERAL

THE Phathanakorn and the Phathanakorn announce a change of programme for to-night. Vide Adv.

THE s.s. "Dovre" from Bangkok for Bombay, with timber had to enter Penang with boiler trouble.

THE East Asiatic Company's motor liner Fionia, Capt. Jensen, passed Port Said on the 6th inst., outward bound.

THE s.s. "Katong" will leave from the Borneo Company's wharf at 4 p.m. sharp, on Friday the 16th inst., and should arrive in Singapore on Monday afternoon.

THE following have booked passages by the "Katong" which leaves for Singapore on Friday:—Mr. W. G. Peinger, Mr. Truweisen, Mrs. Whittaker and Dr. Heiser.

MR. J. C. Dumbleton, Construction Engineer, Southern Siamese Railway, was successfully operated on by Dr. Grey, at the General Hospital, Penang, for appendicitis and is progressing satisfactorily.

COLONEL Henry Elliott Chevallier Kitchener, succeeds to the peerage rendered vacant by the regrettable death of Earl Kitchener. He is the late Earl's brother and was born on October 5, 1846.

THE following passengers arrived by the "Katong" yesterday:—Mr. C. Mancini, Mrs. M. A. Gay (Tourist), Mr. V. V. Lemberger (Manager, United Engineers, Singapore) Mrs. Whittaker, Mr. H. Robinson, Mr. Mock, Mr. Zacharias and Mr. Judah.

THE United States Secretary of the Navy, Mr. Daniels, has conversed by means of wireless telephone with the commander of the battleship New Hampshire, which was off the coast. This is the first time in history that such a thing has taken place.

MR. Raymond Drew, says the "Penang Gazette" whose death in France is reported, had been in the service of the Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation, Ltd., since 1907, in the Mu and Chindwin forests. He went home on leave on April 1st, 1914, and on the outbreak of war enlisted in the 22nd Royal Fusiliers, being made Sergeant almost straight away, a rank he held at the time of his death. He was 32 years of age.

THERE left the roads, yesterday evening the steamer Motopio of the Bucknill Line of steamships, says the Singapore Free Press. This ship some three months or so ago, just after it had cleared New York harbour, was held up by a German pirate who had stowed away on the ship. He threatened the crew of fifty three with two loaded revolvers, and ordered the captain to turn his ship on another course. Someone, however, was lucky enough to get behind him, and he was disarmed, and has since received a life sentence for piracy.

SAYS the "Straits Times": a Danish gentleman residing in Singapore has forwarded to us the envelope of a letter which he has received from Berlin, with the remark that apparently the letter was not opened and censored during the whole course of its journey. The postmark on the German stamp shows the name Berlin quite clearly, and on the flap of the envelope the words Hotel Atlantic, Der Kaiserhof, Berlin, are embossed. The letter, which was written by the recipient's father, was sent to Bangkok and from there redirected to Singapore. As a matter of fact it contained nothing of a suspicious nature, but it seems curious that the authorities should have passed it over.

The Netherlands Consular Court.

In the Netherlands Consular Court this morning, before H. E. the Netherlands Minister and Messrs. W. P. S. von Stein Callenfels and P. Cramer, sitting as assessors, the Krom Ayakara charged Sardjan bin Samin, a Javanese with stealing a boat from Amdeng Kong in Ayndhya on December 6 last year.

The prosecution called Amdeng Kong who testified that she had tied up her boat on the night of December 6 and the next morning found that it was missing. She made a complaint to the Kamman. Three months later she found the boat with Amdeng Suk and got the police to arrest her and seize the boat.

Amdeng Suk then gave evidence that she bought the boat from the accused.

A number of other witnesses were called to testify that the boat in question was the property of Amdeng Kong. The accused then called a witness who said that he had seen the accused buy the boat from another Malay about four years ago, paying Tcs. 35 for it.

The accused then pleaded not guilty to the charge and stated that he had bought the boat as stated by his witness and admitted having sold it to Amdeng Suk. He had used the boat in Bangkok but was never arrested for using an unregistered boat. The police had seen the boat often but did not ask him to register. When he bought the boat it was not painted; he had painted it green himself and he could not tell why his witness had said it was painted green at the time he bought it. He went to Ayndhya because a friend of his had promised to make him a present of some paddy.

At the conclusion of the accused's evidence, the two Assessors and Nai J. F. G. Tilaka, who appeared for the Krom Ayakara, went and examined the boat in question at the Harbour Department.

The Court intimated that judgment would be given on Monday next.

Amazing Russia.

Petrograd, June 8.—"The enemy has had a practical demonstration of the increase of our war material," says the communique, describing the latest Russian victories. "The fighting has strengthened our confidence that with the development of this material the enemy's fortified lines can be effectively destroyed. Brilliant results against the Austrians were achieved after only three days' fighting, such were the valour and dash of the Russians, ending in dislodging the enemy from strongly fortified positions. Numbers of enemy batteries were captured intact by our infantry."

No Time to Boast.

The desperation of the fighting is evidenced by a passage in the communique: "Prudence prevents the disclosing of the names of the gallant regiments fighting, sometimes after the loss of all their officers or the names of the brave generals and officers killed and wounded, or the identification of localities."

Amsterdam, June 8.—An Austrian communique admits a withdrawal in the Lutsk sector before strongly superior forces and speaks of no fewer than seven Russian attacks in the course of the day.

The Tsar Delighted.

Petrograd, June 8.—The Tsar has telegraphed to General Brusiloff his heartfelt gratitude for the troops' successes in Volynia, Galicia and Bukovina. He said that he was watching with pride and satisfaction their bold deeds, and was convinced that they would fight till the final, glorious victory was achieved.

A communique confirms the latest great captures, to which it adds 49 trench-mortars, many telephones, searchlights and field-kitchens and huge quantities of arms and material, reserve stores and munitions.

Turks Getting It Hot.

It adds: The Russian artillery in the Caucasus stopped an offensive by large Turkish forces in the direction of Erzdindjan, while in the Hauekid district, in the direction of Bagdad, the Russians captured fortified Turkish positions and cavalry attacked the Turkish trenches, sabering several battalions there.

Petrograd, June 8.—The news of General Brusiloff's success has been received with quiet satisfaction. Though details of localities are withheld, it is clear that the Austrian line has been pierced at several places, and as the three hundred miles of battle is still in the initial stages, a catastrophe for a considerable part of the Austrians is anticipated.

Austrians' Enormous Losses. From the number of prisoners, it is estimated that the Austrian losses during three days fighting were a hundred thousand. The superiority of the Russian gunfire is shown by the fact that the Austrians in the trenches at many points were too dazed to resist when the Russian infantry attacked.

The Austrians spent the winter strengthening the defences. Often the Russian guns had to destroy fourteen rows of the thickest wire, compared with nine, the largest number last year.

An Empire's Grief.

Lord Kitchener's Tragic End Mourned.

London, June 7.—Despatches from all over the world testify to the feeling evoked by the tragic death of Lord Kitchener. Messages from the Dominions emphasise the heaviness of the loss, but state that the Empire will not relax her effort in the slightest.

General Botha announced the death in the Assembly, which forthwith adjourned.

London, June 8.—The President of France, M. Poincaré, has telegraphed to King George stating that the whole of France participates in the mourning of Britain and the British Empire and pays tribute to Lord Kitchener and his eminent qualities.

King George, replying, refers to the cruel loss that he and the country have sustained, and to Lord Kitchener's great services to the common cause.

Most sympathetic telegrams have also been exchanged by M. Briand and Mr. Asquith (the two Premiers) and Generals Joffre and Robertson, and Cadorna and Robertson.

Paris, June 8.—After warm tributes to Lord Kitchener, the Chamber expressed its condolences with Britain.

Paris, June 7.—M. Briand has telegraphed to Mr. Asquith the condolence of the French Government. He says that the whole of France mourns the loss of a great chief, who made a magnificent army spring from British soil. They will never forget that Kitchener fought in the French ranks in 1870.

Telegrams from all the Allied and neutral countries show how deeply Britain's loss is appreciated. It is noteworthy that the news reached Copenhagen from Berlin at three o'clock in the afternoon, but was delayed until it was announced by the British Legation at five o'clock in the evening. Colonel Henry Kitchener succeeds to the peerage.

The Daily Express says that Colonel Fitzgerald's body was washed ashore yesterday.

Spies in England.

The Daily Mail re-demands the internment of alien enemies still at large, especially those in high places. It says that Lord Kitchener's intention to go to Russia was known by many in London on Thursday. The news may have reached the enemy through spies.

London, June 7.—The papers to-day have columns of appreciations of the great soldier-administrator. The editorials are enshrined in mourning borders. It is pointed out that though bound on an important mission he would never have left England at this juncture unless he was assured that the organisation of the army was so perfected that his absence would not be detrimental.

However poignant the Nation's sorrow at present, its sense of loss will be sharply renewed when peace negotiations begin, for Lord Kitchener was a born negotiator, as he showed at Fashoda and Vereeniging.

Remarkable tributes to Lord Kitchener are pouring in from all quarters. Speeches at municipalities and public meetings pay tribute to his memory and declare that the tragedy will make Britons more grimly determined to fight till victory.

A Disappointed Ambition.

London, June 7.—A writer of some personal recollections of Lord Kitchener in the Westminster Gazette, says that he had set his mind on being Viceroy of India, and when Lord Hardinge was chosen he suffered the disappointment of his life. He made no concealment of his feelings, and for a time spoke as if nothing remained for him but the grave, but the appointment to Egypt was an immense consolation, and after he had been there a year he probably would not have exchanged Cairo for India.

The Cologne Gazette pays a tribute to the great organising talent shown by Lord Kitchener in South Africa and in his reorganisation of the Indian army.

His Life Triumph.

London, June 7.—Lord Desborough, presiding at the Imperial Council of Commerce luncheon, read what may be regarded as one of Lord Kitchener's last messages, contained in a letter to Lord Desborough regarding the war: "We have to stick it out. We have to do our very best until release comes. I only wish that I could do more, or rather that what I do was better work."

London, June 7.—Mr. Balfour, speaking at the luncheon of the Imperial Council of Commerce, said that Lord Kitchener was the most striking figure in all the Allied countries. His life triumph was the creation of the vast military machine which was now prepared to do its share in the military labours of the Allies.

He died as he would have wished, suddenly and in the height of his fame, in the midst of the work that he was doing for his country.

The Army's Message.

London, June 7.—General Haig has telegraphed saying that the death of Lord Kitchener has aroused the deepest regret in all ranks. "His memory will remain with us as an incentive. We shall not rest till we have brought his work to a culmination in enduring victory."

Mr. Asquith Takes Charge.

London, June 7.—Mr. Asquith is in temporary charge of the War Office.

History of Trengganu.

Early Negotiations With Captain Light.

In the report on Trengganu by Mr. J. L. Humphreys for the past year there is reproduced the following interesting historical evidence of the dealings of that State with Siam in the time of Captain Light:

"In his report for 1910 the British Agent, Mr. W. D. Scott, gave an interesting summary of Trengganu history. It is worth while, as an addition to that record, to draw attention to the remarkable correspondence that passed between the second Sultan of Trengganu, Mansur Rayat Shah, and Captain Light, founder, in 1786, of Penang. Several of these letters are given in the Praxis attached to William Marsden's Grammar of the Malayan Language (published in 1812) as specimens of Malay composition. As this book is out of print, I ventured to quote the following extracts from the Sultan's letters, as being of particular interest both for their matter and tone:

LETTER OF SULTAN MANSUR I TO CAPTAIN LIGHT, 1787.

"In addition to this we acquaint our son that whilst the King of Siam remained at Sangora he gave orders for summoning the King of Kedah, the King of Patani, and the King of Trengganu to do homage. The reply from the King of Patani being in terms not conciliatory, his country was invaded by the Siamese, subdued, and laid waste. With regard to the letter addressed to us, we stated, in answer to it, that it never had been customary from the earliest times to appear personally before the King of Siam, but only to convey to him a flower of gold flagree, and another of silver. Some time after this there arrived an envoy from him, who demanded that an hundred pieces of cannon, and likewise all Siamese subjects, who had settled in Trengganu, should be delivered to him. He further required a variety of rich articles of furniture. His demands upon us were highly exorbitant and oppressive. Our alarm on the occasion was very great, and we counselled the country in order to be in a situation to resist the King of Siam; but through the aid of God and his Prophet, he returned to his own territory, carrying off with him a number of the Patanese whom he had seized. We shall now proceed to make our son acquainted with the genealogy of the Kings of Johore down to our own time, for his consideration." (On this descent he grounds his resistance to the King of Siam's claim for personal homage.)

"Written on the fifteenth day of the month Shaban, in the year 1201. (1787)."

SECOND LETTER, 1787.

"The King of Siam still persists in requiring that either your royal and gracious father or the heir apparent should appear in his presence; but from the beginning of time, through all generations, the Kings of Johore never did personal homage to the Kings of Siam, but only sent complimentary messages. With regard to this journey to the presence of the King your Royal father has not yet made up his mind; but, on the other hand, the King has declared, that if his will is not obeyed he intends to enter our country in the fifth moon from this time.

"Now if our son feels any concern for our situation, he will give orders for a couple of guarda costas to proceed to this place in the course of four months, bringing with them a set of English colours. There is nothing we can send in token of our affection but two pieces of cloth; they are not a suitable gift, and must be considered merely as if we presented him with a flower. This letter is written on the sixth day of the month Safar, being Friday at nine o'clock, in the year 1202 (1787)."

THIRD LETTER, 1792.

"The reason for making this request is that we still continue at variance with the King of Siam, and are unable to ascertain his good or bad intentions. We have transmitted to him the flower of gold and the flower of silver, together with the usual present in money, but no answer from him has been yet received. In the beginning of this year he came to Patani and snatched it, utterly ruining and laying it waste, and putting to death the principal people."

"On this account we are apprehensive that in the ensuing season he may perhaps come and invade Trengganu. If a ship could by any means be spared, it would assist in enabling us to resist the power of Siam."

"Furthermore, with respect to the articles forwarded to us by our son, they are arrived, but we have taken only such as we fancied—namely, a time piece, two pairs of mirrors, a piece of green and one of purple velvet, two pieces of gold tissue, and one parcel of lace; the value of which amounts to \$1,532 Spanish dollars. Written on the third day of the month Safar, on the night of Thursday, in the year 1207 (1792)."

THE "Peking Gazette" states:—The Presidential succession is no longer a question—it is now become a constitutional reality. By a historic act the South has proclaimed General Li Yuan Heng the new president of China. That is the great message announced in a Reuter despatch from Canton. And that is the headline reply which the Southern intellect has delivered to the pernicious thought of the mediaeval Northern mind of the Nanking Trimmings and the indecision of the Mandarinate in Peking.

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IN THE RECENT

FIRE

AT THE

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Of two safes installed, one had already successfully resisted the fire at The Teck Lee Mill in 1914.

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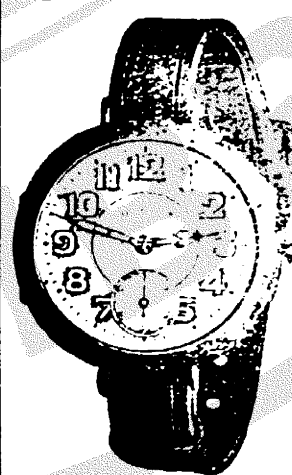
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Very latest designs in 8 day
WRISTLET WATCHES
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Nickel or gun metal	Tcs. 13.-
Nickel (dust and Waterproof)	13.-
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Silver (Unbreakable crystal)	15.-
Nickel and gun metal combined	15.-
Silver hunter (Military)	15.-
Silver (Protected very bad)	15.-
Rolled gold (Warranted 5 Years)	19.-

N.B.—Above watches can all be supplied with luminous dial and hands, at an extra cost of Tcs. 3.- each.

These 8-day watches are specially recommended for rough wear. Invaluable for up country and jungle wear.

Our 8-day watches are all sold with 3 years written guarantee.

Only from S. A. B. (Société Anonyme Belge)

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Greece's Attitude.

London, June 8.—The Foreign Office announces that the attitude of the Greek Government in connection with the surrender of Greek territory to Bulgarian troops has made it necessary for the Allies to take certain precautionary measures respecting the export of coal and respecting Greek shipping in British ports, with the object of preventing supplies reaching the enemy. The Allies are considering restrictive measures affecting Greek ports.

Coal Supplies Stopped.

London, June 9.—Orders have been issued at Cardiff prohibiting the export of coal to Greece.

Athens, June 9.—Despite the absence of official communication, it is believed that the blockade of the Greek mercantile marine has been enforced since the 7th. Maritime circles in the Piræus are thunderstruck at the sudden blow.

Official circles are most active. There are frequent Ministerial conferences, and the Premier is being constantly received by the King.

Soldiers Sent Home.

Athens, June 9.—The Cabinet Council has decided on a partial demobilisation. A decree is to be issued immediately disbanding twelve of the senior classes.

Loss of the Hampshire.

London, June 8.—Naval men do not believe that the Hampshire was torpedoed, as the weather was too stormy and the scene of the disaster is always well patrolled. It is stated at Kirkwall that the Hampshire sank in twenty minutes. A number of bodies has been recovered and Col. Fitzgerald's is expected at Thurso to-day for conveyance southward.

London, June 8.—It now appears that there are some survivors from the Hampshire and the relatives of two sailors aboard have been notified by the Admiralty of their safety.

London, June 8.—Official: A warrant officer and eleven men from the Hampshire were washed ashore on a raft.

The King and Kitchener.

London, June 8.—The King has telegraphed his condolences to Mrs. Parker, sister of Lord Kitchener. He says that he has lost an old and valued friend, upon whose devotion he ever relied with the utmost confidence.

The Sirdar has telegraphed his heartfelt sympathy with Lord Kitchener's family on behalf of the administration of the Sudan and Egyptian army, and the Sudanese, whom Kitchener released from tyranny.

The Ministry for War.

London, June 8.—The papers generally urge that a civilian be appointed as a successor to Lord Kitchener. The name of Mr. Lloyd George is most frequently mentioned, but the claims of Mr. Churchill and Lord Derby are also discussed. The report that Field Marshal French has been already offered the post is not confirmed. The Daily Chronicle says that Mr. Asquith will probably appoint a member of the House of Commons.

Austro-Italian Campaign.

Rome, June 8.—Further fierce fighting on the Italian front is reported in the communiqué, but no Italian retirements. On the contrary, the Italians gained ground in several directions in the Orler group. A battle is raging on the whole Settle Comuni front.

On Tuesday evening, after intense artillery preparations, repeated attacks were made on the Italian positions southwest and south of Asiago. Desperate night-long fighting ended in the defeat of the assaulting columns. But on Wednesday afternoon dense masses of infantry were repeatedly hurled against the same positions. They were repulsed with enormous losses.

Mr. Hughes' Vigorous Speech.

London, June 8.—The Commonwealth Premier, Mr. Hughes, in a speech at the Imperial Council of Commerce, paid a tribute to Lord Kitchener, "one of the Empire's greatest sons." He said that the naval battle had decided for all time the issue between the British and German fleets. He had found the British Forces in France fit and cheery, ready and determined to see the thing through.

We must see the Allies placed in a position of equality as regards munitions, which they were not to-day. When they obtained them equally, our men were confident they would be able to hew their way through the enemy's ranks. We must work as never before to secure victory. He believed that the full exercise of the economic weapon would end the war sooner than we anticipated.

London, June 7.—General Northey reports (from East Africa): the enemy is retiring, our columns being in pursuit, and capturing prisoners and stores. The garrison of Namema (reported on May 30 as invested) broke out on Friday night, losing heavily. The commandant was wounded and captured. Our losses in these operations were very small.

The Ypres Salient.

Germans in British Trenches Again.

London, June 7.—General Haig, in his communique, says: There was heavy fighting in the afternoon east of Ypres. The enemy at noon opened a heavy bombardment round Hooge and Ypres, and exploded a series of mines between three and 4.30 in the afternoon at various points on a two thousand yards front north of Hooge. These were followed by unsuccessful infantry attacks. The enemy immediately north of Hooge penetrated our front trenches after the explosion of mines. Fighting continues, but our general line is still intact.

An Australian Enterprise.
Enemy attacks further north were unsuccessful. The day was comparatively quiet on the remainder of the front. We exploded a defensive mine north of Rodincourt, considerably damaging the enemy's galleries. Small bodies of British last night entered the German trenches at three points, inflicting casualties, bombing shelters,

damaging the trenches and capturing prisoners. Inclement weather yesterday hampered operations in the air.

London, June 8.—General Haig, in a communique, says: There were heavy reciprocal bombardments east of Ypres last night and to-day. The enemy yesterday captured our front line trenches in the ruins of the village of Hooge. His attacks at other portions of the line failed. Another small attack west of Hooge this morning was repulsed.

The Australians during the night entered the German trenches east of Bois Grenier, inflicting loss and bringing back prisoners. We also successfully raided the enemy trenches east of Catinchy.

Has Fort Vaux Fallen?
Paris, June 7.—The morning communique says: There were no infantry actions on the northern front of Verdun, but the artillery duel raged undiminished in the Vaux-Damloup region.

Battalion commander Raynal, who is defending fort Vaux with tireless energy, has been appointed Commander of the Legion of Honour.

Paris, June 7.—A communique says: A powerful German attack in the evening on Vaux fort was repulsed in disorder, with heavy loss, by our machine gun fire. There was an intense bombardment of our first line at Hartmannswiller.

Paris, June 8.—A communique says: Artillery was very active at Hill 304 and left of the Meuse. The bombardment of our first and second lines between Douaumont and Damloup, on the right of the Meuse, continued most violently.

The Germans announce to-day the capture of Fort Vaux on Tuesday evening. The fort was still in our hands

Roosevelt Comes Again.

London, June 7.—Conventions of the Republicans and Progressives, of whom Mr. Roosevelt is leader, assembled simultaneously at Chicago. Senator Harding was the temporary chairman of the former party and eloquently appealed for party reunion. He condemned President Wilson's war policy as consisting more of rhetoric than resolution. He advocated the expansion of national defence and a return to high tariffs.

Mr. Robbins, presiding over the Progressives, said that preparedness was the paramount issue.

Roosevelt is the man of the hour. The prevailing opinion in Chicago is that the outcome will be the nomination of Judge Hughes of the Supreme Court as the Republican candidate. Judge Hughes refuses to discuss politics, owing to his position.

Dublin Court Martial.

London, June 7.—At a court martial at Dublin, Lord Chylesmore presiding, Captain Bowen Colthurst was charged with the willful murder, alternatively manslaughter, of the journalists Sheehy, Skellington, Dickson and Macintyre during the rebellion.

The Prosecutor said that the accused gave as his reason for shooting the deceased that he intended to prevent their escape or rescue.

An officer deposed that Skellington admitted sympathy with Sinn Feinism. After military and medical evidence that the prisoner was mentally irresponsible following seventy-two hours on duty, the Court was adjourned.

London, June 7.—The Dublin court martial closed at six o'clock.

Post-War Policy.

London, June 8.—The Imperial Council of Commerce passed, with three dissentients, a resolution urging that arrangements should be made at the earliest possible date for reciprocal preferential trading within the Empire and between the Empire and its Allies, the favourable treatment of neutrals, and restriction of tariffs and otherwise of trade relations with our enemies, so as to make dumping or the return of pre-war conditions impossible.



Sir James McKelvey said that it would be unwise to legislate on the assumption that our friends and enemies of to-day would be our friends and enemies of to-morrow, and suggested that the motion should be modified in that respect.

at four o'clock this morning, but since then communication therewith has been impossible, owing to the violence of the bombardment.

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Royal, Gold "
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" " " "	2-50	"
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" " " "	2-00	"

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The Future of Trengganu.

The annual report on the States of Trengganu has reached us says a straits Exchange and from it we make the following extracts:—

During last year—the first year in which a detailed statement of accounts was issued—the revenue reached \$183,723, of which half came from the various farms, about a fifth from wolfram and tin duties, about a twelfth from land revenue, about one twelfth from other offices and out districts and the remainder miscellaneous. The expenditure totalled \$183,470 or just under the revenue, and of this fifty per cent went to the Sultan and Royal family, thirty per cent. to other emoluments, fifteen per cent. to other charges and five per cent. to public works. The proportions of course strike a European mind very queerly, but they will probably alter considerably with the prosperity which will come from development of the country. Mr. Humphreys, who writes the report, notes that the revenue does not include all the receipts as several of the minor farms are the personal property of the members of the Royal family and some of the departments deducted running expenses before handing over the collections to the Treasurer.

Possibly the most important work carried out during the year was the reform of the currency. This was effected by the Trengganu Treasury undertaking to redeem all British dollars brought in and to enable this to be done a loan of fifty thousand was contracted with the Straits Government. The British dollar ceased to be legal tender on August 11, at which date 67,582 had been redeemed at 66 cents and 37,870 at 70 cents. (There was, it will be remembered, though this is not stated in the report, some disapproval of the measure by traders who saw their coinage profits threatened). The Government were resolute in carrying out the needed change and a good many of the old dollars were shipped to Siam and China. The result is now that the currency is on a stable basis and better prepared to cope with any further currency reform which may be needed.

The total Chinese population is put at 1,160 and the chandu sales reached \$118,805, the farm rent being \$32,509. The liquor farm duty totalled \$4,000. The kerosene farm was seized by the Government for alleged frauds in subtraction of oil from the tins. The Farmer, a Chinese Trengganu subject, petitioned the Governor and after enquiry the value of stocks seized returned to him together with an

advance made by him for extension of the farm. Since then there has been no farm and Mr. Humphreys urges one of the large oil companies to take in hand the supplying of oil for which the potential demand is great. On the general question of farms Mr. Humphreys says they are unsatisfactory and he looks to the time when the Government will look after its own revenue. The population is put at 155,000, two thirds of which dwell on the Trengganu or Nerus rivers.

For the last three years the Government has endeavoured to organize on the Johore model of Sultan Abu Bakar which implies centralization as its main principle. Great delays characterized the working of the State Council. The communications of the State are difficult and in consequence the village headman system having died out and the central Government not being as yet properly organized, the out-districts are not well under control. His Highness the Sultan has applied for the services of a European officer as President of the State Council and Mr. C. N. Maxwell has been lent.

Regarding trade it is to be noted that whilst revenue for the past few years has shown a tendency to decrease the trade in exports has risen considerably and steadily, whilst imports remain steady. These trade figures refer only to Singapore, it being impossible to obtain others, but there is a fair trade with Siam and Cochin China. Exports are hampered by the many export farms which penalise the cargo from its source to the moment it leaves the State. Mr. Humphreys gives the population a high character for industry, ability and adventurous trading and notes that the increase of population is bringing about a state of struggle for existence owing to the limited amount of open land available. The poll tax was abolished when the Bunga Mas was stopped in 1910 and the country is as yet free from the Indian money lender. The report gives details of the few rubber and coconut estates already in being and states that the agricultural possibilities of the State are good for most kinds of Malayan production. Tin exports reached 6,680 pikuls and wolfram 2,409 pikuls. Gold and iron ore have also been reported.

The condition of the police force was not generally satisfactory and the report notes an increase of offences against property, probably due to the economic pressure previously noted, and also to the fact that the wearing of arms having been prohibited, the deterrent to evil-doers has been removed without any counter-vailing check being imposed. The health of the State was good. Education was backward but religious teaching was good, whilst a Chinese school was excellent

and well attended. Post office work generally showed considerable growth and a survey for a telegraph line was made. Mr. Humphreys urges the necessity of this as the State is cut off during the north-east monsoon for weeks at a time.

The report records the visit of the Sultan to Kelantan, and to Singapore, to see His Excellency the Governor, the acceptance of Mr. C. N. Maxwell as President of Council, the visit of Mr. W. G. Maxwell regarding the apprehension of Kelantan rebels, and the visit of the Malay States Guides under Capt. Blandford and Major Borton and Mr. Bangham Carter to B. out.

The report concludes with an interesting historical account of Trengganu's dealings with the British in relation to its connection with Siam. This is of considerable length and unusual interest as a record, and is printed elsewhere.

Rainfall.

We have received the following telegraphic reports of rainfall from the Department of Agriculture, Ministry of Lands and Agriculture:

MONDOL KRUNG DEP.			
At Samudprakar June 9	9.0	mm.	
Min. of L. & A.	10	13.2	
MONDOL KRUNG KAO.			
At Krung Kao June 8	23.9		
Angtong	8	122.0	
Singhauri	8	7.3	
Krung Kao	9	19.4	
Angtong	9	9.0	
Singhauri	9	5.9	
Sraburi	9	7.5	
Singhauri	10	1.4	
MONDOL NAGOR JALING.			
At Subariburi June 8	16.0		
Sundusagor	8	27.5	
N. N. gor Pathom	9	24.5	
Sundusagor	9	10.0	
MONDOL RABURU.			
At Rajburi June 8	51.2		
Kanchanaburi	8	6.5	
Rajburi	9	28.5	
Bejraburi	9	21.6	
Sundusongram	9	10.5	
Bejraburi	10	1.5	
MONDOL PRACHIN.			
At Prachinburi June 8	29.1		
Khao Seng	8	30.3	
Nagor Nakh	8	18.5	
Prachinburi	9	10.0	
Nagor Nakh	9	57.5	
Jolburi	9	31.0	
Krabinradaburi	9	13.5	
MONDOL NAGOR SVARGA.			
At Nagor Svarga June 8	32.0		
Udailhant	8	62.3	
Jaimel	8	11.3	
Tak	8	8.5	

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TIME TABLE.

LINE 1—BANGKABUE TO BANG QUANG & MUANG NAWN.	
Boats leave Bangkok to Bang Quang, Muang Nawn & Pakret.	
a.m. 6.10, 7.30, 8.00, 9.30, 10.30, 11.40, 12.10.	
p.m. 1, 1.30, 2.30, 3.10, 3.50, 4.40, 5.30, daily.	
Bangkok to Samkuk ... 2.30 p.m. daily.	
" " Kai Koh Yai ... 1.00 ...	
LINE 2—TANON TOK TO PAKLAT in connection with Paklat Tram Cars Thabin	
Boats leave Tanon Tok every full and half hour from 6.30 a.m. to 7.30 p.m.	
After 7.30 when sufficient passengers.	
LINE 3—THA CHANG WANG LUANG TO KLONG BANGKOK NOI.	
Boats leave Tha Chang Wang Luang landing a.m. 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30, and 12.30 and p.m. 1.30, 2.30, 3.30 and 4.30 daily.	
LINE 4—KLONG SAMRONG LOCK TO BANG HIA.	
Boats leave the Lock in connection with the Paknam Railway train 10.15 a.m. from Bangkok.	

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TIME TABLE

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Bangkok Dep.				Ban Meh			
a.m.	a.m.	p.m.	p.m.	a.m.	a.m.	p.m.	p.m.
7.00	9.48	1.25	3.33	9.7
Ayuthia Arr.				Den Chai			
9.3	11.41	3.33	5.45	p.m.	...	...	...
				12.38	...	...	...
Ban Phaji Arr.				Tha Sao			
9.17	12.20	4.24	6.30	7.1	2.21	...	...
				7.18	2.40	...	...
				8.16	3.26	...	...
Ban Phaji Dep.				Sawa'loke Dep.			
9.57	12.57	4.30	...	a.m.	p.m.	...	...
Lopburi Arr.	11.5	1.55	5.48	7	2.10	...	...
				8.1	3.11	...	...
Chengket Dep.				Ban Dara Arr.			
12.33	3.38	...	7.2	a.m.	p.m.	...	...
Pak'pho Arr.	2.17	5.40	...	8.24	3.32	...	...
				10.43	5.30	...	...
Pak'pho Dep.				Pitsa'loke Dep.			
2.26	6.30	...	...	p.m.	a.m.	...	...
Pitsa'loke Arr.	6	11.5	...	1.45	...	...	...
				6.20	...	...	10.34
Pitsa'loke Dep.				Ban Dara Arr.			
7.1	2.2	...	...	a.m.	a.m.	a.m.	a.m.
Ban Dara Arr.	9.5	4.18	...	3.52	...	7.20	10.43
				9.20	4.40	...	...
Ban Dara Dep.				Chengket Arr.			
...	...	...	...	10.21	5.41	...	...
			
Ban Dara Dep.				Lopburi Dep.			
...
			
Ban Dara Dep.				Ban Phaji Arr.			
...
			
Ban Dara Dep.				Korat Dep.			
...
			
Ban Dara Dep.				Gengkoi			
...
			
Ban Dara Dep.				Ban Phaji Arr.			
...
			
Ban Dara Dep.				Ban Phaji Dep.			
...
			
Ban Dara Dep.				Ayuthia			
...
			
Ban Dara Dep.				Bangkok Arr.			
...
			
Ban Dara Dep.				Petrien Dep.			
...
			
Ban Dara Dep.				Bangkok Arr.			
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