

"Siam Observer"
Oldest Established
Daily Newspaper
in Siam.
Has the Largest
Circulation.
Subscriptions
English Edition
70s. 50 per annum.
Siam Edition
70s. 25 per annum.

The Siam Observer.

"Siam Observer"
STATIONERY STORE
STOCKS
Account Books,
Office Regulations
and
Stationery of
Every Description.

FIRST DAILY TO BE PUBLISHED IN SIAM.

VOL 44. NO. 160

BANGKOK MONDAY, JULY 29 1918.

PRICE 25 SATANGS

STEAMER SAILINGS.

K. P. M.

Service to

AUSTRALIA

Special 5000 Tons Tourist Steamers
calling at
BATAVIA, SOERABAYA, PORT
DARWIN, PORT MORESBY,
BRISBANE, SYDNEY, MELBOURNE
vice versa
From Singapore in connection with the
special fast saloon steamers
Melchior Treub and Rumphius.

For particulars apply to

DIETHELM & Co., LTD.,

Agents

British India Steam Navigation Co., Ltd.

The s.s. "Mata Hari" is due day-
break 1st August to load for Singapore
direct.

For rates of freight and other partic-
ulars etc.

Apply.

The Bombay Burmah Trading
Corporation Limited.

BURNS-PHILP-LINE

SINGAPORE-JAVA-AUSTRALIA
(MONTHLY SERVICE)

CALLING AT

Batavia, Samarang, Sourabaya,
Port Darwin, Thursday Island,
Brisbane and Sydney via
Torres Straits.

Through booking to all Ports in
Australia and New Zealand.

For freight, passage, full particulars
and Guide Books, etc., apply to

THE ARRACAN COMPANY, LTD.
AGENTS

HARP HENG LONG

We beg to inform the Public that
we have just opened our shop in
Jawarat Road, Nos. 104-109. We
have received a large stock of Iron
and Brassware, Paint and Oils, &c., &c.
House and Boat Builders and Con-
tractors are invited to pay us a visit.

Our prices are very moderate.

Lloyd de France Insurance Co., Ltd.

Incorporated in France.

ARE PREPARED TO ACCEPT
THE USUAL

FIRE RISKS, MARINE INSURANCE, AND WAR RISKS.

For detailed particulars apply

Malcolm Beranger.

AGENT

NEWEST STYLES IN MILLINERY.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED BY PARCEL POST
THE LATEST STYLES IN SMART MODEL
MILLINERY, NO TWO HATS ALIKE, WHITE AND
NEWEST SHADES IN DAINTY COLOURS.

THE
STORE
FOR
NEW
AND
SMART
GOODS



SHOW
DAYS
EVERY
DAY
AT
OUR
STORE

Novelty and Freshness are the principal features expressed in
this latest consignment of Ladies' Model Millinery.
An early purchase is strongly recommended.

WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & CO., LTD.

P. & O.-BRITISH INDIA

AND

APCAR LINE

(Companies incorporated in England)

Mail and Passenger Services.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. CO.

(Under Contract with H. B. M.'s Government)

The Company's MAIL SERVICES EAST OF BOMBAY
are at present suspended.

The Company's INTERMEDIATE SERVICES TO AND FROM LONDON
are at present suspended.

Passengers for Europe are booked via Bombay as opportunity offers
and as far as accommodation is available.

The P. & O. Company shall be at liberty to cancel any of their obligations
in the present state of affairs and hold themselves free from all liability.

THE BORNEO COMPANY, LTD.

Agents.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

Japanese Mail Steamship Company.

Full particulars as to

Sailing Dates,

Passage Rates,

Accommodation

&c., &c.

May be had on application.

Round the World Tickets issued in either direction.

THE BORNEO COMPANY, LIMITED

Agents.

DANISH CIGARS.

A very fine selection of Cigars

now on show:

ROI CHILD

CARDINALES

EXCEPTIONALES

CAMINANTE

LA BAJADERA

ESPANOLA

HAVANNA HOUSE

JUNO

ANTOINETTE

PUNCH

SILVANA

CASSIDA

VASCO DE GAMA

EXCELLENTE

PRINCESSAS

BOHEME

YRURAC RAI

FLORA DANICA

NIHIL SINE LABORE

PRENZADOS

QUINTA ESSENCIA

DOMINO

LADY

SILVIA

CIGARILLOS:

LA CADENA

LILLI

DOLCES

OPERAS

Superior Quality.

Cheap Prices.

Delightful Aroma.

Fine Workmanship.

Oriental Store
Bangkok

SOLE AGENTS FOR SIAM.

THE EAST ASIATIC CO., LTD.

Bangkok-Europe Line

THE SIAM STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LTD.

(Incorporated by Royal Charter.)

West coast Mail Service.

For Prachuab, Jumbor, Tako, Langsuan, Bandon, Nager, Sriharmanay,
Songkhla, Pattani, Panarai, Saiburi, Narathivas, Takbat, Kolantan, Bacho,
Bomersak, Bient, Tringganu, Krotay and Singapore.

Departures from Bangkok

s.s. "Asdang"	...	...	20. 7. 18.
s.s. "Suddhalit"	...	...	27. 7. 18.
s.s. "Prachatipok"	...	...	3. 8. 18.
s.s. "Asdang"	...	...	10. 8. 18.
s.s. "Suddhalit"	...	...	17. 8. 18.
s.s. "Prachatipok"	...	...	24. 8. 18.
s.s. "Asdang"	...	...	31. 8. 18.

East Coast Mail Service.

For Siriraja, Kohsichang, Koh Pra, Rayong, Koh Samit, Ohandaburi,
Van Yao, Lem Ngoh, Krat & Koh Kong

Departures from Bangkok

s.s. "Ohutatch"	Wednesday noon	not calling at	Krat
s.s. "Krat"	Saturday	"	Kohsichang, Koh Pra and Koh Kong.

All the steamers are fitted throughout with Electric Light and have exacer-
ant Accommodation for First Class Passengers.

For Freight, Passage and Particulars apply to

THE EAST ASIATIC COMPANY, Ltd.

Managing Agents.

BANKING COMPANIES

BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE

Head Office: 15 bis Rue Laffitte, Paris.
Capital Frs. 48,000,000
Reserves " 43,000,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS

M. Baron Hely d'Oisel, Chairman.
A. de Monplaisir, Deputy Chairman.

M. E. Bessonnet M. P. Boyer
P. Desvaux A. de Gernigny
H. Gernant R. de Fregomail
L. Masson Roume
Gerard Staudenis Simon
Edgard Stern

Managing Director: M. Staudenis Simon
Joint-Manager: Thion de la Chaume
Government Supervisor: M. Demartial

Branches and Agencies.
Bangkok Hanoi Pondicherry
Batavia Montze Saigon
Canton Tientsin Singapore
Djibouti Hongkong
Haiphong Peking Tourane
Hankow Noumea Papeete
Phnom-Penh

Bankers.
Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris
Credit Lyonnais.
Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas.
Credit Industriel et Commercial
Societe Generale.
The Union of London & Smiths Bank, Ltd., London.

Bangkok Agency.
Transact banking and exchange business of every description—discount local and foreign credit on approved securities—issue letters of credit available in the principal cities of Europe, Asia, Africa and America—receive deposits on current account and allow 1 per cent. per annum interest on daily balances—receive fixed deposits according to arrangement.

J. DEMAY, Acting Manager.

The Siam Commercial Bank Ltd.

(Incorporated by Royal Charter.)

PAID UP CAPITAL
TICALS 3,300,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

H. E. Phya Jaeyos Sombati (Chairman)
H. E. Phya Boribun Rajasombati
H. E. Phya Boribun Kosakorn
Luang Riddhi Narongron
H. E. Phya Choduk Rajasethi
G. H. Ardron
H. E. Phya Suphan Sombati

National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.
Bankers

Swiss Bank Corporation.

AGENTS—

New York & Japan—International Banking Corporation.

France & Bombay—Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris.

Calcutta—International Banking Corporation.

Hongkong & Shanghai—International Banking Corporation.

Singapore—Netherlands Trading Society.

Penang—Netherlands Trading Society.

The Institution buys, sells, and collects Bills of Exchange on Europe, America, India, China and Japan and transacts every description of Exchange and Banking business.

Current Account Deposits at 1% on daily balances.

Rates of Interest allowed on the fixed deposits may be ascertained on application.

Safe-Deposit Lockers let to the public at monthly rental.

Apply for particulars

Office hours ... 9 a.m. to 3 p.m.

Saturdays ... 9 a.m. to 12 noon.

G. H. ARDRON, Manager.

Bangkok, March 6, 1918.

BANGKOK LIBRARY.

Suriwongse Road

(Near the Lawn Tennis Club.)

Open daily, Sundays excepted.

Sept. 1st to Feb. 28th—1 to 6.30 p.m.

March 1st to Aug. 31st—4.30 to 7 p.m.

Annual Subscription Tcs. 20

Half yearly Subscription Tcs. 12

Quarterly " " 8

Monthly subscription Tcs. 3 for visitors only, who will be required to deposit Tcs. 5.

Subscriptions, payable in advance, date from day of payment, and may be handed in at the library any time in the year or sent to

MRS. H. GITTINS,

Hon. Secretary and Treasurer.

BANKING COMPANIES

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID UP CAPITAL ... \$15,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS
STERLING £1,500,000 @ 2/- \$15,000,000
SILVER ... 19,500,000

33,500,000

RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS \$15,000,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS.

Hon. Mr. P. H. Holyoak—Chairman.
G. T. M. Edkins, Esq.—Deputy
S. H. Godwell, Esq. E. V. D. Parr, Esq.
C. S. Gubbay, Esq. W. L. Pattenden, Esq.
Hon. Mr. D. Landale. J. A. Plummer, Esq.
Hon. Mr. E. Shellum.

HEAD OFFICE.

HONGKONG.

CHIEF MANAGER.

N. J. STABB.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES

Ansoy Ipoh Peking
Bangkok Johore Penang
Batavia Kobe Rangoon
Bombay Kuala Lumpur Saigon
Calcutta London San Francisco
Canton Lyons Shanghai
Colombo Malacca Singapore
Fookchow Manila Sourabaya
Hankow Nagasaki Tientsin
Hongkong New York Yokohama

BANKING AGENCY

INTEREST Allowed on current accounts at the rate of 1 per cent per annum on the daily balances.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received in terms which can be ascertained on application.

Letters of credit issued available in the Principal Cities of the world.

Drafts granted. Bills negotiated or sent for collection and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Office Hours: 9 a.m. to 3 p.m.

Saturdays: 9 " " 12 noon

E. W. TOWNEND, Agent.

Chartered Bank

OF INDIA AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

PAID-UP CAPITAL ... £1,200,000

RESERVE FUND ... £2,000,000

FURTHER LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS ... £1,200,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS.

Sir Montagu Cornish Turner, (Chairman)

Sir Duncan Carmichael.

Thomas Guthrie, Esq.

Sir Alfred Dent, K.C.M.G.

William Henry Neville Goschen, Esq.

The Rt. Hon. Lord George Hamilton, G.C.S.I.

W. Forster Mitchell, Esq.

Lewis Alexander Wallace, Esq.

Current Accounts are opened and interest allowed at 1 per cent. per annum on the daily balances.

Deposits are received for fixed periods at rates which can be ascertained on application.

G. E. ALLEN, Agent.

Bangkok, July 1, 1909.

HARP VOIR LOIG & CO

Facing Sampeng Old Market, Jawara Road, No. 184 to 189.

We have just unpacked a large shipment of our well-known High Class

Paints, Varnishes, Linseed, Oil, Brasses, Iron-ware, and Carpenter's Black

smith's, Silver smith's Tools, and various kinds of best Chinese Silks

always in stock.

INSPECTION INVITED. PRICES MODERATE.

Tel. No. 535.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

July 1st (Last Quarter) 3 h 25 m p.m.

" 8th New Moon 3 h 4 m p.m.

" 16th First Quarter 1 h 7 m p.m.

" 24th Full Moon 3 h 17 m a.m.

" 30th Last Quarter 7 h 56 m p.m.

Atank Nigrah Pharmacy

168, Samyok, BANGKOK.

★

★

★

★

★

★

★

★

★

★

★

★

★

★

★

★

★

★

★

★

★

★

★

★

★

★

★

★

★

★

★

★

★

★

★

★

NARASINGH STUDIO.

Court Photographers.

Genuine successors to F. Chit and Son, the very first firm of photographers in Siam, whose business was established in the reign of King Rama IV (Mongkut), over half a century ago. The younger son of F. Chit is now one of the artists in the Narasingh Studio, and has brought into the business.

An Unrivalled Collection of Photographs.

Of Princes, Noblemen, Ladies and Gentlemen of the past and present generations; also photographs of interesting scenes and ceremonies in Siam. The studio is thus a veritable photographic museum.

But that is not all. The studio has

Good, Up-To-Date Artists

always in attendance, and make real artistic portraits in the best modern style.

PLEASE GIVE US A TRIAL.

1-30

For Sale.

Revised Tide Tables of Menam Chao

Phya Bar for the year 1918. Price Tcs. 2.

Apply at

THE HARBOUR DEPARTMENT.

C. I. N.

TIDE TABLE.

DEPTH OF WATER ON THE

BANGKOK BAR.

FOR JULY 1918.

A.M.

July H. W. Ft. & in. L. W. (Approx.)

1 9 00 10 6 ...

2 " " " " " "

3 " " " " " "

4 " " " " " "

5 " " " " " "

6 " " " " " "

7 " " " " " "

8 " " " " " "

9 " " " " " "

10 " " " " " "

11 " " " " " "

12 " " " " " "

13 " " " " " "

14 " " " " " "

15 " " " " " "

16 " " " " " "

17 " " " " " "

18 " " " " " "

19 " " " " " "

20 " " " " " "

21 " " " " " "

22 " " " " " "

23 " " " " " "

24 " " " " " "

25 " " " " " "

26 " " " " " "

27 " " " " " "

28 " " " " " "

29 " " " " " "

30 " " " " " "

31 " " " " " "

P.M.

July H. W. Ft. & in. L. W. (Approx.)

1 10 30 12 8 3 4 6 7

2 " " " " " "

3 " " " " " "

4 " " " " " "

5 " " " " " "

6 " " " " " "

7 " " " " " "

8 " " " " " "

9 " " " " " "

10 " " " " " "

11 " " " " " "

12 " " " " " "

13 " " " " " "

14 " " " " " "

15 " " " " " "

16 " " " " " "

17 " " " " " "

18 " " " " " "

19 " " " " " "

20 " " " " " "

21 " " " " " "

22 " " " " " "

23 " " " " " "

24 " " " " " "

25 " " " " " "

26 " " " " " "

27 " " " " " "

28 " " " " " "

29 " " " " " "

30 " " " " " "

31 " " " " " "

ITALIAN RED CROSS

LOTTERY

To be drawn in November, 1918

12,000 Tickets at Tcs. 5 each.

Prizes to consist of Italian War Loan Bonds the winners having the option of exchanging their bonds at the exchange rate of 1 Tical= 3 Italian Lire.

LIST OF PRIZES.

One 1st. prize: Lire: 10,000 or Ticals 13,333.

One 2nd. prize: Lire: 20,000 or Ticals 6,667.

Two 3rd. prizes: Lire: 10,000 or Ticals 3,333 each.

Four 4th. prizes: Lire: 5,000 or Ticals 1,666 each.

Ten 5th. prizes: Lire: 2,000 or Ticals 667 each.

The balance after deduction of expenses will be given to the Italian Red Cross and other War Charities.

Should all tickets not be sold the value of prizes will be reduced in proportion.

Tickets are obtainable at the following places:

Societe Anonyme Belge (S.A.B.)

Procedero Hotel

Europe Hotel

Electrical Store (S.E.C.)

Buan Son Lee

French Dispensary

International Store

Siam Import Co., Ltd.

Oriental Hotel

J. Sampson & Son

H. A. Badman & Co.

Whiteaway Laidlaw & Co., Ltd.

Kiam Hoa Heng & Co., Ltd.

United Toilet Saloon

Young Lee Seng & Co.

Nai Lert.

BARGAINS

The Bangkok Auctioneering Society.

OPPOSITE H. B. M. LEGATION.

Inspection Invited.

Visit our Mart and secure at moderate prices viz:—Two-seater, 4 cyl., 6-10 H.P. motor car, 2 cylinder N.S.U

Changes in Russia.

Stockholm, July 19.—Six of the crew of a steamer from Petrograd were suffering from Asiatic cholera. One died.

The newspapers report that the Finnish Guards are attacking the Murman railway in the direction of Kendalax and Kem and are thirty miles from the railway.

Amsterdam, July 15.—The Frankfurter Zeitung says that the British who landed on the Murman coast have advanced and occupied Kem station on the White Sea.

Amsterdam, July 14.—The Tageblatt announces that the Czech-Slovaks, despite the heaviest resistance by the Red Guards, captured Kazan. The Tageblatt adds that by the occupation of this important railway and waterway junction, the Czech-Slovaks have become masters of the Government of the Lower Volga.

London, July 15.—The German newspapers state in connection with the capture of Kazan by the Czech-Slovaks that the latter are utilising Trotsky's mobilisation in the Urals, on the Volga and in West Siberia for their own purposes by forming from the recruits so-called Black Guards which they are using for strengthening the Czech-Slovak and other counter-revolutionary forces.

London, July 15.—The Daily Mail has a Harbin wire stating that Horvat's Government includes Cadets, Liberals and Socialists, all prominent in commercial, industrial or agricultural life in Serbia. Horvat is head of the Chinese Eastern Railway. His Government must not be confused with the so-called Government of autonomous Siberia which the Bolsheviks dissolved. Whole leader, Derber, has his headquarters in a railway car at Harbin. Another Socialist Government is at Nikolai negotiating with the Czech-Slovaks before proclaiming itself.

\$5,000,000 Graft.

Wholesale corruption on the Peking-Mukden Railway was discovered recently by Mr. Liang Taiyung, Justice of the High Procure of Mukden, when he travelled from Peking to the Fengtien capital, according to Chinese Press reports. Liang noticed that a large number of passengers were allowed to travel without tickets. When he arrived at Mukden, he requested the station-master to jail the conductors as well as the passengers without tickets. The station-master, apparently a party to the organised

scheme of corruption, threw him in jail instead of complying with his request.

While in custody, the procurator managed to send a telephone message to the police department, which promptly sent 30 constables to his rescue and at the same time effected the arrest of the station-master. Investigations into the line between Yinkow and Koupangetze revealed that the same scandal existed on that line. The station-masters of the latter places were also placed under arrest.

Legal proceedings have been commenced against the alleged culprits. It is alleged in the petition of the prosecution that the Government is cheated out of no less than \$5,000,000 a year through this system of graft that exists on the railway.

The Siam Auctioneering Co.

Have Special attractions at their Rooms every Saturday.

Sale Commences at 2 p.m. sharp.

When household furniture of every description, shop goods, show cases etc. are sold at bargain prices.

Take advantage of these sales to convert what you do not require, or goods too long in stock, into prompt cash.

TERMS:—Cash or a deposit of 25% on fall of hammer.

For other particulars apply—

E. M. PEREIRA & Co.

War Loans Association.

To ensure a sufficient number of shares in the War Loans Investment Trust of Malaya to meet the requirements of local subscribers for about one year from date the War Loans Association, by arrangement with the local British Banks, has brought a block of \$100,000 worth of these 6% shares.

Monthly contributions are invited of sums ranging from Ten 10/- to Ten 500/-. New subscribers to the War Loans Association wishing to take advantage of the benefits of this Scheme must join not later than 10th August, 1918 and are invited to send for Form of Application C, which gives full particulars, to either of the local British Banks or to one of the undersigned.

W. R. H. Taylor, Hon. Treas., W. L. A.

W. M. Gilmore, Hon. Sec., W. L. A.

Mon. & Thurs.—10. A.

WE HAVE JUST OPENED OUT A NEW STOCK

HAMS and PROVISIONS of the BEST QUALITY

COMPRISING

STRAWBERRIES, RASPBERRIES, APPLES, PEARS, ETC., ETC.

Also PRESERVED MEATS and VEGETABLES

ALL ORDERS CAREFULLY ATTENDED

Prices Moderate.

THE INTERNATIONAL STORE.

New Road and Custom House Lane.

Telephone No. 570.

PROGRAMME SECOND TO NONE

Sathorn Picture Palace

Commencing Saturday, the 27th For Three Night Only.

Thrilling — Universal — Serial

"THE RED ACE"

In 16 Episodes — 32 Reels

Surpasses any Serial Ever Shown

Romance — Love — Adventures.

Featuring the Dashing, Daring, Fascinating

MARIE WALCAMP

The Brilliant Star of "LIBERTY"

"THE SILENT TERROR"

Episode 1. 2 Parts.

Episode 2. "THE LURE OF THE UNATTAINABLE" 2 Parts.

THE SERIAL OF MYSTERY

The Crimson Stain Mystery

In 16 Chapters — 32 Reels.

Episode 13. "DESPOILING BRUTES" 2 Parts.

"14. "THE BLOOD HOUND" 2 ..

"15. "THE HUMAN TIGER" 2 ..

"16. "THE UNMASKING" 2 ..

Who is the Crimson Stain?

This enthralling Secret will be revealed in the last Episode.

1-1½ ton OPEL Lorry FOR SALE.

Just been overhauled.

In good condition throughout.

Siam Motor Works, Ltd.

FREE Absolutely FREE

KAMSHAstra.

The above book will be sent post free and for nothing to anyone on receiving a Post-card. This book contains valuable information regarding the ailments of mankind due to abuse of life and also general advice to both sexes. A Perusal of this volume will be well repaid and will help you to save time and money, which would otherwise be thrown away in vain quest of reliable information vital to health, wisdom and happiness in this world.

Send a post-card today and by return you will get this valuable book gratis and post free.

ATANK NIGRAH PHARMACY

168, Sanyok.

Cream Cheese

TO BE HAD

AT

Nai Lert,

Cold Storage.

TEL. No. 239.

AIDS TO TRADE.

The business problem of to-day is not the manufacturing, but the selling end of your business. Anything that increases sales is of importance to the business man—and advertising is the great sale increaser.

The "Observer" specialises in advertising that sells goods and develops trade.

For rates etc. inquire from the Manager or ring him up on the Phone.



CRAMP COLIC.

No need of suffering from cramps in the stomach or intestinal pains. Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy never fails to relieve the most severe cases. Get it today, there will be on time to send for it after the attack comes on. For sale by the British Dispensary.

"JONG-KEENA"

REGISTERED LABEL.

THE WONDERFUL BLOOD PURIFIER.

Mixture for Internal and External Use.

CURES

Headache, drunkenness, Stomach-ache, Ear-ache, Rupture, Cholera, Bile-jaundice, Nervous diseases, Chest complaints, Heart-disease, Malaria, Dengue, Common fever, Lumbago, Chronic Rheumatism, Cough and Coughing blood, Cold, Sore-throat, Bronchitis, Chronic Neuritis, Diarrhoea, Weakness, Kidney trouble, Dysentery, Eczema and all sorts of skin diseases, Worms, Female diseases of all sorts, Swelling of the throat, Inflammation of the gums, Tooth-ache, Gout, Wounds and wounds caused by rusty nails or cuts, etc., etc. DUCK-TISSUE.—Take 12 table-spoonfuls three a day, one hour before meals. Take with WITHOUT WATER. Under 14 years one table-spoonful, under 7 years 1 table-spoonful, can be taken by women evening.

For Inflammation of the gums, apply with cotton wool on the swollen gum changing every 3 minutes 3 times and relief is certain within a quarter of an hour.

For children, apply with cotton wool on the cheek and relief is certain within half an hour. For cough and Sore-throat, sip the mixture slowly. For Eczema, apply externally and take internally as directed. For Bile-jaundice, take full dose three a day. For cholera, take one table-spoonful every 1/2 an hour.

For Tooth-ache, clean the cavity of the tooth first and then saturate a piece of cotton wool in Jong-Keena and fill cavity with same, changing five or six times every 3 minutes and relief is certain. For loose teeth caused by the swelling of the gum, take internally as directed for a week and the teeth will be firm again.

For Ear-ache, clean the ear first with cotton wool, put 5 or 6 drops in ear and stuff the hole with cotton wool—relief is certain within a few minutes.

For Gout, Wounds and wounds caused by rusty nails, cuts or burns, apply the mixture, cover with cotton wool and bandage, change dressing every three hours, and take internally, as directed until relieved or healed.

For Sore eyes, take internally as directed, for a few days.

After taking this mixture, a little plain white sugar may be taken to remove the bitter taste but not in the case of cough or sore throat.

For Snake, Dog or Cat bites, poisonous fish stings, etc., when applied externally with cotton wool a few minutes after the occurrence, instant relief will be obtained. Take also internally 12 table-spoonfuls three a day. But when treatment is sought a few hours after the occurrence, besides using the application, take mixture internally for a fortnight.

Can be given also to animals and birds for any sort of disease.

Price per bottle of 2 oz. 80 Stangs, 3 oz. Tes. 1.40, 1 oz. Tes. 1.80, 6 oz. Tes. 2.50, 8 oz. Tes. 2.95, 16 oz. Tes. 4.25. Postage extra.

Prepared only by Mr. Y. TAN of SINGAPORE.

If any lady or gentleman is suffering from any of the above mentioned ailments or disease will call and see Mr. Y. Tan or his sole agents at their offices, they will be very pleased to give them a free trial of his wonderful remedy, when they will be relieved within five minutes up to one hour.

Obtainable at MERCANTILE DISPENSARY, PHAYA SARAKHAN, UNION DISPENSARY, and FOUR LION DISPENSARY.

SPECIAL OFFER

Persons following any of the above directions and failing to obtain relief of any of the above diseases, Mr. Y. Tan or his Agents will refund them the purchase money paid by them for the JONG-KEENA.

BANGKOK TRAVELLING AGENCY,

Opposite Chartered Bank Lane, New Road.

SOLE AGENTS

BEAR BRAND GENUINE SWISS MILK

Pure

and

Reliable

The Lancet, London, states: "The Analysis not only sufficiently indicates the genuineness of the preparation, but it also shows how Excellent the Quality of the Original Product must have been."

Rich

in

Cream.

Ask Your Store

for

Bear Brand.

Expanded Metal

made from best **British Steel**
various sizes and sections in Stock.

Milners' Safes

Patent fire and thief resisting.
several sizes in Stock.

Bangkok Dock Co., Ltd.

SOLE AGENTS FOR SIAM.

B.M.C.

CHEESE & BACON.

JUST ARRIVED

Australian Cheese
Canadian
Stilton
Breakfast Bacon.



S. A. B.
BY
APPOINTMENT
Watchmakers & Jewellers.

H. M. THE KING and H. M. THE QUEEN MOTHER

**Hall-Clocks,
Wall-Clocks,
Table-Clocks.**

Always on hand in
large variety.

Swinging Clocks

SUPERIOR

8 - Day

MOVEMENT.



LOCAL AND GENERAL.

REUTER'S Telegrams will be found on page 8.

H. E. Chao Phya Yommaraj has given Tes. 58 to the Vajira Hospital.

THE death occurred on the 25th inst. of Khun Ying Luang Yanprakas.

THE Government schools resumed work this morning.

THE S.S. Valaya brought up 89 bags of mail yesterday morning.

MR. W. Muir arrived by the Chulabulch and Mr. H. Olsen by the Valaya.

THE S.S. Mata Hari is due at day break on 1st August to load for Singapore direct.

YESTERDAY was the second anniversary of the shooting of Captain Fryatt at Bruges.

MR. and Mrs. Wright, Mr. Uyeda and Mr. H. R. Andreas left today by the Lingchow.

THE stock in trade of the Furniture Dept. of Messrs. B. Grimm and Co. will be sold by auction from the 5th to 10th August.

THE S.S. Valaya which is leaving for Singapore on Tuesday afternoon has spacious and comfortable accommodation for passengers.

MR. A. G. Beaumont has received word that his brother, Lieut. S. E. Beaumont M.C. was killed in action on March 26th.

HIS Majesty the King has been graciously pleased to confer on Phra Anuvat Rajanyon (Chesna Hong) the surname of "Tejavanija."

THE following vessels arrived in port during the week end:—Valaya, Redang, from Singapore; Bonita from Saigon, Chulabulch from the coast.

KING George has given permission for wearing the insignia of the Order of the Crown of Siam, Class 4, to Mr. Thomas Judge, headmaster of Wat Debsirindr School.

By the S.S. Lingchow left today Mr. H. R. Andreas of Manila. He arrived here recently to negotiate for the purchase of the old tank steamer "Tangarville" and the bulk "Alabarani" but as he did not succeed in this, he returned to Manila.

THE Post and Telegraph Department reports that Tayo line is interrupted beyond Siamese frontier. Malay Peninsula Local line is imperfectly working between Songkula and Bangkok. Chienmai line is in good order as far as Paknamph. Other lines are all right.

AMONGST the delegates attending the second Inter-Allied Conference and Exhibition relating to and illustrative of work which has been done among the Allies for the after care of disabled soldiers and soldiers held in the Central Hall, Westminster, were Mr. William Archer, Phra Sompachitch Praecha, representing Siam.

THE Siamese Minister visited Myrtle Grove, Yongkhal, on 17th inst., having travelled with his secretary from London in order to convey to Lady Blake the condolence of the King of Siam on her irreparable loss. His Excellency, on behalf of the King, laid upon the grave of Sir Henry Blake a wreath of roses, lilies, and native carnations.

THE statement in our issue of 26th inst. that the Anglo-Siam Corporation Limited had subscribed Ticals 1000 to the funds of the Motor Meet is misleading. The Anglo-Siam Corporation Ltd. did subscribe Ticals 1000 but on the distinct understanding that the whole of the sum should be devoted to the Siam Red Cross Society and the Siam Expeditionary Force, and not to the funds of the Meet.

SAYS *London Opinion* of May 25th:—It will be news to my readers that representatives of the Hearst papers have once more been reinstated in London. It will be remembered that a couple of years ago these papers published fabricated cablegrams purporting to have come from London giving alleged news of the most pronounced anti-Ally kind. A demand for a retraction of these inventions, and an apology, was refused with insult; and the British, French, and Russian Governments withdrew all facilities from their correspondents. Presumably the offence has been purged in some way to the satisfaction of the Allies.

Paddy Crop Report July 28, 1918.

Nasuan 720 Coyans at Tes. 9.164 each
Samruang 160 " " " 86.106 "

Total 880 Coyans.

Rugby Football.

Saturday's game was witnessed by the usual good crowd of spectators, and proved quite a keen match. Last week's game was replayed with slight alterations, and Walton's side again proved the winners by 3 goals (15 pts.) to 3 tries (9 pts.). There had been no rain out at the club, but the pitch had been watered well, except behind the goals; it was a fine dry afternoon and the conditions for play were excellent. The teams lined up as follows:—

Whites.
Full Back ... Conner Johnston.
Three-quarters ... Butler, Jenkins, Malcolm.
Halves ... St. Iley, Ramsay.
Forwards ... Sutton, (Capt.) Grut, Krummer, McDonald, Nielsen, Bowden.
Blues.
Full Back ... Reith.
Three-quarters ... Robertson, Chapman, Keynes, Walsh.
Halves ... Walton (Capt.) Crammer.
Forwards ... Carson, Schneider, Fogtman, Owen, Haines, Dalsgaard, Rasmussen.
Referee ... Mr. Hamilton Price.
Touch Judges: Messrs. Newlands and Preston.

There was a few minutes delay at the start waiting for several whites to turn up, after Walton had won the toss and elected to play with the wind. Even with the delay, whites could only muster twelve as against fourteen blues. It took some minutes before the game settled down, and in that short time blues had their opponents' line at their mercy, but failed to score. After that they were golden dangerous in the first half, since whites put up a strenuous attack, most of that time which resulted in a two tries lead. The first one came from a bit of good heading on Krummer's part, and led to a display of centre three-quarter work which has not been excelled on the Sports Club ground; for when Jenkins got possession he beat three men by clever side-stepping and hard, and straight running, finally making a capital opening for Butler, to score; Sutton failed lamentably to convert from an easy position. On the drop-out Ramsay was clever enough to take the ball and wriggle over for a try at the corner, a fine individual piece of play on his part. The kick at goal was a beauty, and only fell two feet short of the cross bar, against a strong wind. Just about this time Haines retired; the pace had proved too much for him, since he was out of condition. Consequently Blues' forwards lost their best player for the rest of the time, and Whites' forwards dominated the game. Perhaps this was partly due to playing together in exactly the same positions for two weeks in succession. Last week's play was much improved on, for they followed up well, played well on the ball, and gave Blues' backs few chances of getting away with it. Grut and Nielsen were in the thick of every inch. McDonald was to the fore with some effective dribbling, and Bowden conspicuous in tackling Walsh several times. In the scrums Sutton was hooking the ball practically every time and there was some clean heading. This gave Sully chances to open out the play which he took advantage of. From one of these openings Jenkins and Butler were again seen on the attack, and after a long run down the touch line the latter was pushed into touch. Shortly afterwards Malcolm made a long kick and followed up, speedily. The ball however, bounced awkwardly for him, and so spoiled a certain try. Blues then had a turn with the ball which ended in Walsh being tackled near the stand, and Grut created much amusement by sitting on Walsh, who had attempted to wriggle forward towards the line. Half time arrived with whites leading by 6 points to nil. Early on in the second half blues attacked and Walsh tried a drop kick. The ball scarcely rose but crossed whites' goal, and Rasmussen picked up and scored, though two of whites' backs might have prevented the score had they been as smart as Rasmussen. Walton goal.

Then began a very fierce attack by whites in blues' quarter, which lasted fully ten minutes. From a bad line-out however, Walton set his line going, and Walsh easily swerved past the full back and scored. Reith converting. Whites again returned to the attack, and the play grew hot and exciting; time and again it looked as though one of their strenuous efforts would succeed. Crammer and Walsh however were holding well and kicking cleverly for touch. In the end however the pressure told, and Sutton went over after a forward rush and dribble. The goal kick was wide-out and Malcolm failed to add the major points. Play was still confined to Blues' twenty-five, and from a long line out Walton though tackled sent his quarters off on the attack again. Walsh looked a certain scorer but Malcolm came up behind and made a pretty tackle short of the line. In the ensuing scramble Malcolm touched down, but the referee awarded Blues

a try, and Reith kicked a fine goal from a 40 ft. angle. The game then ended with the score as stated.

Comments.

It was Ramsay's first time out this season and he played well. His spoiling was good and two of his kicks for touch made a lot of ground. Reith also made ground in the same way and both he and Jenkins nursed their forwards well by judicious kicking, which was in great contrast to White's fullback, who often failed to find touch, and caused his forwards many a grievous run back. Keynes who partnered Walsh, held on to the ball too long before passing; he is so much slower than his speedy wing that it would have paid better to have given Walsh the ball at once instead of running himself on to make openings. Robertson made one serious mistake on one occasion, for finding his way blocked he doubled and ran back. It is fatal to run back at Rugby especially to a three-quarter.

Nielsen is improving and as his knowledge of the game increases he will become a very dangerous man in the line out, for he is very sturdily built and tremendously strong. It is very seldom that we see our wing three-quarters give a return pass to their centres. They should not allow themselves to be tackled or pushed into touch. A reverse pass or a kick across the field would often carry the movement on further. Or they might try a short punt ahead if to their advantage. Both Walsh and Butler can improve their wing play in this respect.

"PLAYER."

New Books at the Bangkok Library

The following is a list of new books recently received at the Bangkok Library.

"Bartimus"—The Long Trick
E. F. Benson—The Luck of the Vails
do. —Mr. Teddy
Stella Benson—This is the End
Algeron Blackwood—The Wave
William Coine—Drones
John Galsworthy—Beyond
Elmer Glyn—The Career of Katherine
Mrs. Annes Gurn—We of the Never-
Rider Haggard—Finished
Cosmo Hamilton—At Whose Door?
Maurice Hewlett—Thorpe's Treatise
Mrs. Belloc Lowndes—Love and
Stephen McKenna—Ninety-Six Hours
A. E. W. Mason—The Four Corners of the World
Baroness Orczy—Fire in Stubble
Elisabeth Pennell—The Loves
F. E. Penny—Missing!
Marmaduke Pickthall—Knights of
Mrs. A. Sidgwick—Anne Lulworth
Douglas Shiden—The Shadow of a
E. T. Thurston—The Evolution of
Mrs. Humphry Ward—"Missing"
Mary Webb—Gone To Earth
H. G. Wells—The Sign of a Bishop
Mildred Wharton—Summer
William Archer—God and Mr. Wells
Elwyn Bowen—The Method in the
Alice Cholmondeley—Christina
Austin Dobson—A Bookman's Budget
"Ella"—A Naturalist On the Prowl
J. N. Figue—The Will To Freedom
Hugh Gibson—A Diplomatic Diary
Geoffrey Hamilton—Seneca
Sonia Howe—Real Russians
E. V. Lucas—A Roswell of Baghdad
Alice Maynell—A Father of Women
and Other Poems
Henry Newbolt—A New Study of
F. Palmer—With Our Faces To the
John Pollock—War and Revolution
Rabindranath Tagore, Sir—My
B. Russell—Principles of Social
F. B. Young—Marching on Tanga
Romain Rolland—Jean Christophe
a Paris 6 vols

Trading with the Enemy.

An Order-in-Council, dated May 3, Amends in the following respects the Statutory List of persons and bodies of persons with whom trading is prohibited:—Additions to List.—Netherlands East Indies.—Bamberger, C. (see "Bamberger") Import Maatschappij; "Bamberger" Import Maatschappij (C. Bamberger); Oni Gondangdia 17, Woltvreiden; Lie On Seng (see Tek Ho); Medan Handel Maatschappij (Raden Soenarto); Medan; Oey Teng Piew (see Oey Teng Tjhoen, Balikpapan); Raden Soenarto (see Medan Handel Maatschappij); Schramm, W. R. B., Embong Kemiri 3, Sourabaya; Soen Seng Hin, H/M., Batavia; Tek Ho (Lie On Seng, Merck), Pintoe Ketjil, Batavia; Tjong Hoa (Firm), Balikpapan; Witzenburg, van, and Co., Macassar. Variation in List.—Netherlands East Indies.—Jan. 5, 1917. Olzen, William, Sourabaya, read Olze, W. (alias Olzen, W.), Sourabaya.

THE Great War.

Rebellion in the Ukraine

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
London, July 28.
It is authoritatively stated that the peasant's rebellion in the Ukraine is formidable. Seventy-five thousand well armed and drilled peasants are advancing against the Germans who have withdrawn towards Kiev.

Villemontoire Carried.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
London, July 28.
French communiqué:—Yesterday we carried Villemontoire after a desperate struggle capturing two hundred prisoners and twenty machine-guns. Farther south with Oulchy-le-Chateau well in our hands we advanced east from the town and captured four guns. We took several hundred prisoners south of the Ourcq yesterday.

Americans Take Locharmel.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
London, July 28.
American official:—On the 25th inst. we captured Locharmel between the Ourcq and Marne.

General Fayolle Re- ceives Grand Cross.

(Havas Telegram.)
Paris, July 26.
In the course of his visit to the front President Poincaré handed to General Fayolle the Grand Cross of the Legion of Honour.

Japanese Intervention.

(Havas Telegram.)
Paris, July 26.
London, July 26.—The admission of Japan to the plan of intervention in Siberia is officially notified.

Operations in Siberia.

(Havas Telegram.)
Paris, July 26.
Vladivostok:—The Allies have defeated in the region of Nikolousskaya (?) 11,000 Austro-Germans and made 2,600 prisoners.

French Operations.

(Havas Telegram.)
Paris, July 28.
We took Villamontoire and made 200 prisoners. We carried Oulchy-le-Chateau and progressed to the east of the town. We captured cannon and many hundred prisoners. Among those recently captured was the commander of a battalion, a nephew of Prince von Bulow.
Paris, July 27.
We progressed to the south of the Marne and made 700 prisoners. In Champagne on a 20 kilometre front we progressed 1,500 metres capturing 7 guns, 200 machine-guns and 100 men. To day we progressed again on the right bank of the Marne as well as in Champagne. We gained a kilometre on a three kilometre front and made 200 prisoners including 7 officers.

General Humbert Decorated.

(Havas Telegram.)
Paris, July 27.
M. Poincaré has handed to General Humbert the medal of Grand Officer of the Legion of Honour.

Obituary.

(Havas Telegram.)
Paris, July 27.
The son of M. Delcasse, formerly Minister, has died at Interlaken of infectious influenza. He was interned in Switzerland coming from captivity in Germany.

German Towns Bombed

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
London, July 28.
Air Ministry:—Our night-fliers on the 25th inst. successfully attacked the station and factory of Pforzheim and balloon station at Offenburg. Two fires broke out.
At Offenburg we bombed and machine-gunned four aerodromes hitting hangars. We machine-gunned trains and anti-aircraft batteries. All returned.

Havas Wires from Singapore.

Progress in the Great Battle.

Paris, July 24.
In order to delay as long as possible the probable result of General Foch's masterly counter-blow, namely, the evacuation of the Soissons-Marne-Rhin salient, the Crown Prince continues to throw large fresh forces into the battle furnace. With new divisions, mostly brought from Prince Rupprecht's front, added to the sixty already used since the beginning of the struggle of July 15th, he is keeping up his desperate resistance on both sides of the salient.

Despite this opposition the Allied troops continued their progress yesterday, particularly astride the Ourcq, on the line south of Soissons, and also on the northern bank of the Marne. The bridge-head at Jaulgonne (on the Marne) was considerably widened and strengthened.

Progress was also made by the Franco-British troops between the Marne and Rheims, nearly a mile being gained between the Andre and Vreigny, where the enemy lost particularly heavily.

Important for the Future.

A brilliant local attack, resulting in important gains, was made by French troops, under General Debussche, north of Montdidier. The advance made was about two miles. The positions won give views over a vast area, and had been strongly organised by the enemy. These gains are important in view of possible future operations.

The Salient Becomes Narrower.

Paris, July 25.
On both sides of the German salient between Soissons and Rheims there have been scenes of violent attacks and counter-attacks throughout yesterday night and this morning. But the enemy could not prevent a still further advance, and a further considerable depth of ground was gained as much as two miles in places.

North-west of Rheims the Allied troops are now only nine miles from Fismes, which is midway between Rheims and Soissons, and an important road centre through which most of the supplies for the German armies at the bottom of the salient have to be sent. If it came under close fire the whole German pocket would be involved.

Further important gains were made also on the north-west side of the bulge. Oulchy-le-Chateau is largely outflanked. South of this bulge along the Marne the Allied bridge-heads are gradually spreading, as the Germans are being pushed back. Before leaving, the enemy is burning his depôts of ammunition and supply dumps.

The Enemy Losses.

According to accurate figures the number of Divisions engaged by the Germans in the battle since July 15 is seventy. Their total losses in killed, wounded and prisoners since the same date is 180,000.

French Trade.

In the course of yesterday's debate in the Chamber of Deputies on the renewal of the charter of the Bank of France, the Minister of Commerce, M. Clementel, said he intended to introduce a Bill for the foundation of an Export Bank with a capital of four million pounds, in which the State would participate by advancing one million, so as to assist the development of the Export Trade, which would be of vital importance to France after the war.

CAN YOU AFFORD THE RISK?

Were you ever seized with a severe attack of cramp Colic or Diarrhoea without a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy in the house? Don't take such risks. A dose of our will cure you before a doctor could possibly be called, and it never fails even in the most severe and dangerous cases. For sale by the British Dispensary.

British Legation Telegrams.

(British Legation telegrams are not to be regarded as official communications from His Britannic Majesty's Representative, unless they are marked "Official.")

London, July 26.
Mr. Lloyd George speaking on the 25th July at a London gathering where—at were present the food controllers of America, France, Italy and Britain said the submarine campaign gamble wherein Germany put the whole of her destiny had failed. Any chance of saving the Allies had definitely failed. Comparing the nations in England and enemy countries the Prime Minister said that the German bread allowance was two and three-quarter pounds, but we were not rationed. In bacon and meat the Germans have nine ounces weekly, while our bacon was not rationed and our meat allowance was one and quarter pound.

The Germans were allowed two ounces of fats and in some districts only half an ounce. We have eight ounces. Regarding shipping America was building at a great rate and we have been building as fast as we could but in addition to building ships we had a gigantic fleet which we had to keep in repair, and most of the repairs even of the American fleet had to be done in Great Britain. It was a common cause, common struggle, common sacrifice and from the common triumph we should have common brotherhood.

Mr. Hoover United States Food Controller said that through the British Government the American Relief Commission were able to maintain ten million people behind the German lines. It was a proof of British disinterestedness that they made military sacrifice in order that the people of Belgium and Northern France might be preserved, and from the confidence that grew out of that had come great results. It had contributed greatly to the sentiment which brought America into the war. The crime of which Belgium had been the victim was not forgotten. The attack on Belgium was doubly infamous from the fact that the attack had promised to be her defender. When the time came Europe had to consider not only the council table how to protect itself from a repetition of the outrages and abominations for which Germany had been responsible. It would be impossible for European statesmen to forget that a German promise is unbinding contract.

In the House of Commons 237 Sir Chiozza Money said that the transport of American troops across sea was now proceeding at the rate of two hundred thousand per month on British ships alone, in addition to one hundred thousand many on American ships. The losses of British, Allied and Neutral Merchant tonnage including fishing craft are lower for the month of June than for any month since September 1916. When comparison is made in quarterly periods, the losses of the quarter ended 30th June last are lower than for any quarter since this quarter in 1916.

Sailings continue at a high level of recent months, and the total sailings for the quarter ended June 30 are considerably higher than sailings for the two preceding quarters. Admiralty figures for June show that British merchant tonnage losses were one hundred and sixteen thousand and six hundred and eighty tons, which was sixty-four thousand six hundred and thirty-seven less than the preceding month. In only one month during 1917 and 1918 have the losses been below two hundred thousand, namely in November 1917, but the June figures are thirty five thousand less than that.

Allied and neutral losses for June were one hundred and fourteen thousand, five hundred and sixty seven tons, which was a reduction of seven thousand and two hundred and seventy eight tons. British losses for the quarter ended June 30 were eighty two thousand tons less than the previous quarter, and Allied and neutral losses one hundred and thirteen thousand less, making a total reduction in losses of one hundred and ninety five thousand tons, compared with the previous quarter.

The White Star liner *Judith*, thirty-two thousand tons was torpedoed and sunk off the north coast of Ireland on 20th July after a fight for twenty-two hours with submarines, one of the latter being sunk by the destroyer *Marne*. Sixteen of the *Judith's* crew were lost.

In successful attack by British naval air force on 19th against a Zeppelin base on the Jutland coast it is reported that two Zeppelins were destroyed.

There has been intense air activity on the battle fronts whereon the Allied superiority is maintained. British air raids into Germany included effective damage to the great chemical factories in the vicinity of Nannheim. A British aviator during a raid on a German aerodrome landed and machine-gunned the hangar before rising again. The London

press has published opinions from our aviation experts that cross-Atlantic airfighting will soon be achieved.

It is stated that the British air-force will soon have quantities of the new type of bombing machine whereby great distances and altitudes can be accomplished in the shortest periods, the engines being completely reliable.

General Wire News.

New York, July 21.—An armoured cruiser has been sunk, the cause being unknown. 335 of the crew are known to have landed and the Navy Department reports that 1,156 others are aboard two steamers, proceeding to an unnamed destination, all well. The cruiser was the *Sao Diego*, which was sunk off Fire Island. Several German-made mines were found in the vicinity. No submarine was sighted and no report received of any other vessel attacked. 1,183 survivors have been landed at an Atlantic port. The casualties were 18.

Petrograd, July 21.—A Russian official wireless message says: The Central Executive Committee has approved the shooting of Romanoff. The latter's wife and son have been sent to a place of security. Important documents concerning Romanoff, including diaries, which he kept till the last, the diaries of his wife and children and letters by the Monk Rasputin to Romanoff and his family will be published shortly.

Amsterdam, July 21.—The *Westfälische Zeitung* gives a telegram from Berlin saying that the Soviet Government, while refusing to agree to a German battalion being sent to Moscow to protect of Embassy, has consented to the employment of several hundred German soldiers in mufti.

The Cologne Gazette says that the Vienna semi-official paper the *Freidenkblatt* has renounced the Foreign Office subsidy in order to retain a free hand towards the Austrian Government. The Foreign Office had complained of the paper's attitude and demanded that it should be at least neutral.

Amsterdam, July 21.—A Berlin message from Moscow says that the Czechs have captured the town of Birk, the Soviet troops withdrawing.

Amsterdam, July 21.—A telegram from Moscow says that the newspaper *Bjedomsta* reports by order of the revolutionary people the bloody Tsar happily deceased at Ekaterinburg. Also the Red Terror. A decree of July 17 declares that the entire property of all members of the former imperial house, including deposits in Russian and foreign banks, will be the property of the Russian Republic.

Washington, July 21.—A German aviator has confirmed Quentin Roosevelt's death.

President Wilson sent a message of sympathy to Mr. Roosevelt.

London, July 19.—Four thousand cotton workers are now idle at Wigan, in Lancashire, owing to the dispute regarding wages.

London, July 18.—Montagu, silver report states that the price is unchanged. The tone of the market is robust. Shanghai exchange closed at 48.84.

Madrid, July 21.—The Minister for Marine has resigned.

Amsterdam, July 21.—Count Czernin in a speech in the Austrian upper house declared that Austria had no direct friction with Britain. Austria was less unpopular, weaker, less dangerous and more moderate in her demands than Germany and was fairly free from annexationist desires. Thus Austria is absolutely predestined for the role of mediator but only provided she possessed the full confidence of Berlin. Czernin hoped that Germany's war aims would remain purely defensive. It was a mere presumption that the terrible war was being prolonged for foreign states. Annexationist aims would endanger the Alliance.

London, July 21.—Mr. Balfour in a speech at Westminster, alluding to Hertling's recent reference to Belgium as a "pawn," said this meant that having attacked Belgium without provocation, having conquered it and treated it and pitilessly deprived it of every material good and all moral benefits attaching to freedom, the Germans were prepared not (2) to give it up provided they could get some other territory in which to exercise their peculiar gifts. Germany would consent no longer to oppress Belgium if the Powers permitted Germany to oppress some other areas of Europe or elsewhere. Of all outrages to which Belgium had been subjected none was more insulting.

Air Ministry: We dropped a ton of bombs on rail sidings at Limes. We attacked the Badische Anilin Factory. Many good bursts were observed and a large explosion caused in a factory south-east of Zweibrücken. We bombed three aerodromes. Low-fliers hit and brought to a standstill five trains. They bombed and machine-gunned searchlights and anti-aircraft guns. All returned. They attacked on Monday the important powder factory of Rottweil, hitting a big shed with the result that several others blew up. The fire was seen sixty miles. All machines returned.

press has published opinions from our aviation experts that cross-Atlantic airfighting will soon be achieved. It is stated that the British air-force will soon have quantities of the new type of bombing machine whereby great distances and altitudes can be accomplished in the shortest periods, the engines being completely reliable.

Assumption Church.

The new Cathedral is now ready inside for Divine Service, but the Solemn Blessing will not take place till a later date—when completely finished.

A certain number of seats will be available for these members of the Congregation who wish to engage them at a monthly rent. Applicants for these seats are requested to apply directly to the Revd. E. Colombet.

Bangkok, July 24th 1918.
25—31.

s. s. "Valaya."

First class passenger steamer with spacious and comfortable accommodations leaves for Singapore Tuesday afternoon.

THE SIAM STEAM NAVIGATION
COMPANY, LIMITED.

29



Auction Sale.

The Liquidator of the business of Messrs. B. Grimm & Co. will sell by public auction the stock in trade of Furniture Department at Messrs. B. Grimm's late premises Pratoe Sanyot on the 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th and 10th August 1918 commencing at 2 p.m. sharp on each day.

Inspection and lists may be obtained from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. on any day from the 29th July up to the date of sale.

Terms:—Cash on fall of the hammer and delivery to be taken on following day.

Phra Nart Mondadula Sundaravadi.
Liquidator.

The Bankruptcy Department,
Ministry of Justice,
29th July 1918.

29-5 A

Notice.

CONSIGNEES OF GOODS:—

Ex ss. "Mauladan"
"Kashima Maru"
"Nikko Maru"
"Tango Maru"
"Toshin Maru"
"Tama Maru"

and balances ex ss. "Shidzuoka Maru", ss. "Kashima Maru", ss. "Katori Maru" and ss. "Tama Maru" are hereby notified that same have arrived per ss. "Liangchow" on the 23rd instant and will be landed and stored at our Wharf at the risk, expense, and responsibility of Consignees.

CONSIGNEES OF GOODS:—

Ex ss. "Ningchow"
and balances ex ss. "Sunuki Maru", ss. "Kanagawa Maru", ss. "Bentin Maru", ss. "Panama" and ss. "Taiyo Maru"

are hereby notified that same have arrived per ss. "Katong" on 23rd instant and will be landed and stored at our wharf at the risk, expense, and responsibility of Consignees.

No Claim will be entertained unless made within 10 days after final discharge of the steamer.

Goods not cleared within 3 days after final discharge of cargo will be liable for godown rent.

BORNEO CO., LIMITED.
Agents.

Wanted.

Experienced Overseer with mechanical practice and some knowledge of survey. Must write and speak Siamese and English. First class references required.

Apply in writing stating particulars to:

X. Y. Z.

THE SIAM OBSERVER.

27—3 A.

Notice of Removal.

The Oriental Bakery

Beg to notify that they have

now moved into their new pre-

mises, Oriental Avenue, opposite

to the Siam Observer Press,

THE Great War.

Rebellion in the Ukraine

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

London, July 28.

It is authoritatively stated that the peasant rebellion in the Ukraine is formidable. Seventy-five thousand well armed and drilled peasants are advancing against the Germans who have withdrawn towards Kieff.

Villemontoire Carried.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

London, July 28.

French communiqué:—Yesterday we carried Villemontoire after a desperate struggle capturing two hundred prisoners and twenty machine-guns. Farther south with Oulchy-le-Chateau well in our hands we advanced east from the town and captured four guns. We took several hundred prisoners south of the Ourcq yesterday.

Americans Take Locharmel.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

London, July 28.

American official:—On the 25th inst. we captured Locharmel between the Ourcq and Marne.

General Fayolle Receives Grand Cross.

(HAVAS TELEGRAM.)

Paris, July 26.

In the course of his visit to the front President Poincaré handed to General Fayolle the Grand Cross of the Legion of Honour.

Japanese Intervention.

(HAVAS TELEGRAM.)

Paris, July 26.

London:—The admission of Japan to the plan of intervention in Siberia is officially notified.

Operations in Siberia.

(HAVAS TELEGRAM.)

Paris, July 26.

Vladivostok:—The Allies have defeated in the region of Hikhonousk (Siberia) 11,000 Austro-Germans and made 2,600 prisoners.

French Operations.

(HAVAS TELEGRAM.)

Paris, July 26.

We took Villemontoire and made 200 prisoners. We carried Oulchy-le-Chateau and progressed to the east of the town. We captured cannon and many hundred prisoners.

Among those recently captured was the commander of a battalion, a nephew of Prince von Bulow.

Paris, July 27.

We progressed to the south of the Marne and made 700 prisoners.

In Champagne on a 20 kilometre front we progressed 1,500 metres capturing 7 guns, 200 machine-guns and 100 men.

To-day we progressed again on the right bank of the Marne as well as in Champagne.

We gained a kilometre on a three kilometre front and made 200 prisoners including 7 officers.

General Humbert Decorated.

(HAVAS TELEGRAM.)

Paris, July 27.

M. Poincaré has handed to General Humbert the medal of Grand Officer of the Legion of Honour.

Obituary.

(HAVAS TELEGRAM.)

Paris, July 27.

The son of M. Delcassé, formerly Minister, has died at Interlaken of infectious influenza. He was interned in Switzerland coming from captivity in Germany.

German Towns Bombed

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

London, July 28.

Air Ministry:—Our night-fliers on the 25th inst. successfully attacked the station and factory of Pforzheim and balloon station at Offenburg. Two fires broke out.

At Offenburg we bombed and machine-gunned four aerodromes hitting hangars. We machine-gunned trains and anti-aircraft batteries. All returned.

Havas Wires from Singapore.

Progress in the Great Battle.

Paris, July 24.

In order to delay as long as possible the probable result of General Foch's masterly counter-blow, namely, the evacuation of the Soissons-Marne-Rheims salient, the Crown Prince continues to throw large fresh forces into the battle furnace. With new divisions, mostly brought from Prince Rupprecht's front, added to the sixty already used since the beginning of the struggle of July 15th, he is keeping up his desperate resistance on both sides of the salient.

Despite this opposition the Allied troops continued their progress yesterday, particularly astride the Ourcq, on the line south of Soissons, and also on the northern bank of the Marne. The bridgehead at Jaulgonne (on the Marne) was considerably widened and strengthened.

Progress was also made by the Franco-British troops between the Marne and Rheims, nearly a mile being gained between the Ardre and Vignay, where the enemy lost particularly heavily.

Important for the Future.

A brilliant local attack, resulting in important gains, was made by French troops, under General Debeney, north of Montdidier. The advance made was about two miles. The positions won give views over a vast area, and had been strongly organised by the enemy. These gains are important in view of possible future operations.

The Salient Becomes Narrower.

Paris, July 25.

On both sides of the German salient between Soissons and Rheims there have been scenes of violent attacks and counter-attacks throughout yesterday night and this morning. But the enemy could not prevent a still further advance; and a further considerable depth of ground was gained, as much as two miles in places.

North-west of Rheims the Allied troops are now only nine miles from Fismes, which is midway between Rheims and Soissons, and an important road centre through which most of the supplies for the German armies at the bottom of the salient have to be sent. If it came under close fire the whole German pocket would be involved.

Further important gains were made also on the south-west side of the bulge. Oulchy-le-Chateau is largely outflanked. South of this bulge along the Marne the Allied bridgeheads are gradually spreading, as the Germans are being pushed back. Before leaving, the enemy is burning his depôts of ammunition and supply dumps.

The Enemy Losses.

According to accurate figures the number of Divisions engaged by the Germans in the battle since July 5 is seventy. Their total losses in killed, wounded and prisoners since the same date is 180,000.

French Trade.

In the course of yesterday's debate in the Chamber of Deputies on the renewal of the charter of the Bank of France, the Minister of Commerce, M. Clementel, said he intended to introduce a Bill for the foundation of an Export Bank with a capital of four million pounds, in which the State would participate by advancing one million, so as to assist the development of the Export Trade, which would be of vital importance to France after the war.

CAN YOU AFFORD THE RISK?

Were you ever seized with a severe attack of cramp Colic or Diarrhoea without a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy in the house? Don't take such risks. A dose or two will cure you before a doctor could possibly be called, and it never fails in the most severe and dangerous cases. For sale by the British Dispensary.

British Legation Telegrams.

(British Legation telegrams are not to be regarded as official communications from His Britannic Majesty's Representative, unless they are marked "official.")

London, July 26.

Mr. Lloyd George speaking on the 25th July at a London gathering where—at were present the food controllers of America, France, Italy and Britain said the submarine campaign gamble whereon Germany put the whole of her destiny had failed. Any chance of starving the Allies had definitely failed.

Comparing the rations in England and enemy countries the Prime Minister said that the German bread allowance was two and three-quarter pounds, but we were not rationed. In bacon and meat the Germans have nine ounces weekly, while our bacon was not rationed and our meat allowance was one and quarter pounds.

The Germans were allowed two ounces of fats and in some districts only half an ounce. We had eight ounces. Regarding shipping America was building at a great rate and we have been building as fast as we could but in addition to building ships we had a gigantic fleet which we had to keep in repair, and most of the repairs even of the American fleet had to be done in Great Britain. It was a common cause, common struggle, common sacrifice and from the common triumph we should have common brotherhood.

Mr. Hoover United States Food Controller said that through the British Government the American-Belgian Relief Commission were able to maintain ten million people behind the German lines. It was a proof of British disinterestedness that they made military sacrifice in order that the people of Belgium and Northern France might be preserved, and from the confidence that grew out of that had come great results. It had contributed greatly to the sentiment which brought America into the war. The crime of which Belgium had been the victim was not forgotten. The attack on Belgium was doubly infamous from the fact that the attacked had promised to be her defender. When the time came Europe had to consider round the council table how to protect itself from a repetition of the outrages and abominations for which Germany had been responsible. It would be impossible for European statesmen to forget that a German promise is no binding contract.

In the House of Commons 237 Sir Chiozza Money said that the transport of American troops across sea was now proceeding at the rate of two hundred thousand per month on British ships alone, in addition to one hundred thousand mainly on American ships. The losses of British, Allied and Neutral Merchant tonnage including fishing craft are lower for the month of June than for any month since September 1916. When comparison is made in quarterly periods, the losses of the quarter ended 30th June last are lower than for any quarter since this quarter in 1916.

Sailings continue at a high level of recent months, and the total sailings for the quarter ended June 30 are considerably higher than sailings for the two preceding quarters. Admiralty figures for June show that British merchant tonnage losses were one hundred and sixteen thousand and six hundred and eighty-three tons less than the preceding month. In only one month during 1917 and 1918 have the losses been below two hundred thousand, namely in November 1917, but the June figures are thirty five thousand less than that.

Allied and neutral losses for June were one hundred and fourteen thousand, five hundred and sixty-seven tons, which was a reduction of seventeen thousand two hundred and seventy-eight tons. British losses for the quarter ended June 30 were eighty two thousand tons less than the previous quarter, and Allied and neutral losses one hundred and thirteen thousand less, making a total reduction in losses of one hundred and ninety five thousand tons, compared with the previous quarter.

The White Star liner *Justicia*, thirty-two thousand tons was torpedoed and sunk off the north coast of Ireland on 20th July after a fight for twenty-two hours with submarines, one of the latter being sunk by the destroyer *Marne*. Sixteen of the *Justicia's* crew were lost.

In successful attack by British naval airforce on 19th against a Zeppelin base on the Jutland coast it is reported that two Zeppelins were destroyed.

There has been intense air activity on the battle fronts whereon the Allied superiority is maintained. British airraids into Germany included effective damage to the great chemical factories in the vicinity of Mannheim. A British aviator during a raid on a German aerodrome landed and machine-gunned the hangars before rising again. The London

General Wire News.

New York, July 21.—An armoured cruiser has been sunk, the cause being unknown. 335 of the crew are known to have landed and the Navy Department reports that 1,156 others are aboard two steamers, proceeding to an unnamed destination, all well.

The cruiser was the *San Diego*, which was sunk off Fire Island. Several German mine were found in the vicinity. No submarine was sighted and no report received of any other vessel attacked. 1,183 survivors have been landed at an Atlantic port. The casualties were 48.

Petrograd, July 21.—A Russian official wireless message says:—The Central Executive Committee has approved the shooting of Romanoff. The latter's wife and son have been sent to a place of security. Important documents concerning Romanoff, including diaries, which he kept till the last, the diaries of his wife and children and letters by the Monk Rasputin to Romanoff and his family will be published shortly.

Amsterdam, July 21.—The Westfaelische Zeitung gives a telegram from Berlin saying that the Soviet Government, while refusing to agree to a German battalion being sent to Moscow to protect of Embassy, has consented to the employment of several hundred German soldiers in mufti.

The Cologne Gazette says that the Vienna semi-official paper the Fremdenblatt has renounced the Foreign Office subsidy in order to retain a free hand towards the Austrian Government. The Foreign Office had complained of the paper's attitude and demanded that it should be at least neutral.

Amsterdam, July 21.—A Berlin message from Moscow says that the Czechs have captured the town of Birk, the Soviet troops withdrawing.

Amsterdam, July 21.—A telegram from Moscow says that the newspaper Bjednosta reports "by order of the revolutionary people the bloody Tsar happily deceased at Ekaterinburg. Vive the Red Terror." A decree of July 17 declares that the entire property of all members of the former imperial house, including deposits in Russian and foreign banks, will be the property of the Russian Republic.

Washington, July 21.—A German aviator has confirmed Quentin Roosevelt's death.

President Wilson sent a message of sympathy to Mr. Roosevelt.

London, July 19.—Four thousand cotton workers are now idle at Wigan, in Lancashire, owing to the dispute regarding wages.

London, July 18.—Montagu's silver report states that the price is unchanged. The tone of the market is robust. Shanghai exchange eased to 4s 8½d.

Madrid, July 21.—The Minister for Marine has resigned.

Amsterdam, July 21.—Count Czernin in a speech in the Austrian upper house declared that Austria had no direct friction with Britain. Austria was less unpopular, weaker, less dangerous and more moderate in her demands than Germany and was fairly free from annexationist desires. Thus Austria is absolutely predestined for the role of mediator but only provided she possessed the full confidence of Berlin. Czernin hoped that Germany's war aims would remain purely defensive. It was a mere presumption that the terrible war was being prolonged for foreign states. Annexationist aims would endanger the Alliance.

London, July 21.—Mr. Balfour in a speech at Westminster, alluding to Hertling's recent reference to Belgium as a "pawn," said this meant that having attacked Belgium without provocation, having conquered it and treated it and pitilessly deprived it of every material good and all moral benefits attaching to freedom, the Germans were prepared not (?) to give it up provided they could get some other territory in which to exercise their peculiar gifts. Germany would consent no longer to oppress Belgium if the Powers permitted Germany to oppress some other areas of Europe or elsewhere. Of all outrages to which Belgium had been subjected none was more insulting.

Air Ministry: We dropped a ton of bombs on rail sidings at Lunas. We attacked the Badische Aniline Factory. Many good bursts were observed and a large explosion caused in a factory south-east of Zwi-brucken. We bombed three aerodromes. Low-fliers hit and brought to a standstill five trains. They bombed and machine-gunned searchlights and anti-aircraft guns. All returned. They attacked on Monday the important powder factory of Rottwell, hitting a big shed with the result that several others blew up. The fire was seen sixty miles. All machines returned.

press has published opinions from our aviation experts that cross-Atlantic airflying will soon be achieved.

It is stated that the British air-force will soon have quantities of the new type of bombing machine whereby great distances and altitudes can be accomplished in the shortest periods, the engines being completely reliable.

Assumption Church.

The new Cathedral is now ready inside for Divine Service, but the Solemn Blessing will not take place till a later date—when completely finished.

A certain number of seats will be available for those members of the Congregation who wish to engage them at a monthly rent. Applicants for these seats are requested to apply directly to the Revd. E. Colombet.

Bangkok, July 24th 1918.

25—31.

s. s. "Valaya."

First class passenger steamer with spacious and comfortable accommodations leaves for Singapore Tuesday afternoon.

THE SIAM STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

29



Auction Sale.

The Liquidator of the business of Messrs. B. Grimm & Co. will sell by public auction the stock in trade of Furniture Department at Messrs. B. Grimm's late premises, Prato Samyot on the 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th and 10th August 1918 commencing at 2 p.m. sharp on each day.

Inspection and lists may be obtained from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. on any day from the 29th July up to the date of sale.

Terms:—Cash on fall of hammer and delivery to be taken on the following day.

Phra Nart Mondadula Sundaravadi.

Liquidator.

The Bankruptcy Department,

Ministry of Justice,

29th July 1918.

29—5 A.

Notice.

CONSIGNEES OF GOODS:—

Ex s.s. "Mandasan"
"Kashima Maru"
"Nikko Maru"
"Tango Maru"
"Tenshin Maru"
"Tama Maru"

and balances ex s.s. "Shidzuoka Maru", s.s. "Kashima Maru", s.s. "Katori Maru" and s.s. "Tama Maru", are hereby notified that same have arrived per s.s. "Liangchow" on the 23rd instant and will be landed and stored at our Wharf at the risk, expense, and responsibility of Consignees.

CONSIGNEES OF GOODS:—

Ex s.s. "Ningchow"
and balances ex s.s. "Samuki Maru", s.s. "Kanagawa Maru", s.s. "Benrinnes", s.s. "Panama" and s.s. "Taiyo Maru"

are hereby notified that same have arrived per s.s. "Katong" on 23rd instant, and will be landed and stored at our wharf at the risk, expense, and responsibility of Consignees.

No Claim will be entertained unless made within 10 days after final discharge of the steamer.

Goods not cleared within 3 days after final discharge of cargo will be liable for godown rent.

BORNEO CO., LIMITED.

Agents.

Wanted.

Experienced Overseer with mechanical practice and some knowledge of survey. Must write and speak Siamese and English. First class references required.

Apply in writing stating particulars to,

K. Y. Z.

c/o THE SIAM OBSERVER.

27—3 A.

Notice of Removal.

The Oriental Bakery

Beg to notify that they have

now moved into their new premises, Oriental Avenue, opposite

to the Siam Observer Press,

SUCSESSES

AT THE

MOTOR MEET

Motor Cycles:-

IXION	1st in single cylinder 2 Stroke
MONOPOLE	2nd do. do.
SCOTT	2nd in two and four cylinder 2 and 4 Stroke

Motor Cars:-

OVERLAND	1st and 2nd in American Cars
SAXON	1st in Light Cars

SOLE AGENTS FOR ALL THE ABOVE

Siam Import Co., Ltd.

FINEST

American Linen Writing Paper in
different grades.

FOOLSCAP SIZE for Official Correspondence

OCTAVO SIZE for Mercantile Work.

CARBON PAPERS IN TWO SIZES

A STOCK OF

Exercise Books and Index Books

Just Unpacked

Stationery of all Description

At Very Moderate Prices.

"SIAM OBSERVER" Stationery Store.



Notice.

The sale by public auction of Machinery, godowns etc., of the Steam Rice Mill, the property of The Ministry of Finance, situated at Paknampoh Mondol Nagor Sawan, will take place on the 15th August, 1918 at the office of the Inspector General of Finance, Wat Muang Kae Lane Bangkok, at 10 a.m. Full particulars can be ascertained from the above mentioned Department on any day during office hours.

15-20, 29-31, A 9-15



Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the Bridge over Klong Sathorn in Convent Road, will be closed to traffic from the 25th July 1918, owing to repairs, and will remain closed to traffic until the repairs are completed.

Local Sanitary Department.

23rd July, 1918.

23-30



Auction Sale.

The Liquidator of the business of Messrs. F. H. Schule Ltd., and Messrs. Windsor & Co., will sell by public auction the goods in stock, store, plant and machinery including 3 Motor Lorries, 1 Portable "Merry Weather" Steam Fire Engine, Leather Belting, 45 cases Whiskies, 4 Iron safes, Office Outfittings, 13 rolls wirecloth and 1 set machinery for making ice (850 lbs in 24 hours) at Messrs. Windsor & Godowns, Bantawan on the 1-2-3-4-5-6-7-8-9-10-11-12-13-14-15-16-17. A n g u s t 1918 at 2 p.m.

Inspection and lists may be obtained from 11 a.m. to 1 p.m. on any day from 25th July up to the date of sale at the said premises.

Terms:—Cash on fall of hammer and delivery to be taken on the following day. The Liquidator disclaims liability for the quantity of, or any other defects in the property.

Luang Arthakalyana,

Liquidator.

Ministry of Finance.

July 20th, 1918.

20-12 A.

To Let.

A COMFORTABLE BUNGALOW situated at Salaeng Road, with servants' rooms, motor garage and a compound.

Apply to:—

A. K. Huseinally Wasee & Co.

50, Rajawongse Road, Bangkok.

20-6 A.

FOR SALE.

700 BOOKS 700

A new stock of 700 books in the old place, including 350 in English and French, all missing numbers available. Moderate prices. Pay us a call.

Y. SHUTTE.

192, Windmill Road.

Notice.

I, the undersigned beg to notify all customers and clients that my business is now located at the new building at the corner of Klong Poh Yome and Bangkok

Ah Seang, Tailor.

Germans Beaten Back.

London, July 22.—The French communiqué continues: Under the double pressure of the Franco-Americans operating between the Ourcq and the Marne and of the French who crossed the river between Fossey and Chartres, the Germans were driven back beyond the line Bezout Germain Mont St. Pere. Chateau Thierry is practically clear northwards. Between the Marne and Rheims there has been a very violent battle all day.

The Franco-British, in conjunction with the Italians, are tirelessly attacking large enemy forces. We captured Ste Euphrasie and Boffully and gained ground in the Ardre valley.

The British in Courton and Roy woods captured four guns and 400 prisoners, including eleven officers, of whom two were colonels.

Despite storms and low clouds on the 20th, our pilots felled eleven German aeroplanes. Franco-British bombers dropped six tons of bombs on bivouacs, convoys and concentrations.

Lieut. Fonck felled seven machines between the 16th and 19th, bringing up his bag to 56.

London, July 22.—American communiqué (21st): Between the Aisne and the Marne the day brought fresh successes, the enemy being forced to yield bitterly contested positions. We have captured in the past few days over 6,000 prisoners, over a hundred cannon, and many trench-mortars and machine-guns.

London, July 22.—Reuter's correspondent at French headquarters (21st) continues: The result was a week of futile fighting during which the enemy the whole time was under our observed artillery fire and lost heavily.

The Germans were told that only a few American battalions were engaged, which were so distributed as to give the impression of a great many Americans fighting. The German staff seem to have believed this themselves. Now they realise their mistake.

London, July 22.—Reuter's correspondent at French headquarters, wiring at 11 p.m. on the 21st, states that the fighting on the Montagne de Rheims is extraordinarily bitter. Highland and north country troops were sent into the battle yesterday and were again heavily engaged to-day. They further progressed, despite masses of German reinforcements, and captured Ste Euphrasie and Louilly.

Between the Aisne and the Marne our progress was more rapid. North of the Ourcq we crossed the Soissons Chateau Thierry road at several points but the enemy is defending Soissons very obstinately.

South of the Ourcq, where the enemy is pressed from west to south by the French who have crossed the river, the rate of the retreat is still rapid.

The Present Line.

The line now runs through the villages of La Croix, Griselles and Epieds, meaning that the advance is five miles from the west and three from the south. The French Infantry stormed the heights east of La Croix and Griselles and we took in the enemy positions south of the Marne 100 machine guns and thirty cannon.

It is evident that the enemy means to cling to the last to both flanks of his present line, straightening it if necessary. With his left on the Montagne de Rheims and his right on the plateau above Soissons he could still present a formidable defensive front on the great plateau running south-east from the Aisne between the Vesle and Oise rivers.

London, July 22.—French communiqué: The enemy, at night time, restricted himself to counter-artillery work north of the Ourcq between the Marne and Rheims and notably in the Bois de Courton and the Bois du Roi.

Between the Ourcq and the Marne we smashed up a powerful enemy counter-attack in the regions of Griselles and Bezu St. Germain. We maintained our positions everywhere.

Important Positions Taken.

Paris, July 20.—Despite a fierce resistance, the French and American troops continued their progress yesterday between the Aisne and the Marne, wresting from the enemy a large number of highly important positions. The count of prisoners and material is not yet complete. The figure given will be higher than that given in the communiqué, when the exact number of captives in all sectors is known.

Yesterday's gains were made in the face of a desperate defence by a powerfully reinforced enemy. After the first day's surprise the German command rushed bodies of reserves nightly to the danger zone, which spread out along the whole battle front to stiffen the breaking line of the badly battered divisions reeling under the blows of the Franco-American troops. But even this array of fresh troops could not withstand the Allied onslaught, nor could the determined counter-attacks dislodge the Franco-Americans from the ground which they had gained on Thursday.

The plateaux dominating Soissons on the south and west and the Soissons Chateau region were firmly held while in the centre of the Allied line fresh advances of several kilometres

are reported. On the right flank the plateau north-west of Bonnes and the height north of Courchamps were brilliantly stormed and won. The operations on both flanks in the Marne salient, with their important results, completely stopped the enemy's activity on the Marne and Champagne fronts.

General Foch's move has not only stopped the march on Epernay but has relieved the pressure in this centre, for a brilliant counter-attack was delivered early yesterday. The enemy was hurled back a considerable distance. Progress was made also at several points north of the Marne, on the Montagne de Reims front.

Haig's Latest Report.

London, July 22.—Field Marshal Haig reports: We gained ground on the 21st south-east of Hebuterne. We, in conjunction with the French, carried out a successful minor enterprise at night-time south of Villers Bretonneux, and captured a few prisoners and machine-guns. Our raiding parties entered trenches at night-time at Neuville Vitasse, Calonne-sur-la-Lys and north of Bailleul. They brought back prisoners. We repulsed a hostile raid at Bailleul.

Marne Sinks U-boat.

London, July 22.—The Admiralty announces a happy coincidence. On the same day that the Allies drove back the Germans across the Marne, the British destroyer Marne sank a German submarine.

What of To-Morrow?

It was stated the other day in the House of Commons that the wage-earners of this country were in receipt of £1,000,000,000 a year more than they were before the war.

If that be so, then income has been increased by a sum equal to half the total income of the whole country before the war.

This state of affairs is meat and drink to the A.I.F. Well Brigade. What, they argue, does it matter? There is plenty of money, and if the purchasing power of the one pound note is only about nine shillings, there is the money to spend, so in the end things are about the same. The fighting against famine which Sir Charles Bathurst and Mr. Prothero are leading with undiminished ardour leaves a lot of us quite cold. The shops are full of food, rationing has provided us all with enough for our wants, so what matters? To-morrow can take care of itself.

To-morrow, the day when peace dawns, there will be an avalanche of unwanted labour. Not all the scientific organisation of the Reconstruction Committee can prevent that. All it

hopes to do is to stave off the day when millions will have to "stand off."

It is then, too, that the colossal National Debt, now treated so lightly by those who think only of to-day, will loom over us like a great mountain set in the midst of a wide plain.

Our carrying capacity, upon which our lives depend, both now and after the war, is shrinking every week, and it has been steadily shrinking for three years, apart from the fact that when war broke out half that capacity, which was then only sufficient for our needs, was absorbed for war purposes. During the last twelve months nearly a thousand ships and most of their cargoes have been destroyed by the enemy.

The shipping trade alone knows the inroads which have been made upon our carrying capacity. The rest do not seem to realise that when once the war is over it will be a question, for two years at least, of bringing back the men or bringing us food and raw material.

World trade competition after the war will determine wages. It is believed by many that the present high rate of wages will be maintained, and there are those who have expressed their determination to enforce its maintenance; but while wages now are determined almost entirely by national demands, after the war it will be world demands that will decide, and the world outside, when it comes to trade competition, will consider us.

We have muddled through before; everything has come out all right in the end. Why should it not do so this time?

World shortage of labour, of food, and of ships is a thing that neither we nor the whole world have yet experienced. What right have we to expect that our proverbial good luck will come to our help this time?

There is no need for despondency, but plenty for grave anxiety. It is the morrow which should make us anxious, the morrow when more taxes will fall upon us and upon our labour, when a bigger part of the efforts of each week will go into the national exchequer, when the bureaucratic Colossus begotten of this war will endeavour to tighten his yoke more firmly upon us.

KWONG ON CHEONG

HIGH CLASS TAILOR,

Opposite Oriental Avenue on the NEW ROAD.

Executes all kinds of Tailoring in the latest fashions. Send Post Card, and he will wait on you personally.



The "Three Castles" VIRGINIA CIGARETTES

The Cigarette with the Pedigree

The "most famous, renowned and ever worthy of all memory for her courage, learning, judgement and virtue" Queen Elizabeth was pleased to call the newly discovered country of Wingandacia - Virginia. So to this Queen of happy memory at least one owes the half of these enticing words Virginia Cigarettes. But if you will then prefix the name "Three Castles" you shall have the choicest Brand than which none else is half enough enticing. **THREE CASTLES** Virginia Cigarettes renowned the world over are recognised by the man who knows to be the product of unfailing judgement and virtuous endeavour unsurpassed and unsurpassable in purity which bringeth honour to the makers.

There's no sweeter Tobacco comes from Virginia and no better Brand than the "THREE CASTLES"

W.D. & H.O. WILLS
BRISTOL AND LONDON
— ENGLAND —

SOLID TYRES FOR MOTOR TRUCKS.

We have just received a consignment of various sizes of a high class English make of Solid Tyres.

Owners and Users of Motor Trucks are advised to look into their requirements and buy now for present and future use as the next consignment will be much dearer in price.

THE BANGKOK DOCK MOTOR GARAGE.

Phone No. 159.

Bangkok Hotel.

Bush Lane.

An up-to-date Hotel with every convenience. Very central location.

UNDER JAPANESE MANAGEMENT.

European or Japanese Meals served at all hours.

Spacious accommodation at MODERATE RATES.

All requirements met.

L.T.N.

PROGRAMME CHANGED

Phathanakorn Cinematograph.

Complete Change of Programme.
From Saturday, 27th to Tuesday, 30th.
Tense Timely Thrilling
16 Episodes. **"THE RED ACE"** 32 Reels.
The Universal Master Serial
Featuring the Brilliant Star
MARIE WALCAMP
A Human Story of Love, Daring and Romance.
No. 1. Episode. **"THE SILENT TERROR"** 2 parts.
No. 2. **"THE LURE OF THE UNATTAINABLE"** 2 parts.
The Great Mystery Serial
16 Episodes. **"THE CRIMSON STAIN MYSTERY"** 32 Reels.
No. 13. **"DISPOSING BRUTES"** 2 parts.
No. 14. **"THE BLOOD HOUNDS"** 2 parts.
No. 15. **"THE HUMAN TIGER"** 2 parts.
No. 16. **"THE UNMASKING"** 2 parts.

WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY

Copperplate Printing

SIAM OBSERVER SPECIALITY.

THE Only Printers in Siam to do this kind of work.

SEND YOUR PLATES. WE DO THE REST

Siam Observer Electric Printing Works.

WHY?

IS THE BUICK

the most popular Motor Car in Bangkok? Actual numbers prove this statement's truth. Here are a few salient ones.

The Buick is the most economical car in its class.

It offers an investment unparalleled by any other car.

It combines the attractive qualities of higher-priced cars with those of lower-priced cars.

Its second-hand value is always high.

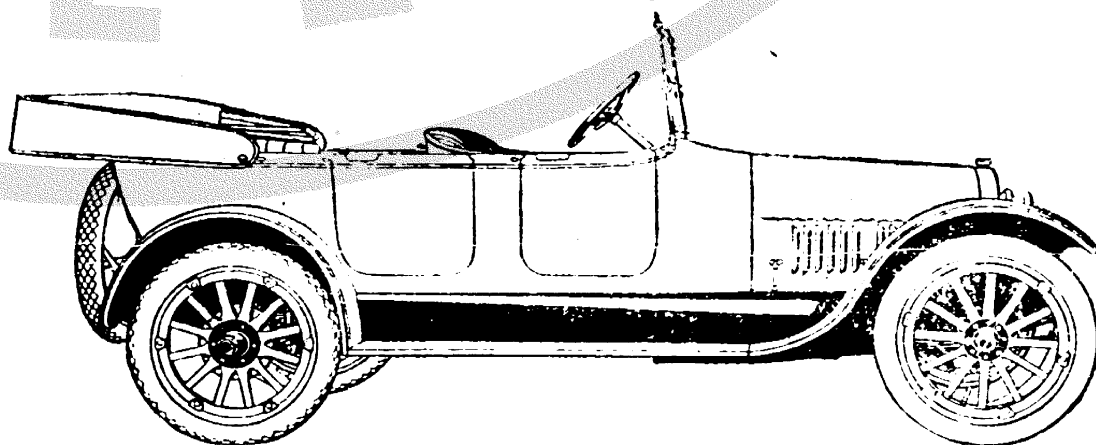
Its initial cost is inducively low.

Its motor offers unusual reserve power and flexibility, with an unusually low consumption of petrol.

Its beauty gains the eyes of many.

BUICK Sixes and Fours in Stock.

See them and Buy!



KIAM HOA HENG & CO., LTD.

SOLE AGENTS.

THE Great War.

Franco-American Successes.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

London, July 27. French communiqué.—Fighting on the Oureq front continued with undiminished success. We occupied Oulchy-la-Ville north of the river. Franco-Americans on the south advanced three kilometres at certain points despite the severest resistance, especially in the Dormans region. We captured Hill 141 south-east of Armentiers and crossed the Nanteuil stream. Farther south we captured the village of Coigny and the bulk of Tournelle wood. We progressed in the Wailly Forest as far as the general line Beauvillers-Peharnel. Our advance also continued favourably in the Roz Forest and north of Dormans. The enemy south-west of Rheims, after violent attacks on our positions between Virgeny and St. Euphrase, gained a footing on Hill 240. We soon recaptured the Hill taking a hundred prisoners.

British Make Progress.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

London, July 27. French Communiqué :— Between the Oureq and the Marne our attacks, resumed in the morning, continued successfully throughout the day. We held on the left of Armentiers Chatelet Wood, beyond which we reached and occupied Breay.

Franco-Americans in the centre advanced over three kilometres at certain points.

Japan to Assist Czechoslovaks.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

London, July 27.

It is officially confirmed that Japan has decided to accept the American proposal to assist the Czechoslovaks in Siberia.

White Star Liner Sunk.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

London, July 27.

The White Star liner *Justitia* (32,000 tons) was sunk off the north Irish coast on the morning of July 20 after an extraordinary twenty-four hours fight with a submarine.

Honduras Declares War.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

London, July 27.

Washington.—Honduras has declared war against Germany.

Austria's New Premier.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

London, July 27.

Amsterdam.—Baron Hussarek von Heinlein, ex-Minister of Education, has been appointed Premier of Austria.

What Neutrals Say.

Stockholm, July 22.—For once the pro-German Swedish press does not attempt to minimize the importance of the Allied advance. Enormous headlines in the Stockholm *Dagbladet* and *Svenska Dagbladet* declare that the German reverses are increasing. The *Dagens Nyheter*, carefully reviewing the position, says that the German recrossing of the Marne marks a complete relinquishment of the great offensive and admits its failure. All abortive explanations from Berlin cannot alter the fact. Nobody will credit

the statement that the German high command had achieved its aim. On the other hand, the importance of the French counter-offensive cannot be estimated by territory won alone. The "elastic defence" which the Germans claimed was their speciality has been applied by the French in Champagne, whereas the Germans entirely forgot their own method.

The Times Santander correspondent states that the failure of the German offensive has definitely affected Spanish opinion. Many avowed Germanophiles are beginning to waver.

British Press.

London, July 22.—The newspapers expose the absurdity of the German apologies for recrossing the Marne and remark that the flurried, foolish attempt to disguise the disaster are the most significant and welcome signal that could be made from Berlin at this particular moment, for a grave defeat has been imposed on the enemy, who dare not, for both political and military reasons, contemplate failure.

What marks the delightful theory that the Germans possessed the Marne because they had accomplished their purpose is the fact that the Crown Prince is fighting very furiously between the Marne and Rheims, ruthlessly sacrificing his rearwards to prevent a rout.

It is suggested that Ludendorff's arrogant underestimation of the Allied offensive powers was due to his belief in the nonsense recently published in Germany about Foch and his reserves.

Vorwärts Pessimistic.

Amsterdam, July 22.—Vorwärts, referring to the Allies' counter-offensive, contains the following significant passages: "Victories in attack and defence have, hitherto, been the justification for the German people continuing to entertain strong hopes. What is now happening? The western front assuredly calculated to bring those people to their senses who represented the German summer campaign as a grandiose military promenade ending with the complete destruction of the enemy. Despite all her victories, Germany still fights against material and numerical superiority. Our initiative, too, has to be daily re-won and the headquarters of the Entente reserves to be daily cut off. All our victories are the victories of a defender."

Siam Observer

SPECIAL WAR EDITION

Subscription Tcs. 4 per month

MENAM MOTOR BOAT CO., LTD.

TIME TABLE.

LINE 1—BANGKABUE TO BANG QUANG & MUANG NAWN.

Boats leave Bangkok to Bang Quang, Muang Nawn & Pakret.
a.m. 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 12.00.
p.m. 1, 1.30, 2.30, 3.15, 4.40, 6.00, daily.

Bangkok to Sankuk ... 2.30 p.m. daily.

" " Kai Koh Yai ... 1.00 ...

LINE 2—TANON TOK TO PAKLAT in connection with Paklat Train Cars Thabin

Boats leave Tanon Tok every full and half hour from 6.30 a.m. to 7.30 p.m. After 7.30 when sufficient passengers.

LINE 3—KLONG SAMRONG LOCK TO BANG HIA.

Boats leave the Lock in connection with the Paknam Railway train 10.45 a.m. from Bangkok.

Meklong Railway Co., Ltd.

TIME TABLE.

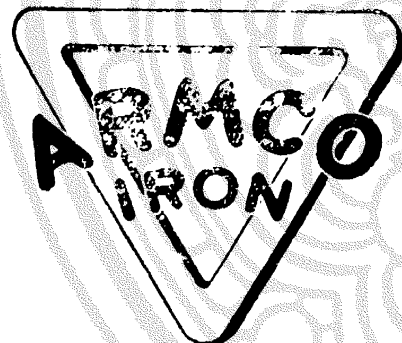
IN FORCE FROM 1st JANUARY, 1917 TO JULY, 1917.

BANGKOK-MEKLONG.				MEKLONG-BANGKOK.			
Distance from Bangkok.	STATIONS.			Distance from Meklong.	STATIONS.		
	I.	III.	V.		VI.	VI.	
	A.M. P.M. P.M.				A.M. P.M.		
Km. Bangkok Dep.	8.30	12.30	4.30	Km. Meklong Dep.	8.35	12.35	
33.1 Mahachai				33.8 Terminus Arr.	9.55	1.55	
Terminus Arr.	9.50	1.50	5.50				

The Company's Steam Launches will meet Trains to carry through passengers across the Tachin River at a fixed rate.

BANGKOK-MEKLONG.				MEKLONG-BANGKOK.			
Distance from B. Hame.	STATIONS.			Distance from Mahachai.	STATIONS.		
	I.	III.	V.		II.	IV.	VI.
	A.M. P.M.				A.M. A.M. P.M.		
Km. B. Hame	10.20	2.20		Km. Mahachai	6.45	10.45	2.45
Terminus Dep.				Terminus Dep.			
33.8 Meklong Arr.	11.40	3.40		33.1 Bangkok Arr.	8.05	12.05	4.05

BANGKOK TERMINUS: Opposite The Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation Ltd.



Resists Rust



Built in the Right Way of the Right Material

"ARMCO" Iron Flumes

(Lennon Type)

"Armco" Iron Flumes are mechanically and theoretically correct. They offer little friction to the water—their joints are simple and watertight.

"Armco" Iron Flumes are easily erected by inexperienced men—curves offer no obstacles.

And above all you get the unique durability of "Armco" Iron—made pure and uniform, and rust-resisting, by special manufacture.

California Corrugated Culvert Company.

Sole Agents for Siam

The Borneo Company, Ltd.

Printed and published by S. Fénelon for the "SIAM OBSERVER" Press Ltd., Oriental Avenue, Bangkok.