



## BANKING COMPANIES

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI  
BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID UP CAPITAL ... \$15,000,000  
RESERVE FUNDS.  
STERLING £1,500,000 @ 2/- \$15,000,000  
SILVER ... 18,500,000  
33,500,000  
RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS  
\$15,000,000

HEAD OFFICE.  
HONGKONG.  
CHIEF MANAGER.  
N. J. STABB.

## BRANCHES AND AGENCIES

Amoy Ipoh Peking  
Bangkok Johore Penang  
Batavia Kobe Rangoon  
Bombay Kuala Lumpur Saigon  
Calcutta London San Francisco  
Canton Lyons Shanghai  
Colon Manila Singapore  
Fuzhou Nagasaki Yokohama  
Hankow New York  
(Shanghai)

## BANKING AGENCY

INTEREST Allowed on current accounts at the rate of 1 per cent per annum on the daily balances.  
FIXED DEPOSITS are received on terms which can be ascertained on application.

Letters of credit issued available in the Principal Cities of the world.  
Drafts granted. Bills negotiated or sent for collection and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Office Hours - 9 a.m. to 3 p.m.  
Saturdays - 9 " " 12 noon  
E. W. TOWNEND,  
Agent.

## Chartered Bank

OF INDIA AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

PAID-UP CAPITAL ... £1,200,000  
RESERVE FUND ... £1,900,000  
FURTHER LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS ... £1,200,000

## COURT OF DIRECTORS.

Sir Montagu Cornish Turner, (Chairman)  
Sir Henry B. Cunningham, K. C. I. E.  
Thomas Cuthbertson, Esq.  
Sir Alfred Dent, K. C. M. G.  
William Henry Neville Goschen, Esq.  
The Rt. Hon. Lord George Hamilton, G. C. S. I.  
W. Foot Mitchell, Esq.  
Lewis Alexander Wallace, Esq.

Current Accounts are opened and interest allowed at 1 per cent per annum on the daily balances.  
Deposits are received for fixed periods at rates which can be ascertained on application.

G. N. ALLEN,  
Agent.

Bangkok, July 1, 1909.

## BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE

Societe Anonyme au Capital de 48,000,000 de Francs.

## COURT OF DIRECTORS

M. Baron Hely d'Orsel, Chairman.  
M. A. de Monplaisir, Deputy Chairman.

M. R. Reichenot M. P. Boyer  
M. P. Desvieux M. A. de Gerniny  
M. H. Guersant M. Georges Louis  
M. L. Macon M. A. Rostand  
M. Edgard Stern M. R. de Tregomain  
M. Stanislas Simon

Managing Director—M. Stanislas Simon  
Joint Manager—M. Rene Thion de la Chaume  
Government Supervisor—M. Demartial

## London Bankers.

The Union of London & Smiths Bank, Ltd.  
Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris.

## Bangkok Agency.

Current Accounts are opened and interest allowed at 1 p.c. per annum on the daily balances.  
Deposits are received for fixed periods at rates which can be ascertained on application.

J. DEMAY, Acting Manager.

## Branches and Agencies.

Bangkok ... Pnom-Penh  
Batambang ... Pondicherry  
Canton ... Saigon  
Haiphong ... Shanghai  
Hankow ... Singapore  
Hanoi ... Papeete  
Hongkong ... Tientsin  
Noumea ... Tourane  
Montze ... Djibouti  
Fekin

## Notice

Advertisers are kindly requested to send in changes of advertisements before 11 a.m. of the day they intend the advertisement to appear. Should any advertisement arrive after that hour the same will be held over or the next day.

## BANKING COMPANIES

## The Siam Commercial Bank Ltd.

Incorporated by Royal Charter.

PAID UP CAPITAL  
TICALS 3,300,000

## BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

H. E. Poy Ja-yoi Sombati (Chairman)  
H. E. Poya Doribun Rajasombati  
M. E. Poya Doribun Kosakorn  
Luang Riddhi Narongron  
H. E. Poya Choduk Rajasethi  
G. H. Ardron  
H. E. Poya Suphan Sombati  
London Bankers—Siam Bank Corporation.

The Institution buys, sells, and collects Bills of Exchange on Europe, America, India, China and Japan and transacts every description of Exchange and Banking business.

Current Account Deposits at 1% on daily balances.  
Rates of Interest allowed on the fixed deposits may be ascertained on application.

Safe-Deposit Lockers let to the public at monthly rental.  
Apply for particulars.

Office hours ... 9 a.m. to 3 p.m.  
Saturdays ... 9 a.m. to 12 noon.

G. H. ARDRON,  
Actg. Manager.

Bangkok, March 27, 1909

## TIDE TABLE.

DEPTH OF WATER ON THE

BANGKOK BAR.

FOR NOVEMBER 1917.

Nov.	A.M.			
	H. W.	Ft. in.	L. W.	(Approx.)
1	6 00	14 4	...	...
2	7 00	14 5	1 0	6 0
3	7 30	14 10	1 2	6 0
4	8 00	14 8	1 2	6 0
5	9 00	14 7	2 3	6 7
6	10 00	14 5	2 3	6 7
7	10 00	14 1	3 4	6 7
8	11 00	14 0	4 0	7 0
9	...	...	5 0	7 0
10	...	...	5 0	7 8
11	...	...	5 0	7 8
12	2 00	11 8	7 8	7 8
13	3 00	12 2	9 10	7 8
14	4 00	13 6	9 10	7 8
15	4 30	14 4	10 12	7 8
16	6 00	15 0	...	...
17	7 00	15 6	...	...
18	7 30	15 7	1 0	7 0
19	8 30	15 4	1 2	6 7
20	9 00	15 4	2 3	6 7
21	10 00	14 9	3 4	6 7
22	...	...	4 5	6 7
23	...	...	4 5	6 7
24	...	...	5 6	6 7
25	1 00	11 0	7 8	7 8
26	2 00	12 3	...	...
27	3 00	12 11	...	...
28	4 00	13 8	...	...
29	5 00	14 7	...	...
30	6 00	15 2	...	...
31	...	...	...	...

Nov.	P.M.			
	H. W.	Ft. in.	L. W.	(Approx.)
1	6 00	14 7	...	...
2	6 00	14 2	1 0	7 0
3	6 30	13 11	...	...
4	7 00	13 8	...	...
5	7 00	13 4	...	...
6	7 00	13 4	...	...
7	7 00	13 4	...	...
8	...	...	...	...
9	2 00	14 2	...	...
10	2 30	14 2	...	...
11	3 00	14 4	...	...
12	3 00	14 7	...	...
13	3 30	14 11	...	...
14	4 00	14 6	11 12	7 8
15	4 00	14 6	11 12	7 8
16	4 30	14 5	12 0	7 0
17	5 30	14 4	...	...
18	5 30	14 1	...	...
19	6 00	13 11	...	...
20	6 00	13 7	...	...
21	6 00	13 0	...	...
22	1 00	14 4	...	...
23	2 00	14 6	...	...
24	2 30	14 6	...	...
25	2 30	14 5	...	...
26	3 00	14 4	9 10	7 8
27	3 30	14 3	10 11	7 0
28	4 00	14 3	11 12	7 0
29	4 00	13 10	12 0	7 0
30	5 00	13 3	12 0	7 0
31	...	...	...	...

## PHASES OF THE MOON.

Nov. 6th (Last Quarter) 11 h 46 p.m.  
" 15th (New Moon) 1 h 11 a.m.  
" 22nd (First Quarter) 5 h 11 a.m.  
" 30th (Full Moon) 1 h 23 a.m.

## For Sale.

Meng Bee Chan, Rice Mill, Sam Ray, Bangkok. Application to respect the Mill may be made to the Mill, and offers to purchase, to be made direct to Mr. Tan Kah Kee, J. River Valley Road, Singapore.

20-20 D.

## The Siam Auctioneering Company.

INSTRUCTED BY

Capt. H. Flashman,

WILL SELL

On Saturday 24th Nov. 1917.

At his residence, Klong Pho Yome Road, near German Legation, commencing at 2 p.m.

The whole of his house-hold furniture, including a cooking range, electric-plated and silver ware, mosquito net, large swinging mirror, etc., etc. His well known Motor Car will be sold at 4 p.m. sharp.

For Terms and particulars apply—

E. M. PEREIRA &amp; Co.

## STAR HOTEL.

Opp Oriental Avenue.

## A Luxurious Hotel!

Wines etc. of first quality, always at hand.

Fraser & Neaves Soda Water always obtainable. Cold Drinks and meals served at all hours of the day at the shortest notice.

Luxuriously Fitted with Modern Comfort.

## CONCERT

In attendance nightly, from 8 p.m. to 12.30 p.m.

L.H.

## BARGAINS

AT

## The Bangkok Auctioneering Society

One Vauxhall 4 seater Motor car 4 cylinder, 15 to 20 horse power. Wardrobe with Mirror. Hat Rack. Wash-Stands. Marble top Tables. Bentwood Chairs. Mosquito House. Meat Safe. Looking Glasses of various descriptions. One set single Harness. Water Tanks. Bedsteads. Zinc bath Tubs. Watches. Clocks.

Inspection Invited.

T. S. APCAR,

Valuator, Auctioneer, and Estate Agent.

## Oriental Bakery.

ORIENTAL AVENUE.

Daily supplies of white bread & rolls.

Fresh Cakes:—Plain, Currant, and Assorted tea cakes. Other cakes made to order.

## AIDS TO TRADE.

The business problem of to-day is not the manufacturing, but the selling end of your business. Anything that increases sales is of importance to the business man—and advertising is the great sale increaser.

The "Observer" specialises in advertising that sells goods and develops trade.

For rates etc. inquire from the Manager or ring him up on the Phone.

## ACCIDENTS WILL HAPPEN.

It may be impossible to prevent an accident, but it is not impossible to be prepared for it. Chamberlain's Pain Balm is not beyond anyone's purse, and with a bottle of this liniment you are prepared for most anything. For sale by The British Dispensary.

## Holland and America.

New York:—A Washington despatch to the New York "Times," reviewing the negotiations entered into by a Dutch-German commercial agency at The Hague, gives the basis of a Dutch-German commercial agreement.

The German demands, all acceded to, cover at least 75 per cent. of the total butter shipments; 66 per cent. of the total cheese exports; at least as much as regards pork and sausage exported to other countries, including the supplies forwarded to the Belgian Relief Commission; at least 75 per cent. of the total vegetable exports; 75 per cent. of the egg shipments; half of the total fax exports, and at least the same quantity of live-stock and meat exported to other countries.

It is understood that the United States Government, regarding the understanding as unfair, will suspend the shipment of all supplies to Holland until the treaty has been modified.—(Havas).

## Germany's Manoeuvres.

Allahabad, Oct. 21.—A Pioneer

cable, dated London, 22nd October, says: An undated message from Rome to the Central News declares that Herr Kuehlmann's uncompromising declaration concerning Alsace Lorraine has caused a painful impression in the Vatican. In high ecclesiastical circles it is asserted that the Holy See can place no further confidence in Germany after this evidence of bad faith. The Pope cannot dream of taking a further initiative in favour of peace. In explanation of this attitude the message states that the Pope's reference to Alsace Lorraine in his peace note was not made without definite German assurance on the subject, and Kuehlmann's declaration in the contrary sense places the Holy See in a ridiculous position. This is scarcely borne out by reference to the peace note as published here in August, but the message is probably not far wrong regarding the papal indignation. M. Briand's recent reference to whispers about peace terms which led to much catching of the French Government is not the only story current of German underhand negotiations. It has been understood for some weeks that Germany has given the Pope certain peace terms not to be officially named until their acceptance can be assured in advance. Those have been said to include the restitution of Alsace-Lorraine and other concessions in the west, for which Germany doubtless intends to recompense herself in the east. So far these under-hand negotiations have had very discouraging results. No doubt their existence has been the subject of rumour within as well as without Germany. The authorities are

## Stalking the Boche.

A Canadian War Records despatch says:

A lieutenant and patrol of nine men of a Quebec Battalion gave an object lesson on the front one night, showing the value of careful scouting. The party went out into the haze, lying in the low land between the enemy line and our own, and at a point about three hundred yards from a German trench discovered six Germans on outpost duty under the shade of some trees. The Quebec men stalked the party as carefully as if the enemy had been deer in northern woods. They captured three and killed the others. After bringing in the prisoners the lieutenant, feeling certain that the enemy, having heard the sound of firing, would investigate, took out the patrol again and concealed his men near the outpost. A second party of Germans appeared shortly afterwards, and in the fight that followed three of them were captured, one after sustaining severe wounds. Not one of our men was hit in this admirable bit of outpost warfare.

The enemy has at times called the Canadians hard names, but it is "Dear Tommy" now. Some German soldiers in Lens fired the following message into the line by the use of an aerial dart: "Dear Tommy, the German Tommy sends you hearty greetings from Lens. When will there be peace? Please reply." That the rank and file of the enemy troops have a great longing for peace is confirmed by every prisoner captured. One of their chief grievances is the failure of higher officers to take risks. Even company commanders frequently depute to under officers their duties while in the trenches, and remain well back from the front. This is so different from the relations between our own officers and men that it is vividly impressed on the minds of the Germans on every occasion when there is hand to hand fighting, in which our officers invariably lead their men, while the German officers seldom do so. They are not actuated by fear, and it must be assumed that they are obeying orders in thus hanging back. The very great losses of the German officer class earlier in the war may have made it necessary to conserve the enemy's leaders. Whatever the reason for failure to take risks as great as those to which their men are subjected, the latter are deeply discontented. Hence these hearty greetings from Lens.

doing everything possible to put a new spirit in the army. Kuehlmann's attitude is doubtless part of the "buck up" policy, but it does not follow that Germany will not reproduce the offer to restore Alsace-Lorraine later on, perhaps in a more dramatic manner.

WE beg to notify our clients and the general public that we have just opened out a new shipment of Assorted Vegetables from the well known French Manufacturers

GEORGE DALIDET &amp; Co.

BORDEAUX.

JULIENNE AU NATUREL CHOUX FLEURS NATUREL  
EPINARDS " CHOUX BRUXELLES "  
FLAGEOLETS SALSIFIS AU "  
MACEDOINE DE LEGUMES CHAMPIGNONS EXTRA  
ARTICHAUTS ENTIERS CHAMPIGNONS 1st CHOIX.  
ETC. ETC.

Prices Cheapest in Town.

Prompt attention given to orders by mail, wire or messenger.

THE INTERNATIONAL STORE.

Telephone No. 570.

Address. Corner of New Road and Custom House Lane.

## Phathanarom Picture Hall.

COMMENCING ON SATURDAY 24th.

For Four Nights Only.

TRANS-ATLANTIC MIGHTY SERIAL.

19 Chapters. GREED. 38 Reels.

No. 1. "LIQUOR AND THE LAW" 2 Parts.  
No. 2. "THE TENEMENT HOUSE EVIL" 2 Parts.

THE TREMENDOUS SERIAL

16 Chapters. The Yellow Menace. 38 Reels.

No. 3. "THE POISONOUS TARANTULA" 2 "  
" 4. "THE PLOT OF A DEMON" 2 "

5 Parts. His Picture in the Papers. 5 Parts.

Featuring the Well-Known Artist, Douglas Fairbanks.



## Italian Treason Trials.

Milan, Sept. 30.—Over fifty witnesses have now been heard in the sensational court-martial at Rome on spies concerned in the colossal fires at Genoa dockyards and the blowing up of the State dynamite factory at Cengio.

Following up the damning evidence produced against the accused during the secret trial, the King's Prosecutor last night demanded that the five prisoners, Lanzocchi, aged 60; Pagazzano, aged 50; Renato Gatti, from Trieste, and two other younger conspirators, should be sentenced to be shot; that Romolo Urovandi, an ex-convict, formerly sentenced in France to fifteen years' hard labour for murder, should undergo twenty years' rigid confinement; and that extenuating circumstances should be allowed only to Lanzocchi's wife, a woman of French origin, for whom the minimum term of ten years was proposed.

The military court will give its verdict during the coming week, on which occasion the public will be admitted to the summing up.

Two important affairs of high treason, which rival in interest the recent prosecution of the Vatican official Monsignor Gerlach, will shortly come before a Rome Court-Martial, according to the correspondent of the "Temps." The first concerns an ex-naval officer, Cesare Bantero, who was cashiered in time of peace and afterwards founded a periodical devoted to naval affairs, which he is alleged to have placed at the service of Austria.

Before Italy declared war he travelled much in Austria, and a safe-conduct delivered by the Austrian General Staff was found on him. When war was declared he went to Austria through Switzerland, but was shadowed.

In the second case a Milan journalist, Cesare Mansueti, who was the Rome correspondent of the "Evening (La Sera)"—not to be confused with the "Evening Courier" (Corriere della Sera)—is charged with spying. It is alleged that in order to avert suspicion he affected an anti-German attitude in his articles and obtained entry to Ministries of National Defence.

## Australia's Labour Troubles.

Sydney, Sept. 30.—The miners in several districts have agreed to return on the Government's terms. This should mean the conclusion of the strike of seamen and the other remaining strikers. It is now possible to estimate some of the results of the strike from the labour standpoint: (1) The tyrannical influence of the extremists has disappeared; (2) the privileges of several Unions under the Arbitration Act have been removed by de-registration; (3) the preference for Unionists is not binding; (4) the Government has established the principle of the supremacy of the management in public utility services; (5) the general strike has proved unsuccessful, as volunteer labour is always accessible in all industries; (6) if the Government stands firm the general community will support any measures, despite inconvenience, to secure the maintenance of law and order.

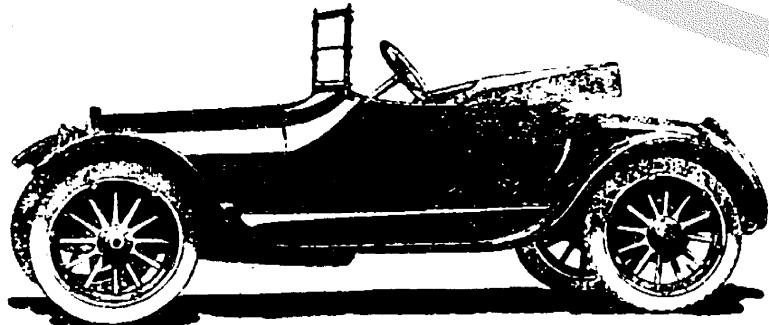
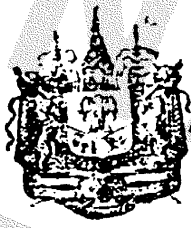
The commercial community is much relieved at the result, which should provide a considerable stimulus to Australian industry and place Australian labour on a saner and improved basis.

## WHY IT SELLS.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is the largest selling cough medicine in the world today, because it does exactly what a cough remedy is supposed to do, and cures the cough by curing the cold. It cures it speedily and effectually. For sale by The British Dispensary.



UNDER ROYAL PATRONAGE



THE ONLY CARS THAT ENSURE GREAT SATISFACTION.

All Buick owners are fully satisfied owners, they are the proud possessors of these ideal Cars.

For Economy, they are hard to beat: Strength and Beauty, nothing to be compared: Reliability and Durability, none to compete.

**Kiam Hoa Heng & Co., Ltd.**

SOLE AGENTS.  
TALAT NOI AND SAM YEK.



## Like a Choking Hand

and just as threatening is the affliction of a sore throat.

You can stop it and stop it at once by applying Little's Oriental Balm.

This great remedy for aches and pains is just as effective for sore throat, bronchitis, whooping cough, chest colds and croup as it is for rheumatism, sciatica, neuralgia, backache, toothache and other external afflictions.

Troubles of the throat and chest come quickly and must be as quickly dealt with. Little's Oriental Balm is the one reliable remedy which can be counted on to check these maladies.

Agents for Bangkok.

The British Dispensary  
New Road and Seak.

## DON'T WAIT

until you are worse before starting a campaign against disease. No matter how slight may be your indisposition your duty to yourself demands that immediate steps be taken to disperse it. Of course, you expect to get better and not worse, but where health is in question you are never justified in leaving anything to chance, and, as is well known, indisposition, instead of disappearing of its own sweet will, frequently develops serious disorders if neglected. Your safest course is to

## TAKE BEECHAM'S PILLS

which are the World's finest household remedy for the correction of derangements of the stomach, liver, or kidneys. Slight headaches, loss of appetite, a nasty taste in the mouth and other little symptoms of that sort are indications of digestive disorder, and may be regarded as Nature's warning of worse troubles to follow if the cause of the present ailment be not speedily removed. Don't wait until to-morrow but take Beecham's Pills

Sold in boxes, 2/4, 1/4 & 2/6.

**NOW.**

**MARTIN'S CAPRIOL & STEEL LADIES' PILLS**  
A French Remedy for all irregularities. The action of this medicine is to regulate the system, to purify the blood, and to remove all impurities from the system. It is a purely natural remedy, and is perfectly safe. It is sold in boxes, 2/4, 1/4 & 2/6.

# MOTOR CAR TYRES

All popular sizes in stock.

**DUNLOPS  
MICHELINS  
UNITED STATES.**

**Siam Motor Works, Ltd.**

## SPECIAL INVENTION.

## AMRITARNAVA AVALEH

This Avaleh is the foremost tonic agent and blood purifier. It dissipates the weakness of the brain as well as the excess of heat in the body and strengthens the memory as well as the power of understanding. It increases the stock of semen and imparts good strength. It cures continuous headache, pain in the chest, chronic and acute diarrhoea.

1 Tin of half lb. Costs Tcs. 2. Only  
ATANK NIGRAH PHARMACY.  
297, Samyok.

## BANGKOK LIBRARY.

Suriwongse Road

(Near the Lawn Tennis Club.)

Open daily, Sundays excepted.  
Sept. 1st to Feb. 28th—4 to 6.30 p.m.  
March 1st to Aug. 31st—4.30 to 7 p.m.

Annual Subscription Tcs. 20

Half yearly Subscription Tcs. 12.

Quarterly do " 8.

Monthly subscription Tcs. 3 for visitors only, who will be required to deposit Tcs. 5.

Subscriptions, payable in advance, date from day of payment, and may be handed in at the Library any time in the year or sent to

MRS. H. GITTINS,  
Hon. Secretary and Treasurer.

## Notice.

I, the undersigned beg to notify all customers and clients that my business is now located at the new building at the corner of Klong Poh Yome and Bangkok

Ah Seang, Tailor.

## HAPP YOUR LONG &amp; CO

Facing Sampeng Old Market, Jawara Road, No. 184 to 189.

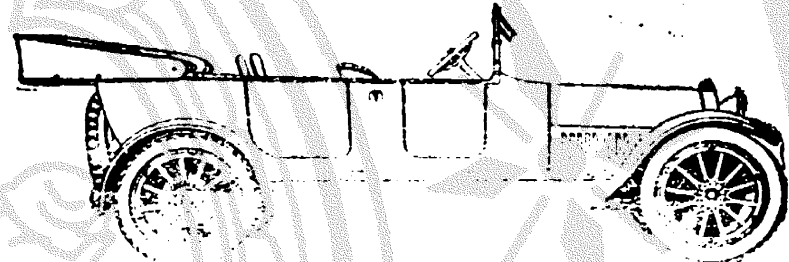
We have just unpacked a large shipment of our well-known High Class Paints, Varnishes, Linseed, Oils, Brasses, Iron-ware, and Carpenter's, Blacksmith's, Silver smith's Tools, and various kinds of best Chinese silks—always in stock.

INSPECTOR INVITED. PRICES

MODERATE.

Tel. No. 585.

**Studebaker**  
Established 1868



## STUDEBAKER SERIES "18" CARS

NEW MODEL 1917.

A Consignment has Just Arrived.

It is advisable to book at once in order to obtain prompt delivery.

**G. KLUZER & Co.**  
Agents.

## "JONG-KEENA"

REGISTERED LABEL.

THE WONDERFUL BLOOD PURIFIER.

Mixture for Internal and External Use.  
CURES

Headache, drunkenness, Stomach-ache, Erysipelas, Rupuntia, Cholera, Beri-beri, Nervous diseases, Chest complaints, Heart-disease, Malaria, Dengue, Common-fever, Lumbago, Chronic Rheumatism, Cough and Coughing blood, Cold, Sorethroat, Bronchitis, Chronic Neuralgia, Diarrhoea, Weakness, Kidney trouble, Dysentery, Eczema and all sorts of skin diseases, Worms, Female diseases of all sorts, Swelling of the groin, Inflammation of the gums, Toothache, Gout, Wounds and wounds caused by rusty nails or cuts, etc., etc.

**DIRECTIONS:**—Take 14 table-spoonfuls three a day one hour before meals. **TAKING PURE WATERS:** Under 14 years one table-spoonful, under 7 years 1/2 table-spoonful, and for babies up to one year old 1 table-spoonful. When the pain is severe, double the dose. Can be taken by women en-suite.

For Inflammation of the gums, apply with cotton-wool on the swollen gum changing every 8 minutes 3 times a day relief is certain within a quarter of an hour.

For children, apply with cotton-wool on the cheek and relief is certain within half an hour. For cough and Sorethroat, sip the mixture slowly. For Eczema, apply externally and take internally as directed. For Beri-beri, take full dose three a day. For cholera, take one table-spoonful every 1/2 an hour.

For Toothache, clean the cavity of the tooth first and then saturate a piece of cotton-wool in Jong-Keena and fill cavity with same, changing five or six times every 3 minutes and relief is certain. For loose teeth caused by the swelling of the gum, take internally as directed for a week and the teeth will be firm again.

For Earache, clean the ear first with cotton-wool, put 5 or 6 drops into ear and stop the hole with cotton-wool—relief is certain within a few minutes.

For Gout, Wounds and wounds caused by rusty nails, cuts or burns, apply the mixture, cover with cotton-wool and bandage, change dressing every three hours, and take internally, as directed until relieved or healed.

For Sore-eyes take internally as directed, for a few days.

After taking this mixture, a little plain white sugar may be taken to remove the bitter taste but not in the case of coughs or sore throat.

For Snake, Dog or Cat bites, poisonous fish stings, etc., when applied externally with cotton-wool a few minutes after the occurrence, instant relief will be obtained. Take also internally 1/2 table-spoonfuls three a day. But when treatment is sought a few hours after the occurrence, besides using the application, take mixture internally for a fortnight. Can be given also to animals and birds for any sort of disease.

Price per bottle of 2 oz. 80 Sings, 3 oz. Tcs. 1.40, 4 oz. Tcs. 1.80, 6 oz. Tcs. 2.50, 8 oz. Tcs. 2.95, 16 oz. Tcs. 4.25. Postage extra.

Prepared only by MR. Y. TAN of SINGAPORE.

If any lady or gentleman is suffering from any of the above named ailments or diseases will call and see Mr. Y. Tan or his sole agents at their offices, they will be very pleased to give them a free trial of his wonderful remedy, when they will be relieved within five minutes up to one hour.

Obtainable at MERCANTILE DISPENSARY, PRAYA SATHAKAN, UNION DISPENSARY, and POON LOON DISPENSARY.

## SPECIAL OFFER

Persons following any of the above directions and failing to obtain relief of any of the above diseases, Mr. Y. Tan or his Agents will refund them the purchase money paid by them for the JONG-KEENA

**BANGKOK TRAVELLING AGENCY,**  
SOLE AGENTS.



### New French War Loan 4 per cent.

(Rente Française 4% 1917.)

Price of issue — 68 francs 60.  
Free of Government taxes or other expenses.  
Not redeemable before 1942.  
This is a very good investment, bearing real interest at 5 francs 83 per annum.

Applications will be received by the BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE up till the 10th December, 1917. Every facility will be granted to subscribers by the said Bank.

J. DEMAY,  
Acting Manager  
t. f. n.

### Notice.

Consignees of Goods are hereby notified that Balances ex s.s. "Glenamoy", "Glenysie" and "Kwai Sang" have arrived per s.s. "Mata Hari" on 23rd inst., and will be landed and stored at Messrs. The East Asiatic Co., Ltd.'s Wharf, at the risk, expense and responsibility of consignees.

No Claim will be entertained unless made within 10 days after final discharge of the steamer.

Goods not cleared within 3 days after final discharge of cargo will be liable for go-down rent.

BORNEO CO., LIMITED.  
Agents.

### "Our Day" Lottery.

For the convenience of those prize-winners who prefer to receive cash prizes instead of bonds in the War Loans Investment Trust of Malaya it has been arranged that holders of winning tickets shall receive instead of such bonds the equivalent sum in cash (less 5% discount) at either of the following banks, viz.:—The Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation, The Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, or The Siam Commercial Bank, after such tickets have been countersigned by Mr. Andrew Carson, Hon. Secretary of the Patriotic League of Britons Overseas.

HAMILTON PRICE.

17-24.

### Auction Sale.

Instructed by  
THE CUSTODIAN OF ENEMY  
PROPERTY,  
I will sell the  
Furniture and Household effects  
belonging to

Messrs. B. Roggan, H. Raab,  
W. de Kruse and K. W. Nordmann.

On Tuesday, 27th November 1917,  
at 2 p. m.

At Suriwongse Road.

Benjamin A. Periera,  
Auctioneer.

### Bangkok Hotel. Bush Lane.

UNDER JAPANESE  
MANAGEMENT.

Meals (European and Japanese)  
served at all hours.

ALSO

Rooms available at moderate rates.

## Expanded Metal

made from best **British Steel**  
various sizes and sections in Stock.

## Milners' Safes

Patent fire and thief resisting.  
several sizes in Stock.

**Bangkok Dock Co., Ltd.**

SOLE AGENTS FOR SIAM.

## IN STOCK B. M. C. TO-DAY.

**FISH**  
Codroe, Caviar  
Snipe (time to time)  
Apples

French Ham on cut  
Boiled Ham  
Raw Ham  
English Mergarine  
Beef Dripping

**CHEESE**  
Canadian  
Gruyere  
Australian

Fresh Australian Butter.

Picnic cases containing Ice, Aerated Water and Well Water for travellers by Railway or boat delivered free at Railway Station or any Bangkok landing.

## Half Watt Lamps

The Electric Lamps  
of the future

Consumption 2 Satangs per hour  
for 100 candle power.

Siam Electricity Co., Ltd.  
Wat Lieb  
Telephone 850, 851, 852.

S.E.C. Electrical Store.  
opp. British Legation  
Telephone 434.

Every Day you'll feel happy and well if you take the tiny laxatives that correct constipation, cure sick headaches, stimulate a sluggish liver and keep one fit always. The 1/- per phial at your druggist's or direct by mail on receipt of price from THE BRITISH DISPENSARY, Bangkok, Siam.

**PINKETTES,**

## SATISFACTION



is enjoyed by the Motorist who depends on a  
**CAV ACCUMULATOR**  
for his Lighting and Starting  
Every CAV Battery is guaranteed for 12 months  
Siam Electricity Co. Ltd., Bangkok  
**CAVandervell & Co. Ltd.**  
ACTON, LONDON, ENG.

## The Siam Observer

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 24, 1917.

### GERMAN POST-WAR ASPIRATIONS.

In view of the very large number of Germans who are now interned in various countries abroad it is interesting to observe the efforts that are being made in Germany to obtain from the Government full pledges of compensation and support for all Germans who have suffered from living in enemy countries. In the *Vossische Zeitung* a certain Herr von Heydt who is said to be an expert on this subject has re-discussed the question at length. His argument is that the Germans in foreign countries trusted to the speeches of the Kaiser and to the reiterated promises made by German diplomats and Consuls to the effect that the German Government would never abandon its subjects. Relying on these promises he says that all Germans abroad confidently expect their position before the war to be restored to them. He is then most careful to explain that the main object of Germany must be to recover the ground lost in enemy countries. "In their intelligible wish for compensation," says he, "the Germans abroad are guided not only by the idea of the momentary restoration of their former possessions: they do not forget that what matters is the building up afresh of the lost positions and the reconstruction of the field of work that has been devastated. We cannot deny that, although militarily we have shown an indisputable superiority, our enemies have in the economic sphere inflicted wounds upon us that only great efforts can heal. The State and the individual must co-operate most closely in order to repair this economic weakening of our position in foreign countries, and in this matter the German abroad is in the first place the assistant without whose energetic action a reconquest of the economic territory which we have for the moment lost can hardly be conceived." The writer thus quoted then goes on to state that the greater part of the prosperity of the German Empire was due to the efforts of the Germans abroad and that the immensely profitable foreign trade was built up entirely on their labour and their efforts in the countries in which they were located. It is worthy of notice in the passage quoted above that the Germans look upon the stoppage of their trade as but temporary and they are looking forward to its resumption after the war as a matter of course. In the interests of the world's peace one of the duties of the Allies' nations will be to see that this does not occur: for German trade goes hand in hand with German political aims and if, after peace has been declared, the Germans are allowed the same scope as before the war the conflict will in great measure have been waged in vain.

THE Post and Telegraph Department reports that Paksempa line is still in good order as far as Leburi. Other lines are all available.

## French Flood Relief Fund.

A Generous Contribution From Indo-China.

His Excellency the French Minister has received the following from H. B. H. Prince Devawongse, Minister for Foreign Affairs:—

Foreign Office  
Bangkok, 23rd Nov. 1917.

Monsieur le Ministre,

I have the honour to acknowledge with sincere thanks the receipt of Your Excellency's letter of the 22nd instant together with a cheque for the sum of fifty thousand ticals which His Excellency Monsieur Sarraut has been kind enough to forward to you as the contribution of Indo-China for the relief of the sufferers from the present disastrous floods in Siam.

In reply, I have the honour to inform you that His Majesty's Government, in gratefully accepting this very generous donation, which will be promptly devoted to the purpose for which it is intended, are deeply touched by the signal proof of real friendship and sympathy thus shown by Indo-China towards this country, and desire me to request you, Monsieur le Ministre, to be so good as to convey their very high appreciation and most cordial thanks for the charitable impulse which has prompted His Excellency Monsieur Sarraut and the Government over which he presides to so generously come forward to the aid of the suffering inhabitants of a friendly and allied nation.

I avail myself of this opportunity, Monsieur le Ministre, to renew to Your Excellency the assurance of my very high consideration.

Signed: DEVAWONGSE,  
Minister for Foreign Affairs.

## The Late Mr. August Baer.

We regret to announce the death of Mr. August Baer which took place at the St. Louis Hospital at midnight yesterday.

Mr. Baer came out to Siam some years ago to take up the management of Messrs. Berli and Co.

About two months ago he was taken ill, and never having been too strong, passed away in spite of the best medical treatment.

The funeral will take place at the Protestant Cemetery to-morrow (Sunday) morning at 8 o'clock.

## Freights Rising.

Freight which last week was down below one dollar has now risen to \$1.20 to Singapore and \$1.40 to Hongkong per picul.

There is a tendency for freights to rise still higher.

## LOCAL AND GENERAL

THE s.s. *Mata Hari* will sail for Singapore on Sunday, 25th inst., about 10 a.m.

OWING to the opposition of Ministerial supporters the Australian Government on September 26th withdrew its proposal for a tax on unenlisted men. It now proposes a five per cent. surtax on incomes of all bachelors and widowers irrespective of age.

PASSING a hand over his forehead the worried drill sergeant panted for breath as he surveyed the knock-kneed recruit. Then he pointed a scornful finger. "No," he declared "you're hopeless. You'll never make a soldier. Look at you now. The top 'alf of your legs is standing to attention, and the bottom 'alf is standin' at ease."

LATEST Adots:—The Borneo Co., Ltd. have a new notice to consignees. The Siam Motor Works Ltd. have in stock all popular sizes of Motor Car Tyres. Benjamin A. Periera will hold an Auction Sale of the property of several enemy subjects on the 27th inst. at Suriwongse Road. The Phatthana-nakorn and Phatthana-nakorn advertise new programmes.

THE rice crop of Burma is 6,913,000 tons against 6,657,000, so that 2,700,000 tons will be available for export. Notwithstanding war difficulties of transport, freight will be presumably found for the quantity demanded by this country and its Allies. The old difficulty that those who appreciated plain boiled rice could not get it even when potatoes were very bad has disappeared in war time, and it is to be hoped that it will be permanently retained on the menu instead of being forgotten when peace comes.

**Take One With You**  
HERE is a portable detachable motor that fits any rowboat and in less than one minute turns it into an eight mile an hour motor boat. You can carry it everywhere as it weighs but 50 lbs. You can enjoy the pleasures of motor boating wherever you go if you have a man.

**DETACHABLE ROW-BOAT-MOTOR**  
Handsome illustrated book will be given away free. All motors are guaranteed. Call to see one at

Sole Agents: **Barrow, Brown & Co., Ltd.** *Carries Like a Seal*



## THE Great War.

### The Great British Success.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

London, Nov. 23.

In the Commons, Mr. Bonar Law announced that 8,000 prisoners had been now counted including 81 officers. At one point we penetrated more than 5 miles behind the German lines. Several more villages have been captured.

### New French War Cabinet.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

London, Nov. 23.

Paris:—The new War Committee has been established, M. Poincaré presiding, and is composed of the Ministers for Foreign Affairs, Marine, Munitions and Blockade who will be charged with the duty of directing the war policy.

### Counter-attacks Repulsed.

(Havas Telegram.)

Paris, Nov. 22.

We repulsed counter-attacks in the region of Juvincourt and took 400 prisoners.

### 8,000 Prisoners Taken.

(Havas Telegram.)

Paris, Nov. 22.

The English attack, which was launched suddenly without artillery preparation, permitted the English to advance to a depth of 8 kilometres on a wide front and to capture more than 8,000 prisoners, numerous cannon and to cross the Escaut Canal. The English are now near Cambrai and their cavalry is interposing at various points. The advance continues.

### German Submarine Blockade Extended.

(Havas Telegram.)

Paris, Nov. 22.

Germany has extended the submarine blockade to the region of the Azores and has closed the channel which had been left free between England and Greece.

### Verdun.

A Field of Wasted Steel.

The enormous quantity of ammunition which has been used by both sides at Verdun has strewn the field with steel and lead to such an extent that some statisticians are figuring on the value of the land as a result. Thousands of shells and bullets of all kinds are embedded in the earth, and a correspondent of the Swedish periodical Industriellin Norden who went over the ground contributes an interesting article on the subject. While no exact figures are available as to the number of shells and bullets actually fired in this great battle, this correspondent figures the amount of steel around Verdun as enormous and that it will be a fruitful source of industry after the war.

It is estimated that a million shells a week have been fired by both sides since the beginning of the German offensive at Verdun. The correspondent of the Industriellin Norden, therefore, figures 1,350,000 tons of steel are lying at Verdun. To transport the immense quantity of steel 135,000 freight cars would be required.

He says the entire field is like one great coating of metal. Recently several engineers made an inspection of the ground and they were amazed at the wealth of steel which is lying there and embedded in the earth. The land had become so valuable as a result that offers have already been made for its purchase, but thus far none of the offers has been accepted.

A WASHINGTON message of Sept. 28th says:—The Shipping Board announces that every American merchant ship exceeding 2,500 tons dead weight capacity available for ocean service will be requisitioned on Oct. 15th. The rates announced are considerably below the present charter and ocean freight rates charged by American vessels for carrying Government supplies. It is understood that it is intended later to apply these rates to any foreign ships chartered by the U. S.

### The Russian Revolution.

(“S. O.” SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)  
Singapore, Nov. 23.

It is stated that during the Moscow fighting 3,000 military cadets and students supported the Government, opposing 15,000 soldiers, the garrison supporting the Bolsheviks. The Military Revolutionary Committee who secured fifteen guns continuously bombarded the town. There were 3,000 casualties chiefly among peaceful citizens whose corpses lay for days at doorways and stairs.

### The Turkish Reverses.

(“S. O.” SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)  
Singapore, Nov. 23.

It is estimated that half the Turkish army in Palestine has been lost.

### British Flood Relief Fund.

H. B. M. Minister acknowledges with many thanks the receipt of the following amounts:—

	Ten.	28,362.84
November 23, 1917.		
Per Major Leo Day	Ticals	1,085.00
(Kohsichang)		
Per Rev. C. R. Callender		16.25
(Phre)		
November 24, 1917.		
R. M. Vair Padayachi		100.00
Edgar Brothers		500.00
G. A. Kader		18.00
A. K. Baboojee & Co.		51.00
		1,770.25
Previously received		28,362.84
Total Tcs.		30,133.09

### Church Services.

#### Christ Church.

Services for Nov. 25th the 25th Sunday after Trinity.  
6 p.m. Evensong with Sermon.  
Hymns: Processional, 242 We love the place O God.

207 Our Blest Redeemer.  
520 Love Divine all loves exceeding.

27 Abide with me.  
Psalm, 119 verses 89 to 104.  
Chant, Walmisley and Turle.  
Magnificat, Sir J. Goss.  
Nunc Dimittis, J. Barnby.  
Vesper Hymn, 370 last verse.  
Kyrie.

Service will be held at the British Legation Court House.

#### S. Mary's Mission.

Sunday, November 25, Twenty-Fifth Sunday after Trinity.  
7.30 a.m. Holy Communion.  
9 a.m.—Matins and Sermon.

Hymns:—  
9: Come, Holy Ghost, Who ever one.  
179: To the Name of our Salvation.  
289: Days and moments quickly flying.  
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.  
Hymns:—  
197: The King of Love my Shepherd is.  
242: We love the place O God.  
31: Saviour, again to Thy dear Name we raise.

Thursday, November 29. Vigil of St. Andrew's Day.  
Special Day of Intercession for the Missionary work of the Church.  
Service times announced later.

### Kaiser Sued by his Nephew.

London, Oct. 6.—A remarkable suit, in which Prince Frederick Leopold, a nephew of the German Emperor is plaintiff, and the Kaiser defendant, is being heard in Berlin before a special tribunal of Prussian judges.

The action was instituted by Prince Leopold against the Kaiser, who had placed him under the control of a military guardian owing to the accumulation of large debts due to the Prince having acquired costly works of art. The Prince's parents did not approve of the Kaiser's action.

The tribunal upheld the action of the father of Prince Leopold in disobeying the Kaiser's order to pay his son's annual allowance of £3,000 to his military guardian.

THE Orloff diamond, which has disappeared from the Russian Imperial sceptre has, like the Koh-i-noor, a strange history, of which there are several versions. It once formed the eye of an idol in a temple near Trichinopoly, whence a deserter from the garrison stole it, carried it to Malabar, and sold it to a ship's captain for 2,000 guineas. A Jew next bought it for 12,000 guineas, and sent it for sale to Catherine the Great. That empress, however, would not buy, but left it to a courtier, from whom she received it as a gift. He was ennobled for his pains, and gave his name, Orloff, to the jewel.

### The Condemned Vessels.

We give below the names under which the former German vessels condemned by the Prize Court will be known in future.

Trautenfels	Yuan Samud
Chiengmai	Doen Samud
Deli	Phan Samud
Pitauloke	Sri Samud
Kohsichang	Pin Samud
Samson	Thong Samud
Pataui	Kao Samud
Petchaburi	Laen Samud
Landratscheid	Chou Thale
Tachien	Thon Thale
Menam	Liu Thale
Petria	Kia Thale
Chantabun	Han Thale
Bang Pakong	Phisanam
Cyclop	Phraiam
Undins	Bhutnam
Aldebaran	Loes Sindhu
Lasum	Loy Sindhu
Vogelack	Fong Sindhu
Bremnerhaven	Fuang Sindhu
Lebe	Prem Sindhu
Bremen	Buk Sindhu
Burg	Ketu Sindhu
Gestemunde	Vinda
J. W. Windt	

### Germany's Children.

#### Premiums for Unmarried Mothers.

The German Government has offered to give a premium of five hundred marks to every poor unmarried woman who bears a child and to contribute to the child's support during the first fourteen years of its life. Such children will be considered legitimate.

In 1680, after the thirty years' war, polygamy was legalised in Germany. The population had sunk then from seventeen millions to about four millions, mostly females, and it was legally ordained that, owing to the necessities of the time and the reduction of the population by sword, pestilence, and famine every man should be allowed to take two wives for a period of ten years.

The Emperor Karl of Austria has already published a decree legitimising the numerous illegitimate children born in Austria since the beginning of the war.

### Germany Against the World.

The rest of the world can do without Germany. For purposes of recovery under peace conditions Germany is utterly dependent on the rest of the world. Let the representatives of the Allies and the United States meet in the next few months and define their peace terms once for all. Afterwards let Germany be immutably penalised for every month by which she prolongs the struggle beyond an assigned period. But also, let her be assured that she will have sufficient access to market and raw materials, the full conditions of a safe and happy future if she concedes, reparation, restitution, guarantees, and if she consents once for all to take her place amongst the society of nations on the basis of pacific equality no more and no less. The use of economic power will be the crux of statecraft which means to win both the war and the peace. With the stupendous combination of land power, sea power, air-power, and economic weapons which the Allies and America will wield next year, they will have it altogether in their hands to ensure as well the moral justice, as the inherent cohesion and stability of a new international order.—(Observer).

### Latin-America at a Glance.

The announced policy of Latin American countries in connection with the declaration of war by the United States is now as follows:

Neutrality declared by the Argentine Republic, Chile, Colombia, Mexico, Paraguay, Peru, Uruguay, and Venezuela.

Bolivia: Relations with Germany broken on April 14.

Brazil: Relations with Germany broken and neutrality revoked on April 9.

Costa Rica: Relations formally severed September 25.

Cuba: War declared on April 7.

Dominican Republic: Under military government of United States.

Ecuador: Uncertain.

Guatemala: Relations broken off on April 27.

Haiti: Relations broken off.

Honduras: Relations broken off on May 17.

Nicaragua: Relations broken off on May 19.

Panama: War declared on April 10.

Salvador: Offer of armed assistance made to the United States.

All the Latin-American Republics have declared themselves in accord with the United States so far as the principles involved are concerned.

FATHER Bernard Vaughan, preaching at Farm-street, referred to Mr. H. G. Wells's new story, "The Soul of a Bishop." He said that the author, having in a previous book created a brand-new God of his own, who was Creator neither of Heaven nor earth, had now placed another book on the market, in which he had created a brand-new Jesus Christ of his own. The Jesus of Mr. Wells had given his followers neither a creed nor a morality, neither a Church organisation, nor a priesthood and a sacrifice.

### Return of Flood Gauge Readings.

DATE 22nd NOVEMBER, 2460.

Station	Highest level this year		Gauge reading at this date	Difference of level during preceding 48 hours in centimetres.		Remarks.
	Date	Level		Rise	Fall	
Wat Dabad	Oct. 18th	0.24	2.21	44 c.m.		Total fall from highest 2 metres.
Saphan	Nov. 1st	1.31	1.47	4 c.m.		For the 20th Nov.
Krung Kao	.. 5th 0.13 a.z.		51	7 c.m.		Total fall from highest 68 c.m.
Saraburi	Oct. 23rd	6.83	13.39	15 c.m.		Total fall from highest 6.56 metres.
Rang Nit	Nov. 5th 0.08 a.z.		24	6 c.m.		Total fall from highest 32 c.m.
Bang Nok Kwek	.. 17th	0.00	36	19 c.m.		Total fall from highest 36 c.m.
Petrew	.. 18th	0.15	44	16 c.m.		Total fall from highest 29 c.m.

N. B.—Zero is at the top of the gauge. Hence "A. Z." indicates height of water above the gauge.

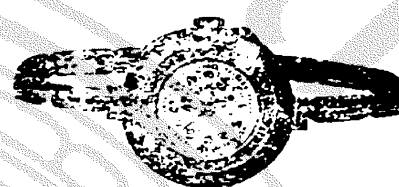
By order of the  
ROYAL COMMISSION FOR FLOOD RELIEF.



**S. A. B.**

BY APPOINTMENT

TO  
H. M. THE KING and H. M. THE QUEEN MOTHER

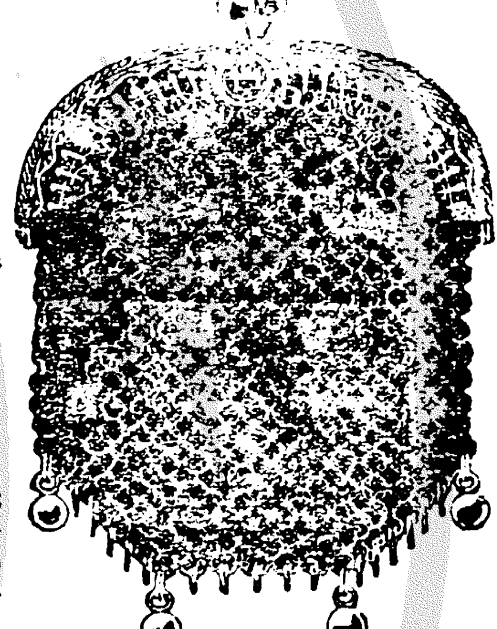


Always on hand the latest novelties.

Ladies' 14ct. gold watches with 14ct. gold expanding bracelet from Tcs. 46.

Newly arrived fancy articles:—

Ladies' silver meshbags; fancy hair combs, silver powderboxes; silver photo-frames, Cigars and cigarettes cases, etc., etc., etc.



**S.A.B. (Societe Anonyme Belge.)**

**Firestone**

**ACCESSORIES For Your Tool Kit**

In times of emergency when repair shops are miles away, you are not helpless, provided you carry a Repair Kit, supplied with Firestone Accessories.

Hook-On Outside Gaiters for straight side or clincher tyres; Lace-On Outside Gaiters for any tyre; Blow-out Patches; Hold-fast Cementless Tube Patches; Pumps; "Cure-Cut" Cement; Firestone Tyre Tape; Air Pressure Gauges; Tyre Mica; Valve Parts, etc.

Small things to carry, big things to have, when troubles come.

**Siam Electricity Co., Ltd.**

Bangkok  
Fireworks: 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100.

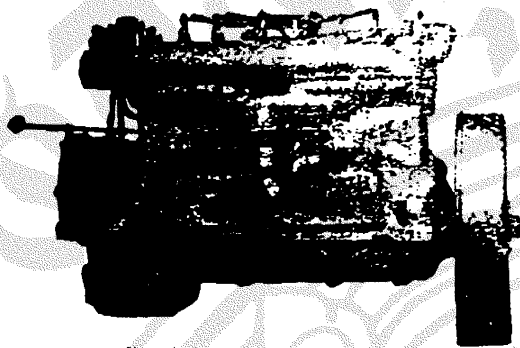
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AMERICA'S STANDARD 4 CYCLE MARINE MOTOR

**KERMATH**



12 H.P. 16 H.P. and 20 H.P.  
IN STOCK.

**Siam Import Co., Ltd.**

**Sikak Phya Sri-City.**

### From the World's Press.

#### One Life more or Less.

It matters little whether they shoot Korniloff, or not. Let them shoot him. The essential point is that the road be taken which he points out as the only one suitable, i.e. The Dictatorship. (La Victoire).

#### The German God.

The Pope in Rome has set his hands to try and carpenter a peace in which there shall be neither conquerors, nor conquered, but we hope for a good German peace from God, not a bad international one from the Pope (Dr. Hauss in a letter to the members of his congregation at the front).

#### The Worshipers of Brute Force.

The Pan-Germans are the most typical representatives of German Imperialism. Their particular distinguishing mark is the glorification and adoration of naked Might and of brutal Egotism which they regard as the sole moving powers in the world. This refers to them spiritually as well as materially. (Vor-waerts).

#### Logic on Crutches.

If we do not retain Belgium, no one will believe that we have won, even the German nation will not believe it. We intend not only to conquer, but everybody in the whole world must clearly and plainly recognize that we are the conquerors. The second point is as important as the first one. (Prof. Krueckmann in the Krenz Zeitung).

#### War Mountains and Peace Hills.

There is no reason whatever for being downhearted. Our financial and economic conditions are highly satisfactory. We may look forward with confidence. If, during the war, we have been able to surmount mountains, we shall be able, quite easily, to climb the hills of peace (Prof. Heeser at a meeting of the Hansa League).

#### Democratic Germany.

We are not governed in an autocratic manner. We live under the blessings of a constitution the results of which, on the social side, put to shame all the democracies of the world and which have given to our people the great force of resisting the tremendous superiority of our enemies. German freedom stands immeasurably higher than the so-called blessings of Democracy with which Wilson and English hypocrites desire to take in the German nation. (Call by the German Patriotic Party).

#### Rouge et Noir and Coals.

Notice the result of the opposition of individual mineownership to the care-

fully mediated growth of state mine proprietorship! The former is, specially, the fault of the higher officials in the Agricultural Department who willingly allowed themselves to be driven by the State-socialistic Democracy. The latter is the result of the influence of the Limburg Roman Catholic clergy whose power would have lapsed with the speedy growth of the mining population and with the necessarily consequent importation of man-power. Had we not been cursed with either the one or the other, we should in all probability be getting threefold the quantity of minerals out of the ground than we are doing now. (De Fakkel).

#### Conditions in Holland.

No coals for the fire, no butter for the bread no bread without a card, no luxury as regards clothes, no candlestick with a candle, no rice to be had, no coffee, or, at best, in small quantities only, no room to call one's own, no tyre for a bike, no warmth in the home, no fat, or grease, no cake and no honey, no car in the street, no sole leather for boots, no express trains in the land, no baths to wash in, no coke and no anthracite, no flour, no bacon, no beans, no tea and no hirehouse in which to live, no home lessons to do for school, no lighting in the streets, but lots of "gas" for peacetalk. — "Hangeche Post."

#### Food "Reserves."

Notwithstanding the fact that many publications have pointed out the big swindle which is being played off with all sorts of food-tuffs, the "manufacturers" still continue to make money by the sale of worthless and dangerous rubbish which is being bought in large quantities in Germany, because good wholesome food is very scarce indeed says the Haageche Post. In Holland, naturally, many people are inclined to make profits and, with rising prices, this inclination will increase to the detriment of the health of the nation. Our laws do not permit steps to be taken against such swindles and, therefore, it is necessary to point out with emphasis the manifold adulterations in foreign countries, hoping that a temporary measure will be passed to provide against such things happening in Holland. It would, probably, be sufficient to commence with, the compel every manufacturer of foodstuffs to state clearly on each package, and in such a manner as to strike the eye at once, of what the contents of the package consist. If the reader will carefully peruse the list of articles mentioned below, he will agree that no sane person would buy such things, if he were clearly to see what his money were purchasing. All sorts of up-blocks, sold under euphonically sounding titles, contain up to 90

**FINEST**

**American Linen Writing Paper in different grades.**

**FOOLSCAP SIZE for Official Correspondence.**

**OCTAVO SIZE for Mercantile Work.**

**CARBON PAPERS IN TWO SIZES.**

A STOCK OF  
**EXERCISE BOOKS and INDEX BOOKS.**  
**JUST UNPACKED.**

**STATIONERY OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS**

At Very Moderate Prices.

**"SIAM OBSERVER"**  
**STATIONERY STORE.**



per cent. of common salt, a few herbs, brown coloring matter, made out of coal-tar, and, sometimes, a very small quantity of meat extract." Kraft-Krebe-Wurst " contains 50 per cent. of meat and 80 per cent. of common salt. Various substitutes for eggs consisted of meal, a suspension of albumen, some baking powder with coloring matter, whilst the label of the packages stated precisely how many eggs the substitute equalled. "Hemona" butter-powder consisted of potato-meal with some bicarbonate of soda, common salt, and coloring matter. German "K" butter contained 50 per cent. of water and 22 per cent. of butter-fat, together with meal and herbs. Another substitute consisted of 70 per cent. of fat, and some meal. There is no cause for surprise that, since June 1916, all butter substitutes, Margarine excepted, have been prohibited. "Eisa" Cream-substitute, consists of 70 per cent. of gelatine, 22 per cent. of milk, 8 per cent. of ordinary sugar, and a little vanilla. Various sorts of jam consisted of coloured and perfumed potato or beet refuse with potato meal and gelatine. Salad oil has been found to consist of more than 99 per cent. of water and some gelatine, agar-agar, starch etc. "Mais-nur," baking flour i.e., "Only Maize" turned out to be made without maize at all. Starch labelled Starch-substitute was sold for not less than 7 marks a pound (83). Further, the following articles were sold at enormous prices "Ersatzschuhsohle," substitute for shoe leather, made out of cardboard. Seifenersatz, soap substitute, consisting of perfumed sand, clay etc. The above selection shows how such swindles are put on the market and they must naturally be very painful indeed to the health and to the pockets of the purchasers. It is to be hoped that the Dutch authorities are looking into this evil before it is too late and that they will take measures to see that the remaining stocks which, after the war, will have to be got rid of do not find a way across the frontier into Holland.

#### New Coal Field in England.

London, Oct. 8.—Several coal seams have been discovered at Coventry in Warwickshire, 18 miles from Birmingham.

It is estimated that the seams will yield 80,000,000 tons of coal.

[Coventry stands at the south-east of an island of Permian sandstone, in the midst of the surrounding Triassic formation, the island being 20 miles north and south by 10 miles east and west. About 4 miles north-east of Coventry there is a carboniferous belt about 7 miles long and a mile wide. The Cannock coal field lies on the other side of Birmingham, the nearest point being some 20 miles from Coventry.]

Siam Observer  
SPECIAL WAR EDITION  
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#### Airman's Bold Ruse.

In view of the Admiralty announcement of the bombing of the Gothas in their lair at St. Denis aerodrome, near Ghent, a story told in the "Petit Parisien," is worth recalling.

The tale, told by a German prisoner taken by the British, is that on Monday morning an English aviator descended gently near a German sentinel. The airman asked him in the purest German where the officer in command of the Gothas was to be found, saying he had an urgent message for him.

The sentry replied: "The Herr Commandant of the Gothas lives where the Gothas are, but the Herr Lieutenant knows that."

"Yes, my lad," replied the aviator, "but in the fog I have missed my way, and now I am lost."

"Ah, yes, I know the same thing happened the other day to Herr von Schultz, my captain"—and the sentry, with the greatest deference, forthwith gave directions how to get to the Gothas.

The aviator had hardly taken to flight again when the sentinel noticed to his horror the British marking on the planes.

#### German Debt To Belgium.

Reuter's Agency has received from a well-informed Belgian source some figures regarding the amount of Germany's indebtedness in Belgium.

According to an estimate made by Dr. Ganghofer, in the "Münchener Neueste Nachrichten," in February, 1915, the German requisitions in Belgium in raw material and industrial plant up to that date amounted to £80,000,000. Before December, 1914, the Germans had obtained from Belgian towns and provinces £8,000,000, since then the regular contributions levied, according to official documents, showed a total of £58,000,000 in August last.

The destruction of public and private property was stated by the correspondent of the "North German Gazette" to amount in December, 1914, to £200,000,000. These calculations, based only on official figures and on German estimates, give a total of over £346,000,000. If one takes into account the damage done to Belgian interests through the stoppage of trade and industry and the indemnity to which Belgium is entitled owing to the forcible deportation of 120,000 workers from October, 1916, to January, 1917, and the forced labour inflicted at the present moment on the population in the army zone, it will be necessary to add several hundred million pounds to this sum.

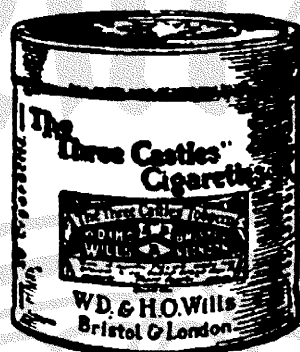
#### Greeks Called to the Colours.

Sydney, Oct. 15.—Mr. S. S. Cohen, Consul-general for Greece in Sydney, has received a cable from the Greek Government calling to the colours Greek residents of the 1916-17 class.

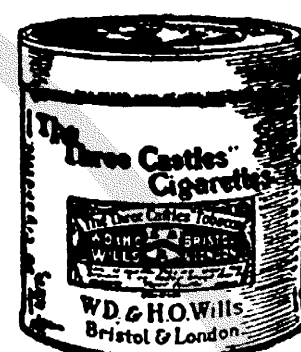
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To-day's Quotations.  
LONDON—  
Bank Bills, demand 1/6 13/82  
Bank Bills, 3 months' sight  
PARIS—  
Bank Bills, demand 206  
GERMANY—  
Bank Bills, demand —  
NEW YORK—  
Bank Bills, demand U. S. A. 86  
INDIA—  
Bank Bills, demand 100  
SINGAPORE—  
Bank Bills, demand 86 1/2  
HONGKONG—  
Bank Bills, demand 8 52 1/2  
YOKOHAMA & KOBE—  
Bank Bills, demand Y 70  
NOTE:—The rate of Interest on Advances Bills has been reduced to 6 per cent. per annum.  
Equivalent of Exchange demand London in Siam Currency:—  
Tos. 13.08.—(Bank Rate)

#### EARLY COLDS.

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Paknam Railway Company Limited.

TIME TABLE.

PAKNAM—BANGKOK.					BANGKOK—PAKNAM				
Stations.	Train No.				Stations.	Train No.			
	1	2	3	4		1	2	3	4
	a.m.	a.m.	p.m.	p.m.		a.m.	a.m.	p.m.	p.m.
Paknam Dep.	6.30	9.30	12.45	3.45	Bangkok Dep.	7.45	10.45	2.00	5.00
*Maha Wong ..	6.35	9.35	12.50	3.50	Sala Deng ..	7.52	10.52	2.07	5.07
*Ban Nang ..	6.40	9.40	12.55	3.55	Klong Toi ..	8.00	11.00	2.15	5.15
Chorakhe ..	6.45	9.45	1.00	4.00	*Ban Kluei ..	8.05	11.05	2.20	5.20
*Samrong ..	6.50	9.50	1.05	4.05	Prakonong ..	8.10	11.10	2.25	5.25
Bangna ..	6.55	9.55	1.10	4.10	Bangdjak ..	8.15	11.15	2.30	5.30
Bangdjak ..	7.00	10.00	1.15	4.15	*Bangna ..	8.20	11.20	2.35	5.35
Prakonong ..	7.05	10.05	1.20	4.20	Samrong ..	8.25	11.25	2.40	5.40
*Ban Kluei ..	7.10	10.10	1.25	4.25	Chorakhe ..	8.30	11.30	2.45	5.45
Klong Toi ..	7.15	10.15	1.30	4.30	*Ban Nang ..	8.35	11.35	2.50	5.50
Sala Deng ..	7.23	10.23	1.38	4.38	*Maha Wong ..	8.40	11.40	2.55	5.55
Bangkok Arr.	7.30	10.30	1.45	4.45	Paknam Arr.	8.45	11.45	3.00	6.00

\*Trains stop only at the request of passengers.  
Trains may leave intermediate stations 5 minutes before the stated time

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## Turkey and Her German Masters.

The Turkish people, even if under this term we include only the genuine Turk, and exclude the subject and alien races of the Ottoman Empire, has small cause to bless the Young Turk Government.

There was little to be said for the regime of Abdul Hamid, but that Sultan did at least exhibit diplomatic skill and a considerable political aptitude. His successors have shown neither. In foreign affairs their diplomatic and military leaders have to bear the odium of eight years of unrelieved failure, exemplified by the loss of the remaining Turkish possessions in Africa: Tripoli and Cyrenaica, to Italy; by the disasters of the Balkan war of 1912-13, which went far towards eliminating the Turk's dominion in Europe; finally by the conquests of the British and Russian armies in the present war. Judged by the territorial test alone, it is a black record. But this is not all.

Disaster abroad has been paralleled by misgovernment at home. With all their talk of progress, with their supposedly European constitution, with their boasted enlightenment, the Young Turks have done less than nothing to purify and render more efficient the domestic administration of the Empire. It is true that the oppression and terrorisation which have been practised have been directed against the alien peoples, such as Armenians and Syrians, but the wisest among the true Turks must have long ago perceived that these tactics must ultimately have an evil effect upon the country as a whole and therefore on themselves. Damaged in prestige, continually straitened in territory, the Turk must realise by now that he cannot even look to his present rulers for a tolerable Government at home.

In general it may be said that, for the Turk, the last eight years have meant a continuous and crippling expenditure of blood and treasure which has been rewarded by equally continuous failure. It is significant that these years have coincided with a steady increase in German influence at Constantinople; or, to be exact, an increase which continued up to a fairly recent date, for there is evidence that German influence is now on the wane. The Turkish people are probably not inclined to judge their Government too harshly; they realised its unhappy heritage, its difficulties and embarrassments. They were even prepared to forgive the blunders and defeats of the Balkan and Italian wars. But the sufferings which the present struggle has brought upon them have begun to break the patience even of the Turk; and among those sufferings not the least is the heavy

yoke of German domination which has been fastened on their necks. Even so, it is still against the German intruders rather than the dependent Ottoman Government that Turkish anger is directed.

In that their judgment or instinct is not altogether unimpaired. This war has been waged by Turkey under the control and on the advice of her Ally, and it has resulted not merely in defeat, but in financial and commercial chaos, in the paralysis of all trade and industry and in actual starvation. The people are not sustained by the consciousness of any great cause, or by the fire of religious zeal. The Young Turks as a party were never noted for religious orthodoxy, and the German influence has helped to develop their attitude into what can only be described as one

of antagonism to Islam. It is not too much to say that the Ottoman Empire has suffered as much in religious as in military prestige during the past three years.

The Turk is less badly off than the Armenian or Syrian, but that is not saying much. No wonder he is beginning to ask bitterly what the war means for him, and to scrutinise with hostility the conduct and motives of the Germans in his country.

He is not wanting in shrewdness, and the German aims are transparently clear. German writers and politicians, during the war and before, have not troubled to disguise the fact that they regarded Turkey as a vast reservoir of human and material resources and as a necessary complement to the essentially German Mittel Europe's needs. The

interests of Turkey as such, she never considered. Turkish ideals and methods of life; the real quality of Islam, these were outside her interest and therefore beneath her notice. Her policy was one of scientific exploitation, in war and in commerce, and she openly proclaimed the selfishness of her aims. She had effectively captured the existing Turkish Government by one means or another and the issue of her policy seemed so secure as to render any reticence unnecessary.

It is uncertain how far these pronouncements of policy have reached the Turkish people generally, but the latter are not ignorant of the nature of German occupation, since they have had innumerable opportunities of studying the German, the officer class in particular, at first hand. These visitors

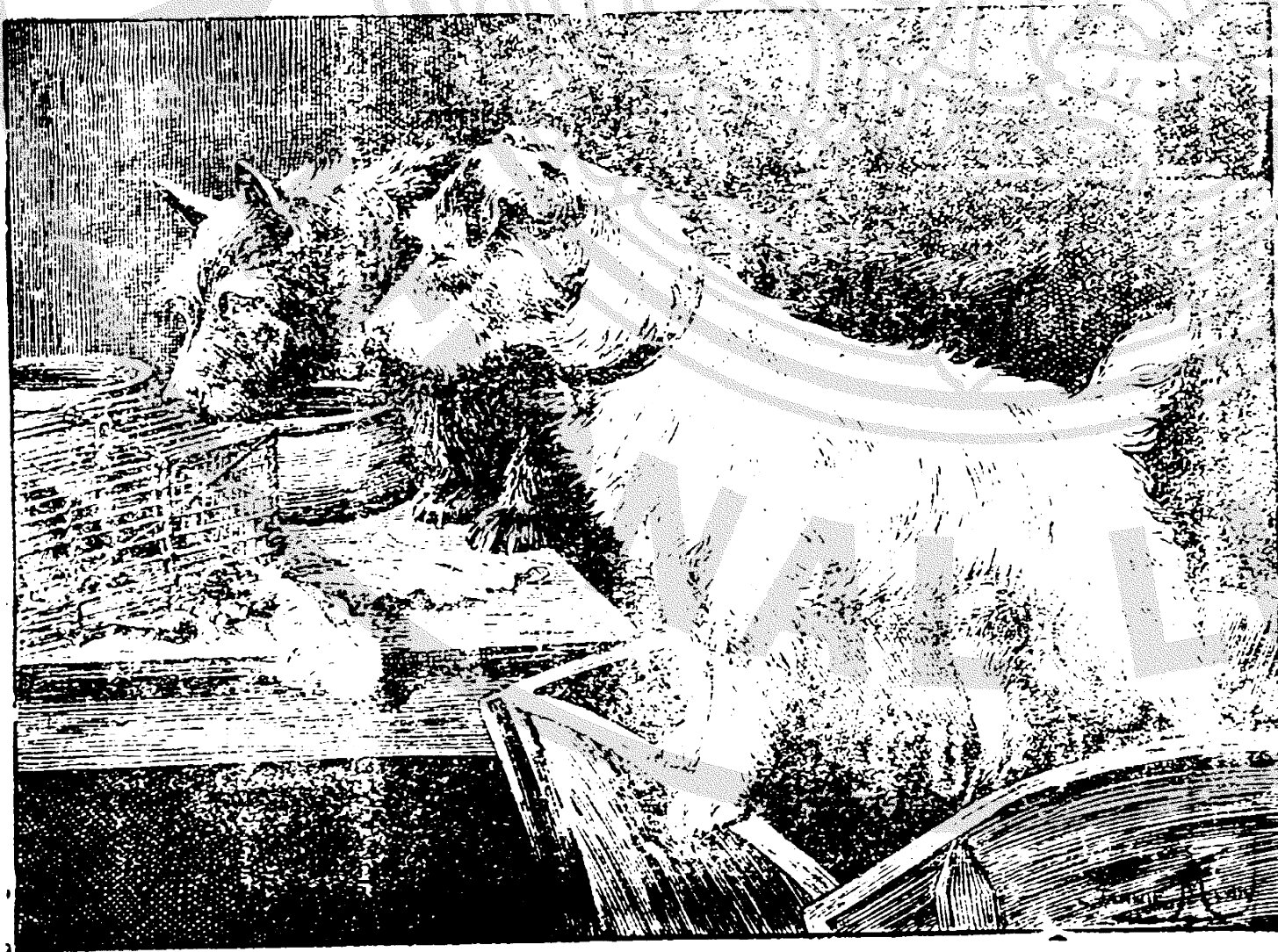
have shown themselves appropriate representatives of the spirit of German Real Politik, and of the German spirit as manifested in foreign countries. They have failed to understand or to respect the Turkish code or morals in regard to women; they have treated the Turks under their command, officers and men alike, with insolence and want of tact; in a word the German occupation has been marked by an entire absence of sympathy with the men who are fighting for Germany in a quarrel which is entirely German.

The conduct of the individual German is paralleled by the policy of the German Government in its disregard of Turkish self respect. The last insult to the Ottoman Empire is the arrival of General Falkenhayn, who is said to have been delegated to take the control of their armies from the Turks; the latter being no longer considered by the Germans competent to manage their own military affairs. It is not hard to guess what the supercilious Turkish generals think of such an action; an increasing hint of friction and resentment is high quarters is furnished by the fact that the German military mission has been ejected from the War Office at Constantinople and moved to less imposing quarters in Pera and Tophane. The populace and the lower ranks too have shown their feelings in no uncertain way: German officers in Stamboul wear mufti if they move about the streets at night, and even in the daytime go in pairs, while they have to be protected from the men whom they nominally command.

The Turk, that is the true Turk with patriotic instincts, is not blind to his humiliation. He recognises that his Government is shackled by German fetters and that German domination is at the root of all the evil which has fallen on the Empire, bringing intolerable sufferings to its people. To him the war is unpopular because the sacrifices which it involves are from the Turkish point of view without result; worse than that, they must inevitably lead to further sacrifices and more bitter losses at home and abroad. The conviction is sound; what its practical results will be it is hard to prophecy. The German will fight tenaciously and without scruple to maintain his grip on the Ottoman Empire. But the Turk is proud and unused to subjection, he is well aware that the Central Powers are desperately hard pressed in the European theatres of war, and he may well reach the conclusion that the German Chains need not be worn a moment longer than the Turkish people wishes, given only that the blow for independence (for it is no less than that) is vigorous and decisive. (W. O. P.)



OFFICIAL PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN ON THE BRITISH WESTERN FRONT. Work of the W. A. A. C. in France—Cooks at a camp preparing vegetables.



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