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VOL 43. NO. 263

BANGKOK FRIDAY. NOVEMBER 16. 1917.

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are at present suspended.

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and as far as accommodation is available.

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in the present state of affairs and hold themselves free from all liability.

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THE MOST ELEGANT AND REFINED CIGARETTES
IN THE WORLD.

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per box of 100 pcs. Tcs. 5-00

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per box of 100 pcs. Tcs. 3-00

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Ladies' - small size, plain
per box of 100 pcs. Tcs. 2-25

Fresh stocks of these Cigarettes
have arrived at

Oriental Store
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THE SIAM STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LTD.

(Incorporated by Royal Charter)

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s.s. "Asiang"	Tuesday noon, not calling at	Kohsichang,
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All the steamers are fitted throughout with Electric Light and have excel-
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Managing Agents

Indian Reform.

Aspects of Mr. Montagu's Tour.

London, Nov. 6.—Sir Valentine Chirol, in a letter to the Times, gives a long review of the situation in India, and says: "It is preposterous to suggest that Mr. Montagu has foisted his visit on an unwilling Indian Government or sought to impose on the Indian Executive a ready-made policy of his own. The one real objection to his mission is that it will be very difficult to conduct just now a dispassionate enquiry in the politically over-heated atmosphere of India. In some respects, the fact that the Secretary of State is for the first time proceeding to India on a mission for personal investigation is surely all to the good, for in the last resort it is the Secretary of State who will have to persuade Parliament to divest itself of some of the powers which he exercises on its behalf, if any large measure of decentralisation is to be carried out in India, and if any considerable readjustment is to be effected of the constitutional relationship between the Indian and the Imperial Government."

Country's Political Ferment.

The war has precipitated such a political ferment in India, partly healthy and partly very unhealthy, that it may pass human wit to devise any scheme which will satisfy all parties. But we may at least hope that, whatever scheme emerges from Mr. Montagu's mission, it will be a genuine and straight forward scheme, which, if it fails to gratify extravagant expectations, will fulfil in practice all that it may promise to the eye. Mr. Montagu is in no way a stranger to Indian affairs or to India. The choice of his associates for the mission shows him not to have undertaken it in any narrow party spirit, or with the mere desire to collect arguments to support preconceived theories. He goes out as a responsible enquirer at a very critical moment in the history both of India and of the Empire. It seems to me, therefore, to be the duty of every patriotic Englishman at home and in India to wish him heartily a god speed in his momentous undertaking."

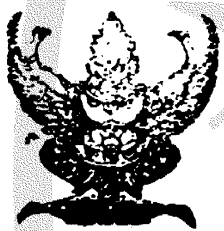
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The Japanese.

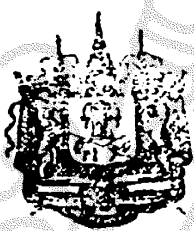
Doubtless someone in authority will flash a greeting to the Japanese squadron sharing with us the perils of the Mediterranean, for it is 59 years this week (says the "D. Chronicle" of Aug. 24) since we signed our first treaty with Japan. Never until then had a British warship entered a Japanese harbour; never, before Lord Elgin, had a British Ambassador touched Japanese soil. What a change between then and now! The conversation of a shipless, trainless, telegraphless Japan into a Power which is helping us with arms and fleets to conquer Germany! Elgin took them their first steam vessel, a tiny yacht, less than 60 years ago.

Everything save Japanese genius has changed. The progress of Elgin's warships was barred by a gorgeous official who threatened us, not with guns, but with a fan! We were "Chinese" to the people, but not to the myriad spies in little boats who invaded our ships, and in stentorian tones described to shorthand writers every detail of our craft and their armament. Japanese diplomats carried away from the banquet, food, especially raspberry jam. In their sleeves, for discussion at home. They noted our cheering of speeches at dinner, and, in the midst of official negotiations, would rise and solemnly roar, in flattering imitation.

CHANG Hsun, the would-be Emperor-maker of China, appears to be a man of considerable wealth. He has what are described as "palatial mansions" at Tientsin, Tsingtau, Tsinin, Peking and Haichow. He is a large shareholder in several public ventures, ranging from banks to beer breweries, and is a sleeping partner in several goldsmiths' establishments in Tientsin and Peking. He had large deposits in the German Bank in Tsingtau, but since the Japanese captured the place, he has been unable to get them and now is accustomed to regard all foreign banks as insecure. Then at his stronghold at Hsuechow he has a large quantity of opium, gold and silver bars, pearls, etc. enough to make the mouth water. Although his wealth is estimated at \$30,000,000, in addition to \$4,000,000 of which he deprives the Government annually by appropriations, taxes, etc. This property is not to be confiscated, it is stated, though it would appear particularly convenient at the present moment when the Government is so much in need of money.



UNDER ROYAL PATRONAGE



Our Opening Day.

The most comprehensive exhibit of all kinds of TOYS, solely of

**British Make, by
British People, on
British Soil.**

Come and see what Britain can do in the way of Toys, to amuse the young and old at this Christmas time although she is engaged in the World's struggle for Justice.

All are cordially invited

Kiam Hoa Heng & Co., Ltd.

TALAT NOI.

Phathanarom Picture Hall

We beg to inform our Patrons and Customers that from to-day till further notice there will be a Leekay as well as Cinematograph performances at the above show.

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BRITISH WESTINGHOUSE
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Siam Motor Works, Ltd.

SPECIAL INVENTION.

AMRITARNAVA AVALEH

This Avaleh is the foremost tonic agent and blood purifier. It dissipates the weakness of the brain as well as the excess of heat in the body and strengthens the memory as well as the power of understanding. It increases the stock of semen and imparts good strength. It cures continuous headache, pain in the chest, Chronic and acute diarrhoea.

1 Tin of half lb. Costs Tcs. 2. Only
ATANK NIGRAH PHARMACY.
297, Samyok.

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MRS. H. GITTINS,
Hon. Secretary and Treasurer.

Notice.

I, the undersigned beg to notify all customers and clients that my business is now located at the new building at the corner of Klong Poh Yome and Bangkok

Ab Seang, Tailor.

HARP VOOR LONG & CO

Facing Sampeng Old Market, Jawara Road, No. 184 to 189.

We have just unpacked a large shipment of our well-known High Class Paints, Varnishes, Linseed, Oil, Brasses, Iron-ware, and Carpenter's, Blacksmith's, Silver smith's Tools, and various kinds of best Chinese silks always in stock.

INSPECTION INVITED. PRICES MODERATE.

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Studebaker
Established 1892



STUDEBAKER SERIES "18" CARS

NEW MODEL 1917.

A Consignment has Just Arrived.

It is advisable to book at once in order to obtain prompt delivery.

G. KLUIZER & Co.

Agents.

"JONG-KEENA"

REGISTERED LABEL.

THE WONDERFUL BLOOD PURIFIER.

Mixture for Internal and External Use.

CURES

Headache, drunkenness, Stomachache, Earache, Empure, Cholera, Beri-beri, Nervous diseases, Chest complaints, Heart-disease, Malaria, Dengue, Common fevers, Leucago, Chronic Rheumatism, Cough and Coughing blood, Cold, Sorethroat, Bronchitis, Chronic Neuralgia, Diarrhoea, Weakness, Kidney trouble, Dysentery, Eczema and all sorts of skin diseases, Wounds, Female diseases of all sorts, Swelling of the groin, Inflammation of the gums, Toothache, Gout, Wounds and wounds caused by rusty nails or cuts, etc., etc.

DIRECTIONS.—Take 1½ table-spoonfuls three a day, one hour before meals. Take PURE WITHOUT WATER. Under 14 years one table-spoonful, under 7 years 1 table-spoonful, and for babies up to one year old 1 teaspoonful. When the pain is severe, double the dose. Can be taken by women nursing.

For Inflammation of the gums, apply with cotton wool on the swollen gum changing every 3 minutes 3 times and relief is certain within a quarter of an hour.

For children, apply with cotton wool on the cheek and relief is certain within half an hour. For cough and Sorethroat, sip the mixture slowly. For Eczema, apply externally and take internally as directed. For Beri-beri, take half doses three a day. For cholera, take one table-spoonful every 4 an hour.

For Toothache, clean the cavity of the tooth first and then saturate a piece of cotton wool in Jong-Keena and fill cavity with same, changing five or six times every 3 minutes and relief is certain. For loose teeth caused by the swelling of the gum, take internally as directed for a week and the teeth will be firm again.

For Earache, clean the ear first with cotton-wool, put 5 or 6 drops into ear and stuff the hole with cotton-wool—relief is certain within a few minutes.

For Gout, Wounds and wounds caused by rusty nails, cuts or burns, apply the mixture, cover with cotton wool and bandage, change dressing every three hours, and take internally as directed until relieved or healed.

For Sore-eyes take internally as directed, for a few days.

After taking this mixture, a little plain white sugar may be taken to remove the bitter taste but not in the case of coughs or sore throat.

For Snake, Dog or Cat bites, poisonous fish stings, etc., when applied externally with cotton wool a few minutes after the occurrence, instant relief will be obtained. Take also internally 1½ table-spoonfuls three a day. But when treatment is sought a few hours after the occurrence, besides using the application, take mixture internally for a fortnight. Can be given also to animals and birds for any sort of disease.

Price per bottle of 2 oz. 80 Stangs, 3 oz. Tcs. 1.40, 4 oz. Tcs. 1.80, 6 oz. Tcs. 2.50, 8 oz. Tcs. 2.95, 16 oz. Tcs. 4.25. Postage extra.

Prepared only by MR. Y. TAN of SINGAPORE.

If any body or gentleman is suffering from any of the above named ailments or disease will call and see Mr. Y. Tan or his sole agents at their offices, they will be very pleased to give them a free trial of his wonderful remedy, when they will be relieved within five minutes up to one hour.

Obtainable at MERCANTILE DISPENSARY, PRAYA SAKHARAN, UNION DISPENSARY, and FOCK LOCK DISPENSARY.

SPECIAL OFFER

Persons following any of the above directions and failing to obtain relief of any of the above diseases, Mr. Y. Tan or his Agents will refund them the purchase money paid by them for the JONG-KEENA

BANGKOK TRAVELLING AGENCY,

SOLE AGENTS.

New French War Loan 4 per cent. (Rente Française 4% 1917.)

Price of issue — 68 francs 60.
Free of Government taxes or other expenses.

Not redeemable before 1942.

This is a very good investment, bearing real interest at 5 francs 83 per annum.

Applications will be received by the BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE up till the 10th December, 1917. Every facility will be granted to subscribers by the said Bank.

J. DEMAY,
Acting Manager
t. f. n.



Notification by the Liquidator of the business of Enemy Subjects.

By a Notification of the Minister of Finance dated the 9th day of November, B.E. 2460, the business of Behn Meyer and Co., Ltd. carried on at Bush Lane, Bangkok, under the name of Engler and Menzi, was ordered to be attached and wound up, and undersigned liquidator appointed Liquidator therefor.

Notice is hereby given that all persons who are creditors or debtors, or otherwise interested in any manner in the above-mentioned business, must present their claims or demands or by their debt to the Liquidator at the Sheriff's Department, Ministry of Justice, within one month from the date of this Notification. If this provision is not complied with, the Liquidator will not accept responsibility for any loss occasioned thereby.

Dated, 9th November, B. E. 2460.

(Signed) Pra Karani Sri Samruat.

Liquidator.

9-16



Notification of the Minister of Finance appointing a Liquidator for winding up an Enemy Business under the Law Forbidding Trade with the Subjects of Enemy Countries.

Whereas the business of Behn Meyer and Co., Ltd. carried on at Bush Lane, Bangkok, under the name of Engler and Menzi, appears to be carried on wholly or mainly for the benefit of and under the control of persons of enemy nationality.

Therefore the said business is, in pursuance of Article 8 of the Law Forbidding Trade with the Subjects of Enemy Countries, ordered to be attached and wound up, and Pra Karani Sri Samruat is appointed liquidator therefor.

Notification issued on the 9th day of November, B. E. 2460.

(Signed) Kitiyakara,
Minister of Finance.

9-16

Notice.

CONSIGNEES OF GOODS:—

Ex s.s. "Pyrrhus"
"Taisho Maru"
"Rangoon Maru"

and Balances ex s.s. "Tyndarus", "Titan", "Egremont Castle", "Kaga Maru", "Mishima Maru", "Katori Maru" and "Ceylon Maru".

are hereby notified that same have arrived per s.s. "Katong" on 14th inst., and will be landed and stored at our Wharf, at the risk, expense and responsibility of consignees.

No Claim will be entertained unless made within 10 days after final discharge of the steamer.

Goods not cleared within 3 days after final discharge of cargo will be liable for go-down rent.

BORNEO CO., LIMITED.
Agents.

ACCIDENTS WILL HAPPEN.

It may be impossible to prevent an accident, but it is not impossible to be prepared for it. Chamberlain's Pain Balm is not beyond anyone's purse, and with a bottle of this liniment you are prepared for most anything. For sale by The British Dispensary.

MARTIN'S
APIOL & STEEL
PILLS
For all ailments of the bowels, stomach, liver, and kidneys. These pills are the most reliable and most effective ever known. They are sold in all the leading chemists and druggists. At all chemists and druggists, or sent free by post on receipt of 2/6. MARTIN'S, CHICHESTER, ENGLAND.

Expanded Metal

made from best *British Steel*
various sizes and sections in Stock.

Milners' Safes

Patent fire and thief resisting.
several sizes in Stock.

Bangkok Dock Co., Ltd.

SOLE AGENTS FOR SIAM.

IN STOCK B. M. C. TO-DAY.

FISH
Dried Cod
Codroe Oviare
Kippers

French Ham on cut
Boiled Ham
Raw Ham
Breakfast Bacon

CHEESE
Roquefort
Canadian
Gruyere
Australian

Fresh Australian Butter and Best English Margarine No. 1 & 2
Pure Beef Dripping in 2lb Tins.

Picnic cases containing Ice, Aerated Water and Well Water for travellers by Railway or boat delivered free at Railway Station or any Bangkok landing.

"White Horse" Whisky.

"An Easy First"

Obtainable Everywhere.

THE
SALAMANDER BRANDY

Red Heart

Brand.

Stocked by all spirit dealers & Bar-keepers

SOLE AGENT.

MALCOLM BERANGER.

RAJAWONGSE ROAD.

The Siam Observer

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1917.

AIR-RAIDS OVER GERMAN TOWNS.

Speaking recently at Manchester, Mr. Bonar Law said, "We did more damage to the enemy in September than he had done in all his raids on England since the beginning of the war. More had been done in the bombing of German towns than the public realised." This is welcome news for it is evidence that England is beginning to overcome her aversion to anything in the nature of reprisals for the Hun's dastardly disregard of the laws of humanity. The succession of air-raids that occurred recently in London and the south east of England has confirmed the impression that has long been forming in the British mind, that, however distasteful such a task may be, some definite reply must be made to the enemy's bombardment of open and defenceless towns. In considering the question of reprisals there is more than one point that raises itself. The first is the natural desire to hit back which is undoubtedly one of the main motives of the popular demand. Greater than this however is the question of the military advantage to be gained. A superiority of fighting aeroplanes on the front is an absolute necessity and no popular cry should be allowed to lessen this superiority and thus give an advantage to the enemy however temporary. We have, however, now attained such a stage in output both of machines and trained men that there need be no anxiety on this score and the use of the available surplus of all fighting air-machines for the purpose of conducting air-raids on German manufacturing towns is consequently a matter of military importance. In all the belligerent countries, the whole industries of the nations are organised for war and it follows that any interference with industry must have an effect on the conditions at the front. This is only too well-known to the Germans who reason that by causing panic among the people of England they have much to gain and although they probably realise that the actual military damage caused by their bombs has been small, there is always the chance that a lucky hit may do irreparable harm. The question thus arises if the British Air Board, by not organising long distance air-raids on German towns, is not allowing the enemy to secure direct military advantage. This is a question difficult for the layman to answer for the members of the Air Board alone know the exact nature of the demands made upon them and they, therefore, are the judges to decide whether a surplus of men and machines is available for carrying out raids against Germany, not merely as reprisals, but with a definite military aim. From Mr. Bonar Law's words it would appear that such a surplus is available and there is no doubt that when the Germans realise that they will be paid back with interest in their own coin the air-raids over England will become very few and far between.

LOCAL AND GENERAL

THE Oriental Store has received a fresh stock of Simon Arzi Egyptian cigarettes.

THE Post and Telegraph Department reports that Paknampo line is interrupted between Ayuthya and Bangkok. Other lines are all right.

THE Hungarian Ministry of War has decided to supply the Army with meat through the Ministry of Agriculture and to cancel the contracts with the Cattle Supply Company, which made a yearly profit of over £1,000,000.

JOHN Edwards, of the Royal Naval Reserve whose home is at Bristol and who for nearly three years has been prisoner of war in Germany, has been given a German certificate for saving a German boy from drowning in a canal.

THE Return showing the number of cases of communicable diseases which have been reported as occurring in the City of Bangkok during the week ended the 10th November, gives two cases of bubonic plague both of which ended fatally.

Mail Communications.

We are informed by the Posts and Telegraph Department that the mail communications of the Kingdom is completely reestablished. There is no mail held up at present.

There may be a little unavoidable delay where mails have to be despatched by boats or carriers.

Siam Philatelic Society.

The 75th session was held at the offices of the Bangkok Times on Monday Nov. 12th with Mr. E. O. Monod in the chair.

Several novelties were shown, amongst others a used set of the new Mecca stamps, a set of the 1913 issue of China printed in London and another set printed in China, a remarkable United States error a 5 cent printed in the 2 cent sheet, and a Congo stamp overprinted in French and Flemish "German East Africa occupied by Belgium."

The members then discussed the 1906 and 1908 issues of Siam and many new points were brought to light. The Session terminated at 7.30 p.m.

Football.

There will be a Soccer Match between members of the R. B. S. C. at Wat Debsirindr School ground on Saturday Nov. 17th, kick off 4.30 p.m.

Referee: Mr. N. Sutton.

Whites.

Chapman, Glahnson, Malcolm, Dalsgaard, Halls, Findlay, Walsh, Jones, A., Le May, Olsen, Fogtmann.

Colours.

Cranmer, H. E. Jones, Gronneman; M. C. Sithiporn, Ramsay, Rasmussen, Roberts, McDonald J. H., Preston, Von Holck, Jenkins.

Flood Relief.

The following amounts have been collected and sent to the Ministry of Finance by the Cinema Shows under the direction of the Phathanakorn Cinematograph Co., Ltd.

	Tes.	Cts.
Phathanakorn	552.04	
Phathanarom	244.95	
Bangrak	187.31	
Banglangpoo	294.66	
Phathanalai	976.15	
Total	2,255.11	

In consequence of the continuous increase in the cost of living in Italy, a Royal Decree obliges all private employers of labour in towns of less than 50,000 inhabitants to pay an extra 40 per cent. indemnity on all fixed salaries exceeding £15 per month.

A COURT-martial has condemned to death a Swiss singer named Regina Diene, who, during last November entered a military zone of Paris to procure information interesting to the enemy and last March attempted to procure information for the enemy which might endanger the defences of the port of Marseilles.

ACCORDING to an estimate in the "Munchner Neueste Nachrichten," to February, 1915, German requisitions in Belgium of raw material and industrial plant amounted to £80,000,000. To December, 1914, the Germans had obtained levies amounting to £8,000,000. Since then, the regular contribution shows a total of £48,000,000 to August last.

WHAT the Food Production Department aim at in their 1918 tillage programme for England and Wales is to secure three million additional acres under corn, potatoes and mangolds, compared with 1916. This they hope to obtain by breaking up two million acres of grass land and by converting one million acres, now devoted to crops of less national importance, to food crops.

A RAID story: An old gentleman from the country, tremulous with fear after hearing bombs and gun-fire, emerged from his hotel with his wife. In the street they inquired of an imperturbable police-constable if it was "all over." The policeman, imagining they were eager sightseers, said, "Well, I'm afraid, sir, it is all over: but they may return in 'alf an 'our." Rapid departure of old lady and gentleman.

A VEGETARIAN society which appealed for the exemption of its members on the ground that "they do not eat fish, flesh, or fowl, and are consequently opposed to the killing of human beings," received from the Deputy Attorney-General a directing reply. "I think," he wrote, "there is no idea on the part of the Government, notwithstanding anything the Germans may have in mind, to kill any human being for eating purposes." The vegetarians will therefore have to "do their bit," like those who eat mutton and beef.

Eliministic Journalism.

Some Motley Vapourings.

BY SRI DHANONJAI.

"Invest me in my motley; give me leave to speak my mind."

We have already seen how far eliminism could be practised, in painting, poetry, and music, but these are not the only things wherein it could be practised. In journalism, for example, one could easily write a series of articles which should contain "Some notable eliminations," as Tertius Quise would express it.

For the sake of argument—we will let it go at that, and eliminate unnecessary explanations—let us examine some recent flood reports.

We have been recently favoured with some most highly interesting tidbits from past records of inundations in Siam. We were told of what was done by the authorities during the reign of King Rama III; we were even told of what was undertaken during the reign of King Rama IV, during which, by the way, there does not appear to have been any very notably high floods so far as I am able to ascertain from some of the "survivors" I happen to know; but then survivors usually possess wretched memories as a rule. Having had our appetite whetted by records of inundations and flood measures of the Third and Fourth Reigns, we looked in vain for an account, however brief, of floods and flood measures undertaken during the reign of King Rama V. Seeing that His Late Majesty's reign was spread over a very much longer period than those of His predecessors, it seems very remarkable that there should have been no mention whatever of inundations and relief measures undertaken during that long period of over forty years.

Being by nature an inquisitive person, I made some inquiries on my own account, and found that there were at least two occasions upon which inundations occurred during the period named; indeed I even recollect these two occasions myself; but, not being in a position to consult past records in the Ministry of the Interior, I have not been able to find out what measures, if any, were undertaken for the relief of distress caused by the flood, or even whether there was any distress or not.

Now, the individual who has been supplying us with those interesting facts about the Third and Fourth Reigns must obviously have been able to gain access to official records of those reigns, and if that was so, then the chances are that he must also have been able to do the same with the records of the Fifth Reign.

But, in so far as inundations and relief measures are concerned, the Fifth Reign has been entirely eliminated! May we ask why?

Let us now "follow our leader," and drop from the Third and Fourth Reigns to the present. We have been told many very interesting facts about the height of the present inundations; we have been told how many inches of water covers a certain prince's "palace" at Bang Pa-In, though the palaces of other princes elsewhere have been eliminated! Again, may we ask why?

We remember reading a leader in one of our esteemed local journals which was headed "Authorities Active," and yet we were informed immediately afterwards that they were not. The same "authority" suggested that certain Ministries should be told to co-operate in dealing with relief work, but when the heads of the Ministries named were actually appointed members of a special Royal Commission, it did not apparently give satisfaction, because the men appointed were "busy men." Apparently then, what is wanted is a sort of "Flood Dictator," who must not be "a busy man" to begin with. I hope I have got it right? If so, then the problem is to find the right man for the job; and he must be a person who is not already "a busy man," which would point to some man at present out of a job. So far as it occurs to my limited intelligence, it would appear that, in a country like Siam where the amusing game of Party Politics does not exist (except in the Chinese sense of the term, which means in plain English "every man for himself and the devil take the hindmost"), the best men to organise such relief work effectively are—or should be—already found in the ranks of the Government. But we gather, from what has been vaguely hinted at by the people who seem to know things, that there exist outside the government's active service some person or persons who would be suitable as "Flood Dictators," or as a body of "Flood Controllers," or something of the kind. But the name or names of such person or persons have been eliminated by our informant. May we ask why?—Modesty, we presume? Well, well!

I was really going on to say something more, but have received a hint that it would be better to eliminate the rest of my remarks; therefore please do not blame me if I fail to tell you my own pet candidate for the post of "Flood Dictator." You see, his name would probably have been censored (which I understand is the technical

THE Great War.

Russia.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

London, Nov. 15.

The Leninists are holding out only in a small part of Petrograd, otherwise the whole of Russia is in the hands of the Provisional Government.

General Kaledin is Dictator in Southern Russia.

The order of the Provisional Government is being signed by Kerensky, Korniloff and Kaledin.

The Allied Embassies are now in touch with Kerensky.

The Cossacks destroyed the Red Guard which was the Chief Leninist Regiment.

The population of Petrograd is now tearing down the Leninist proclamations.

French Politics.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

London, Nov. 15.

Paris:—The Government has resigned.

(HAVAS TELEGRAM.)

Paris, Nov. 14.

President Poincaré has consulted with the politicians. It is believed that the crisis will be brief the Senate has removed the parliamentary privilege of Senator Humbert.

The Italian Front.

(HAVAS TELEGRAM.)

Paris, Nov. 12.

The situation on the Italian front remains the same. Resistance has been organised on Piave. The more serious menace is found in the flank attacks. The Italians have repulsed the enemy from certain positions.

Paris, Nov. 13.

The Italians are resisting heroically on the line of the Piave.

M. Venizelos.

(HAVAS TELEGRAM.)

Paris, Nov. 12.

M. Venizelos has had a lengthy interview with Mr. Lloyd-George and M. M. Painlevé and Barthou.

Success in East Africa.

(HAVAS TELEGRAM.)

Paris, Nov. 12.

East Africa Official:—The English columns in the southwest repulsed the enemy towards the east.

The Russian Situation.

(HAVAS TELEGRAM.)

Paris, Nov. 12.

Petrograd:—The loyal Russian regiments have occupied Tsarkoselo. The rebels have retired on Petrograd. The Moscow garrison affirms its fidelity. Compiloff has arrived in Moscow and Kaledine has been proclaimed chief of all the Cossacks.

Paris, Nov. 13.

The situation in Petrograd is obscure owing to lack of official news. Kerensky is said to have defeated the Maximalists at Tsarkoselo. During the course of the fights at Moscow and Petrograd there were 150 killed.

The Kaiser.

(HAVAS TELEGRAM.)

Paris, Nov. 12.

The Kaiser has arrived on the Italian Front.

Help to Italy.

(HAVAS TELEGRAM.)

Paris, Nov. 12.

M. Painlevé gave a *dejeuner* in honour of Mr. Lloyd George and Signor Bere-nini the Italian Minister. M. Painlevé spoke affirming that the aid given to Italy would not be inferior to the greatness of the peril.

term for "eliminated") by the Editor in any case. And, when I come to think of it myself, I think it is after all for the best that the name should remain eliminated. I think it makes it more exciting and exhilarating to leave people guessing. Don't you?

M. Painlevé Speaks.

(HAVAS TELEGRAM.)

Paris, Nov. 13.

In the Chamber M. Painlevé read a declaration reporting recent events in Russia and Italy which called for immediate measures. The French and English had immediately come to the aid of the Italians. He said it is necessary to place all the resources of the Allies in common. For this an inter-Allied War Committee had been constituted which will define the general policy but will not be an executive agency. The Government is meditating a new extension of the English front. Germany is making a desperate effort and it is necessary to oppose it by an equivalent effort. M. Painlevé ended by saying that hours of crisis are inevitable in a war of such duration. It is necessary to have confidence because four-fifths of the civilised world are with us for the sacred triumph of international union.

Steel Patriotism.

U. S. Price-Fixing Triumph

A gigantic experiment in price fixing is announced. After months of discussion an agreement has been reached between the War Industries Board and the American steel producers establishing uniform prices for steel, whether sold to the United States Government, the Governments of the Allies, or the American public.

These prices effect reductions from the inordinate rates quoted in the open market of from 43 per cent. in the case of pig iron to 70.5 per cent. in the case of steel plates. They will prevail without revision until January 1, 1918, and in the meantime producers contract to refrain from any attempts to interfere with existing schedules of wages.

The arrangement is regarded as a triumph for national patriotism, and is greeted everywhere as the only effective alternative to Government commandering of the entire industry.

"If steel thus meets the demands of patriotism," exclaims the New York World, "where is the combination that can withstand its example?"

Henceforth the entire output of American steel plants will be distributed under the supervision of the War Board, which, exercising the powers of deciding priority of transportation given it by Congress, will apportion it in a way that will best meet the requirements of the war.

The Government experts declare that the new prices ensure "a handsome profit" to large steel producing plants, and that even the small producers ought to be able to continue in business without difficulty.

FOR the first time in well over half a century the eminent position of Lord Mayor of London will be filled by a member of the Stock Exchange. Mr. Charles Augustin Hanson, M. P., who is due to be elected having joined the House in 1890 and being a member of the well-known firm of Coates, Son and Co.

The last occasion on which the Stock Exchange supplied London's Chief Magistrate was in 1858, when Sir Robert Carden was elected.

KING Gustavus, of Sweden, is the great-grandson of Bernadotte, Napoleon's famous marshal, who, born the son of a Paul lawyer, ascended the Swedish throne in 1818 and was the only Napoleonic king who contrived to keep his crown. King Gustavus is, therefore, French by descent, but marriage has brought him much German blood. The Queen of Sweden was a princess of Baden, and her mother is a Prussian. The Crown Princess is English, the daughter of the Duke of Connaught, and first cousin of the King.

Says the "China Mail" (Hongkong). Mr. Stephens, appearing for the plaintiff in a claim for £150, asked his Lordship, Mr. Justice Gompertz, that a day should be fixed, without further delay, for the hearing of the case, preferably Monday next, Mr. Gardiner, for the defendant, objected.

His Lordship:—Will Tuesday suit you, Mr. Gardiner?

Mr. Gardiner:—No, Your Lordship. His Lordship:—Will Wednesday do?

Mr. Gardiner:—No, Your Lordship. His Lordship:—Well then, say Thursday, will that do?

Mr. Gardiner:—No, Your Lordship. His Lordship:—What are you doing on those days?

Mr. Gardiner:—Nothing.

Mr. Justice Gompertz very considerably refrained from putting obstacles in the way of Mr. Gardiner's vacation, and put the case down for hearing on Friday.

WHY IT SELLS.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is the largest selling cough medicine in the world today, because it does exactly what a cough remedy is supposed to do. It stops the cough by curing the cold, and does it speedily and effectually. For sale by The British Dispensary.

Narrow Escape of Austrian Emperor.

("S. O." SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

Singapore, Nov. 15.

A Gorizia telegram relates the narrow escape of the Austrian Emperor while crossing a torrent. The motor car broke down and a footman and a soldier who were carrying the monarch fell and all were swept over the weir. Prince Felix arriving plunged in accompanied by his suite and rescued the emperor who was constantly submerging.

Rainfall.

We have received the following telegraphic reports of rainfall from the Department of Agriculture, Ministry of Lands and Agriculture.

KRUNG DEB.

At Samadaparak Nov. 11 15.2 mm.

MONDOL KRUNG KAO.

At Ayudhya	Nov. 10	3.2
" Singhaburi	" 10	12.9
" Saraburi	" 10	17.0
" Lobburi	" 10	22.0

MONDOL RAJABURI.

At Bejraburi	Nov. 10	287.1
" Samnda Songram	" 10	165.6
" Bejraburi	" 11	17.7
" Samnda Songram	" 12	6.9

MONDOL PRACHIN.

At Julburi Nov. 10 26.5

MONDOL NAGOR SVARGA.

At Udaya	Nov. 12	21.9
" Kambaeng Bagra	" 12	37.5

THE Kaiser's latest telegram, in which he speaks of the loyalty of the German nation "indissolubly bound to its ancestral princes," reminds one irresistibly of the occasion on which Mr. Gladstone said that the English people "seems to have become attached to the income tax." Asked for an explanation, the G. O. M. went on: "When I say 'attached,' I do not mean as the bridegroom is attached to the bride, but as the captive is attached to the care of his conqueror." So, also, there are two ways of being "indissolubly bound."

British Flood Relief Fund.

H. B. M. Minister acknowledges with many thanks the receipt of the following amounts:—

Previously acknowledged. Total 13,387.84

November 15, 1917.

	Ticals.
Henri Laurent	25.00
Dr. George B. McFarland	100.00
Mrs. MacDonald	25.00
G. E. Allen	100.00
Loh Kye Juay	120.00
E. Wyon Smith	50.00
D. M. Horn & Co.	1,000.00
Anon.	100.00
B. R. Gaudart	15.00
Thomas H. Pollard	100.00
Chas H. Ramsay	21.00
Asiatic Petroleum Co. (Siam) Ltd.	2,000.00

Per British American

Tobacco Co. Ltd.	50.00
Kim Thye Ngiam	50.00
Yong Hah Hong	50.00
Seng Lee Huat	50.00
Hah Lee	50.00
Chin Sang	50.00
Teck Heng	50.00
Choon Hoa	50.00
Koa Seng	50.00
Kooi Mong	50.00
Huat Chye	50.00
Nam Seng	50.00
Kwang Chiang	40.00
Ngram Hah Hen	50.00
Joo Hoo Lee	50.00
Chia Huat	50.00
Seng Thye	50.00
Kim Lee Chua	50.00
Anon.	25.00
Proshaw F. Marma	100.00
Ticals.	4,621

Brought forward 13,387.84

Total Ticals 18,068.84

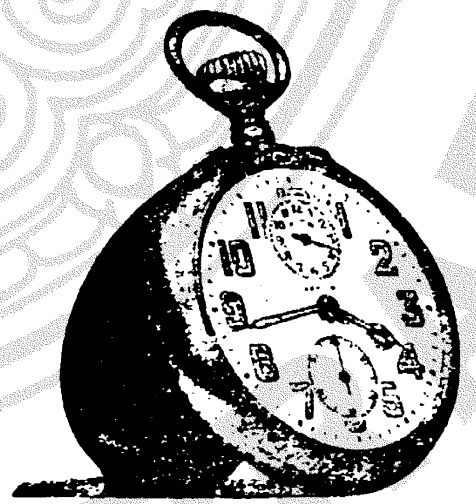
THE Tokyo Government recently announced that an agreement has been entered into, whereby Japan agrees to float for Russia a loan of Y55,667,000, on condition that the whole of the loan is taken up by the Japanese Treasury and not placed on the open market for subscription. The loan is to be repaid in a year and to bear interest at six per cent. per annum. Of the loan, Y50,000,000 will be covered by the receipts obtained by the Treasury from the issue of Exchange Bonds, and the remaining Y5,667,000 will be taken up by the Treasury.



S. A. B.

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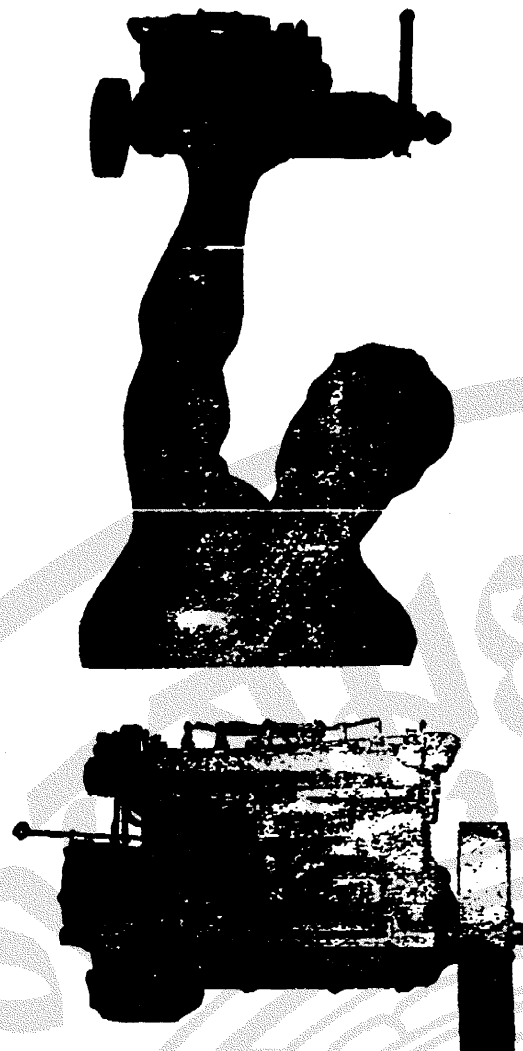
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KERMATH12 H.P. 16 H.P. and 20 H.P.
IN STOCK.**Siam Import Co., Ltd.****Sikak Phya Sri-City.****British Control of Cables.****How Germany Has Benefited.**

The disclosure that Sweden has repeatedly placed her diplomatic cable facilities at home and abroad at Germany's disposal, and that Germany has used them to direct her submarine campaign, cannot but raise many and contentious issues.

There is an aspect of our "blockade" of Germany which has been insufficiently considered. It consists in this—that all cable communications between not only Germany and her allies, but between all the adjacent neutral countries, on the one hand, and the outer world of Asia, the United States, and South America, on the other, are in our possession or the possession of our Allies.

Any cable map of the world will confirm this statement. The majority of the German cables started from near Emden and landed on our own east coast. Others ran to the Azores and thence to New York; to Tenerife and thence to Monrovia, in Liberia, and thence again to German Cameroon and to Pernambuco, in Brazil; and to Vigo, in Spain. One need hardly speculate on the fate that overtook these cables on the declaration of war or inquire whether a single one of them is, or has been since August, 1914, available for business.

On Germany's eastern frontier Russia, and on her western France, present for the length of their respective territories a sheer dead wall through which no communications can penetrate. Switzerland for these purposes is equally out of the question. Through Greece, even as Greece was under the Constantine regime, and through Turkey the Germans could only get in touch with countries across the Atlantic by means of British cables. Through Italy, even in the days of Italian neutrality, they were restricted in the same way to French or British lines.

Position of Northern Neutrals.

There remain, then, the small Northern lands. But in their case, too, the way is blocked. All the Dutch cables, all the Danish cables with one exception, which runs to France, all the Norwegian cables, and all the Swedish cables come to England. No one in Holland, Denmark, Norway or Sweden can send or receive a cablegram except with our permission. We are absolute masters of the cable communications of Germany, of her allies, and of all the near-by neutral States through which she and they have been drawing supplies.

What use have we made of our power?

At the beginning of the war, exercising the rights reserved to us under the International Telegraph and Radio Telegraph Conventions, we announced the suspension of all cable and wireless services "to and from or in transit through" the United Kingdom, all British possessions, and all British protectorates whatsoever. At the same time, and specifically as an "act of grace," we declared that messages might be transmitted via the United Kingdom if they were written in plain language in either French or English, if they were dispatched at the sender's risk and bore his full name and that of the addressee, and if they were passed by the censorship.

But we also added that, even if all these conditions were complied with, the messages might still be stopped, delayed, or otherwise dealt with at the discretion of the British authorities, without notice to the sender and without incurring any liability of any kind. In other words, we have, and have always had, an absolutely free hand. Legally and morally, at any moment we choose, we have the right and the power to cut off completely all cabled messages that pass between Germany's neighbours who are feeding and supplying her and the countries overseas from which they draw goods and products.

Main Artery of Trade.

It is doubtful whether at any time we could have reinforced our naval "blockade" more effectively than by exercising this right. To sever cable communications is to cut the main artery of such trade—and as we all know it was a valuable and, indeed, an indispensable trade—as Germany was able to carry on through neutral intermediaries with the United States before America joined the Allies. It would be too much to say that if you cannot cable you cannot trade. But it is certain that, unless the quick and surest means of communication are open to you, you can only trade with the greatest difficulty and delay, by roundabout routes, and in an atmosphere of perpetual uncertainty. It is true that Germany has had her wireless service direct to the United States. But its capacity is limited, its operation, especially in summer time, is uncertain, all messages transmitted by it can be tapped, and it probably could not in any circumstances have borne more than a quarter of the business that was being transacted by German agents in the small Northern Kingdoms with their Transatlantic customers throughout the period of American neutrality.

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control. We built up an extremely efficient intelligence service to keep watch over the ins and outs of the "blockade." Speaking broadly, we have for a long time known pretty nearly everything there was to be known about Germany's war time trading methods. The names of her agents in Holland, Denmark, Norway and Sweden, the firms with which they did business in the United States and elsewhere, the disguises in which their connection with Germany is wrapped up, the tricks and false accents adopted in ordering goods—all this has been no secret from our authorities.

Knowledge Not Acted Upon.

I said just now that we have always had both the right and the power to put a stop to all cable messages between German representatives in Holland and Scandinavia and their clients and customers across the ocean. As a matter of fact, we have not so enforced it. The great bulk of Germany's overseas trade has been carried on not merely with our connivance, but with our assistance. Our censorship of the cables has been conducted more with an eye to neutral susceptibilities than with an eye to preventing goods from reaching the enemy. It has been too much of a political and too little of a belligerent censorship; and while the entry of the United States into the war has immensely eased and simplified the situation, there are still many loopholes in the "blockade" that can only be stopped by stopping the cables.

That neutral Powers have allowed their diplomatic and Consular services and their privileges of official communication by cipher cablegrams to be used by the Germans as a war weapon has long been suspected by our authorities in some cases and known as a fact in others. But it has been concealed from the public. Now, however, that the game has been exposed, and now that the United States is actively and fervently on the side of the Allies, it would seem as though the last excuse had been removed for not depriving neutral Governments as well as neutral individuals of the ability to work the cable services of the world to the benefit of the enemy and to our own and our Allies' detriment.

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LONDON

(Bowring & Co. New York Correspondent.) DESIRE to appoint LOCAL REPRESENTATIVES in SIAM in connection with their Import and export department (Produce, General Merchandise, etc.) Established British firms preferred. Apply direct to London, giving fullest details and credentials.

30-23 N. Tues. Fri.

Indescribable Devastation by the Huns.

Speaking of the terrible devastations wrought by the Hun in France and Belgium, Sir Edward Carson said: Just as no written account gives a true notion of the magnificent work our men are doing in Flanders and in France, so, too, no written account can enable one to conceive the frightful devastation that has been wrought by the Germans," he said with emphasis. "You may read of desolated and ruined churches, of crumbled villages, of destroyed woods, of deserted fields pitted with water logged shell holes, but not the most vivid imagination can picture the reality which these phrases try to describe. Even when one stands on the ground itself, among thistles knee-deep and stretching in every direction as far as sight, aided by field glasses, can reach, and when one tries to thread one's way between holes, the smallest of which would hold a taxicab and the largest a church, it is difficult to believe that what looks like a vast expanse of rough moor or fen, covered with every conceivable kind of litter and filth, and without a sign of human habitation or human care, was until the coming of the Hun, a rich plateau of wheat and rye, of beet and potatoes, of hops and apples and plums, with bright little clusters of garden cottages, of which it is now difficult even to find a trace by searching among the rank weeds for the lime and brick dust that alone mark the site of former prosperous village life. My one regret is that this abominable of desolation cannot be witnessed by every Englishman, if there be any such who for one moment tolerate the idea of a peace without full reparation. This wilderness cannot, at all events for some generations to come, be made to blossom again like the rose. It will probably be afforested, if it can be sufficiently levelled even for such use."

Victims of the German.

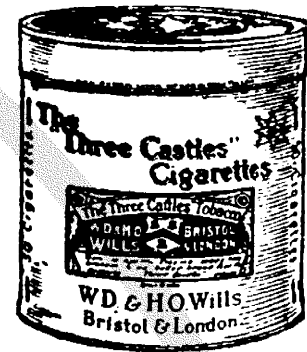
What is to become of its former inhabitants no one knows. Many families have disappeared altogether. The men have been killed; the women who survived have been deported. In other cases they are refugees to other parts of France, where they have managed to find some sort of subsistence, and where they will probably remain permanently. Occasionally some owners are allowed to make a temporary return to search for possessions buried, perhaps, in garden or orchard, but which are but rarely to be found, since it is almost impossible to determine even the site of any particular plot of ground now merged in the surrounding wilderness. Germany has suffered none of this terrible devastation, and has had the advantage of carrying on this destructive work on the soil of Belgium and France along the Western front. No reparation can ever make good what Germany's crime against humanity has destroyed, but no one can witness the work of the Hun without vowing that the reparation shall be as complete as France and her Allies can exact from the despoiler."

W. D. & H. O. WILLS.

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OHANDABURI
Saturday 17th 10 a.m. s.s. Krat
MONDHOLO PATTANI.
Saturday 17th 10 a.m. s.s. Boribai

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LONDON—
Bank Bills, demand 1/6 13/82
Bank Bills, 3 months' sight —
PARIS—
Bank Bills, demand 206
GERMANY—
Bank Bills, demand —
NEW YORK—
Bank Bills, demand U. S. A. 86
INDIA—
Bank Bills, demand 100
SINGAPORE—
Bank Bills, demand \$63 1/2
HONGKONG—
Bank Bills, demand \$ 52
YOKOHAMA & KOBE—
Bank Bills, demand ¥ 70
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TIME TABLE.

PAKNAM—BANGKOK.					BANGKOK—PAKNAM				
Stations.	Train No.				Stations.	Train No.			
	1	2	3	4		1	2	3	4
	a.m.	a.m.	p.m.	p.m.		a.m.	a.m.	p.m.	p.m.
Paknam Dep.	6.30	9.30	12.45	3.45	Bangkok Dep.	7.45	10.45	2.00	5.00
*Maha Wong ..	6.35	9.35	12.50	3.50	Sala Deng ..	7.52	10.52	2.07	5.07
*Ban Nang ..	6.40	9.40	12.55	3.55	Klong Toi ..	8.00	11.00	2.15	5.15
Chorakhe ..	6.45	9.45	1.00	4.00	*Ban Kluei ..	8.05	11.05	2.20	5.20
*Samrong ..	6.50	9.50	1.05	4.05	Prakonong ..	8.10	11.10	2.25	5.25
Bangna ..	6.55	9.55	1.10	4.10	Bangdjak ..	8.15	11.15	2.30	5.30
Bangdjak ..	7.00	10.00	1.15	4.15	*Bangna ..	8.20	11.20	2.35	5.35
*Prakonong ..	7.05	10.05	1.20	4.20	Samrong ..	8.25	11.25	2.40	5.40
*Ban Kluei ..	7.10	10.10	1.25	4.25	Chorakhe ..	8.30	11.30	2.45	5.45
Klong Toi ..	7.15	10.15	1.30	4.30	*Ban Nang ..	8.35	11.35	2.50	5.50
Sala Deng ..	7.23	10.23	1.38	4.38	*Maha Wong ..	8.40	11.40	2.55	5.55
Bangkok Arr.	7.30	10.30	1.45	4.45	Paknam Arr.	8.45	11.45	3.00	6.00

*Trains stop only at the request of passengers.
Trains may leave intermediate stations 5 minutes before the stated time

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The Women of France.

"They Make a Better Fist of Social Life."

Mr. John Galsworthy has recently been in France, and gives some interesting impressions in the Fortnightly Review.

"And the women of France! If the men are bound in that mysterious kinship, how much more so are the women! What is it in the Frenchwoman that makes her so utterly unique?"

"There is in her a kind of inherited, conservative, clever, dainty capability; no matter where you go in France, or in what class—country or town—you find it. She cannot waste she cannot spoil, she makes and shows—the best of everything. If I were asked for a concrete illustration of self-respect I should say—the Frenchwoman. It is a particular kind of self-respect, no doubt, very much limited to this world; and perhaps beginning to be a little frayed."

"No wonder the French are spiritual, a word so different from our 'spiritual,' for that they are not; pre-eminently citizens of this world—even the pious French. This is why, on the whole, they make a better fist of social life than we do, we misty islanders, only half alive because we set such store by our unrealised moralities."

"Not one Englishman in ten now really believes that he is going to live again, but his disbelief has not yet reconciled him to making the best of this life, or laid the ghosts of the beliefs he has outworn. Clear air and sun, but not so much as to produce action, have made in France clearer eyes, clearer brains, and touched souls with a cynicism. The French do not despise and neglect the means to ends. They face sexual realities. They know that to live well they must eat well, to eat well must cook well, to cook well must clean and cleverly cultivate their soil."

"France! Be warned in time by our dismal fate! Don't lose your love of the land; don't let industrialism absorb your peasantry, and the love of wealth, and the cheap glamour of the towns draw you into their uncharmed circles. We English have rattled deep into a paradise of machines, chimneys, cinemas, and halfpenny papers; have bartered our heritage of health, dignity, and looks for wealth, and badly distributed wealth at that."

"You were trembling on the verge of the same precipice when the war came; with its death and wind of restlessness the war bids fair to tip you over. Hold back with all your might. Your two dangers are drink and the lure of the big towns. No race can

preserve sanity and refinement that really gives way to these. You will not fare even as well as we have if you yield; our fibre is coarser and more resistant than yours, nor had we ever so much grace to lose. It is by grace and self-respect that you have had your pre-eminence."

The most aesthetic and perhaps most humiliating sight that a Westerner could see was seen by Mr. Galsworthy at Marseilles.

Two Arab Spahis walking down the main street in their long robe uniforms, white and red, their white linen bonnets bound with a dark tur and canting slightly backwards. Over six feet high, they moved unhurrying, smoking their cigarettes, turning their necks slowly from side to side like camels of the desert. Their brown, thin, bearded faces wore neither scorn nor interest, only a superb self-containment; but, beside them, every other specimen of the human race seemed cheap and negligible.

"God knows of what they were thinking—as little probably as the smoke they blew through their chiselled nostrils—but their beauty and

grace were unsurpassable. And, visioning our western and northern towns and the little, white, worried abattoirs they breed, one felt downcast and abashed."

The Rev. Albert Lowe, who has been acting as a chaplain at the front, narrated to a meeting at Norwich the following instance of the pluck and endurance of a wounded soldier. "Our doctor one night found a man in a shell hole with his leg shattered below the knee. The doctor said, 'Your leg ought to come off but I have no implements and no chloroform. Will you let me take it off with my pocket-knife?' All the man said was, 'Get on with it quick, doctor.' This was done, and the doctor remarked that he thought he had made a good job of it. Then a stretcher was brought up and the patient laid upon it. The mud was deep. A shell burst near by, and the man was blown off into a mud hole. They were groping about for him when a cheery voice was heard calling out: 'Oh, I can get on the stretcher all right!'"

Clergy to Fight.

A Divisional Court, composed of Mr. Justice Darling, Mr. Justice Ivory, and Mr. Justice Bailhache, in a West Hartlepool appeal case, decided that no minister or priest ordained or appointed later than 30 days after the passing of the Military Service Act, 1916, could claim exemption on the ground that he was in holy orders or a regular minister of a religious denomination.

Mr. Justice Darling said that at the expiry of the 30 days all eligible persons were deemed to have enlisted for service with the colours. Having acquired that statutory status a person could not by becoming a minister divest himself of it. It seemed remarkable that Parliament should have made such an enactment, because if the war lasted another 50 or 60 years there would be no priests or ministers left. Parliament could never have contemplated that such an inconvenience could arise.

The Act received the Royal Assent on January 27 and came into force on March 1, 1916.

A Poser for the Enemy.

Paris, Nov. 7.—Le Temps gives an authorised description of the British "hush hush" boats, a species of battle-cruisers. The two sizes have equal power and have been evolved from the experiences since 1915. They have long, low lying immense decks, fore and aft two tripod masts, and a squat castle amidships carrying enormous guns which can fire two shots a minute. They have a tapered yacht like stem for very high speed and can travel faster than the fleetest pre-war cruisers. They are rapidly turned out and are designed for surprise actions. They are torpedo-proof and their steadiness is indicated by the fact that they carry billiard tables.

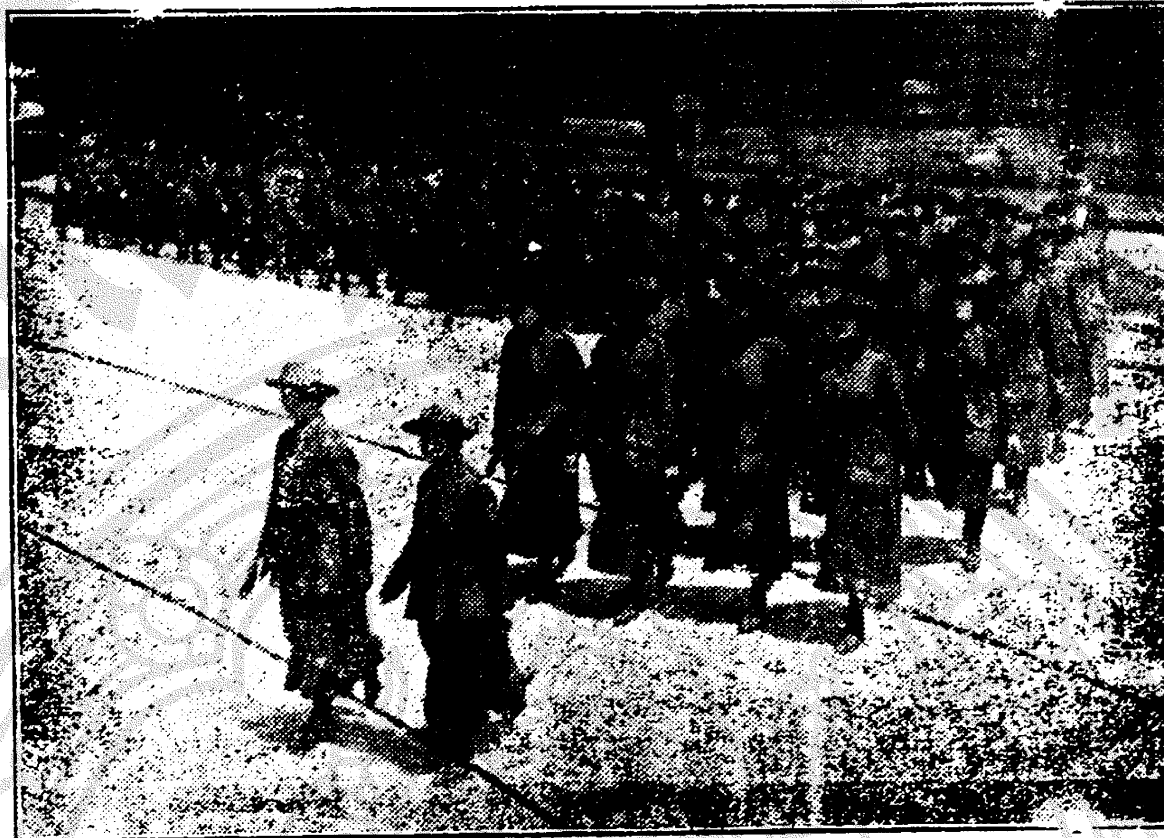
Tikari's Munificent Gift.

For a School for Indian Girls.

Bankipore, Sept. 29.—The Maharaj Kumar of Tikari has executed a deed of trust of his whole estate for the purpose of founding an institution for the education of Indian girls. The trustees appointed by the deed are the executors himself, Sir S. P. Sinha, the Raja of Mahmudabad, Mr. Sharfuddin, Dr. Sapro, Sir Ali Imam, Mr. Sachidananda Sinha, Mr. Hasan Imam, Mr. Projendra L. I., Rai Bahadur Harihar Prasad of Dhanurahi, Mr. Chas. Andrews and the Maharaj's Sita Devi of Tikari. A meeting of the trustees will be held at Gaya in October, when the Maharaj Kumar will address and wish them god speed. The dependant members of the family and others connected with the Maharaj Kumar have been amply provided for and all the liabilities of the estate are duly secured. The endowment is the most munificent in India since the present gross income of the estate is 13 lakhs of rupees yearly. With the careful management of the estate it is hoped the institution will have a yearly income of about Rs. 10,00,000. The scheme is for a strictly purdah residential institution, where girls will be trained and educated on best modern principles from the tender age of 5 till eighteen. There will be no question of caste or creed. Sir Ali Imam is about to execute a deed of gift of 50 bighas of land worth Rs. 40,000, which will probably be the site for the institution. The Lieutenant-Governor has expressed his sympathy with the object.

EARLY COLDS.

Be careful of the colds you take at this time of the year. They are particularly dangerous. A neglected cold may mean a winter-long cold. Take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy at once. For sale by The British Dispensary.

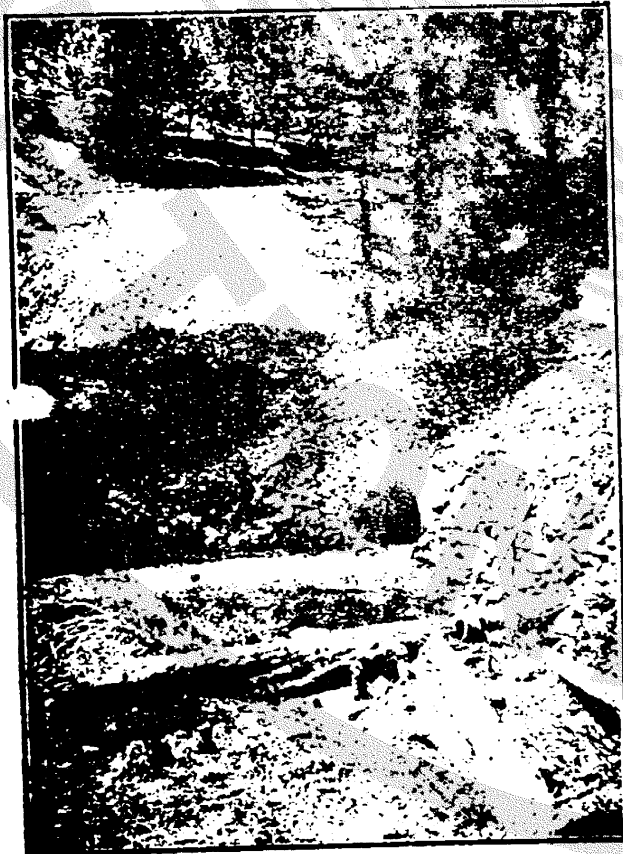


OFFICIAL PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN ON THE BRITISH WESTERN FRONT.
Work of the W. A. A. C. in France—Shows how well they march.

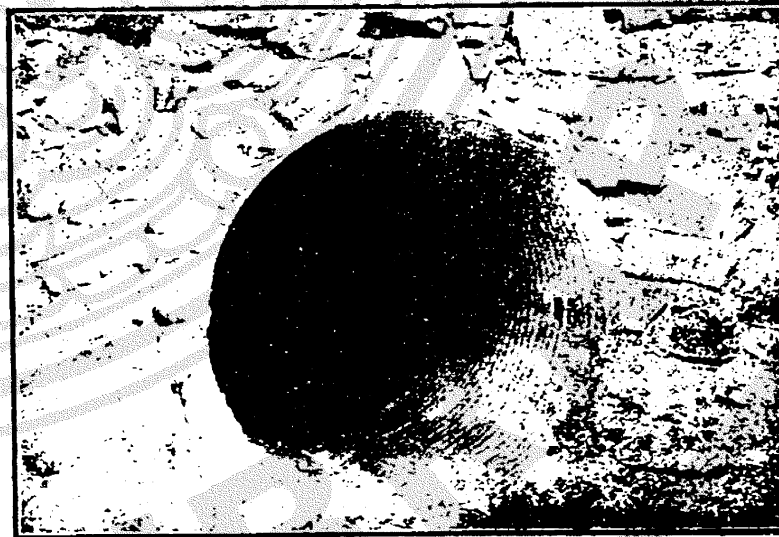
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